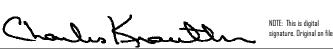
REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 40 Courtland Street NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 • fax:404.463.3105 • www.atlantaregional.com

DATE: Oct 28 2007

ARC REVIEW CODE: R709291

Chairman Charles Bannister TO: **ATTN TO:** Jeff West, Planning Manager FROM: Charles Krautler, Director



The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) has completed regional review of the following Development of Regional Impact (DRI). Below is the ARC finding. The Atlanta Regional Commission reviewed the DRI with regard to conflicts to regional plans, goals, and policies and impacts it might have on the activities, plans, goals, and policies of other local jurisdictions and state, federal, and other agencies. The finding does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the local government.

Submitting Local Government: Gwinnett County Name of Proposal: Villa More

Review Type: Development of Regional Impact

Date Opened: Sep 28 2007

Date Closed: Oct 28 2007

FINDING: After reviewing the information submitted for the review, and the comments received from affected agencies, the Atlanta Regional Commission finding is that the DRI is in the best interest of the Region, and therefore, of the State.

Additional Comments: The proposed Steve Reynolds Blvd High Rise development is a mixed use development that meets several of ARC's Regional Development Policies. The proposed development is located within the mega corridor along Interstate 85 on the Atlanta Region Unified Growth Policy Map. Mega corridors are defined as the most intensely radial corridors in the region.

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ARC LAND USE PLANNING ARC DATA RESEARCH GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES CITY OF DUI UTH DEKALB COUNTY

ARC TRANSPORTATION PLANNING ARC AGING DIVISION GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **GWINNETT COUNTY SCHOOLS**

ARC ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY CITY OF NORCROSS

If you have any questions regarding this review, Please call Haley Fleming, Review Coordinator, at (404) 463–3311. This finding will be published to the ARC website.

The ARC review website is located at: http://www.atlantaregional.com/landuse .

FINAL REPORT SUMMARY

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT:

The proposed Villa More is a 9.5 acre mixed use development in Gwinnett County. The proposed development will consist of 324 condominiums, 105,000 square feet of retail, 57,000 square feet of office, and a 300 room hotel. The proposed devleopment is located along the west side of Steve Reynolds Blvd and the north side of Shackleford Road. The proposed development was originally reviewed in 2005 as the Steve Reynolds Blvd High Rise, also known as Belle Verde, located on the opposite side of Shackleford Road along Steve Reynolds Blvd.

PROJECT PHASING:

The project is being proposed in one phase with a project build out date for 2011.

GENERAL

According to information on the review form or comments received from potentially affected governments:

Is the proposed project consistent with the host-local government's comprehensive plan? If not, identify inconsistencies.

The project site is currently zoned C-3. The proposed zoning for the site is HRR (high rise residential) and C-3. Information submitted for the review states that the proposed zoning is consistent with Gwinnett County's Future Land Use Map which designates the area as a major activity center and commercial/retail district.

Is the proposed project consistent with any potentially affected local government's comprehensive plan? If not, identify inconsistencies.

No comments were received identifying inconsistencies with any potentially local government's comprehensive plan.

Will the proposed project impact the implementation of any local government's short-term work program? If so, how?

No comments were received concerning impacts to the implementation of any local government's short term work program.

Will the proposed project generate population and/or employment increases in the Region? If yes, what would be the major infrastructure and facilities improvements needed to support the increase?



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

Yes, the proposed development would increase the need for services in the area for existing and future residents.

What other major development projects are planned near the proposed project?

The ARC has reviewed other major development projects, known as Area Plan (1984 to1991) or as a DRI (1991 to present), within a three mile radius of the proposed project.

YEAR	NAME
2006	Steve Reynolds Blvd High Rise
1998	Opus South
1998	Sweetwater Apartments
1996	Wesley Place Apartments
1995	Satellite Mixed Use Development
1990	Breckinridge Place
1989	Gwinnett Commerce Center
1988	Koger Center of Gwinnett
1988	Hampton Green- Revised
1988	Venture Point
1986	Hampton Green

Will the proposed project displace housing units or community facilities? If yes, identify and give number of units, facilities, etc.

Based on information submitted for the review, the site is currently undeveloped.

Will the development cause a loss in jobs? If yes, how many?

No.

Is the proposed development consistent with regional plans and policies?

The proposed Steve Reynolds Blvd High Rise development is a mixed use development that meets several of ARC's Regional Development Policies. The proposed development is located within the mega corridor along Interstate 85 on the Atlanta Region Unified Growth Policy Map. Mega corridors are defined as the most intensely radial corridors in the region.

The proposed development is increasing mixed use development in a fast growing part of the region. The ARC forecasts significant population and employment growth in central Gwinnett County over the next 25 years. ARC forecasts a population of over 233,000 residents in central Gwinnett County and an employment base of greater than 171,000 jobs. Overall, Gwinnett County's population is forecasted by the ARC to be just under one million and a total employment base for the County of over half a million jobs by 2030. The incorporation of higher density housing with convenient access to



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

neighborhood services and the regional transportation network is essential to accommodating the expected growth efficiently.

Site access along Steve Reynolds Boulevard should be carefully examined and considered as the site plan is revised and reviewed by Gwinnett County. There is concern of the proximity of the right-in/right-out access on Steve Reynolds to the Interstate 85 off ramp, the intersection of Steve Reynolds and Shackleford Road, and the associated vehicle movements. It is recommended that the developer work with Gwinnett County to determine alternatives to accessing the site to alleviate concerns raised during the review.

FINAL REPORT

Regional Development Plan Policies

- 1. Provide sustainable economic growth in all areas of the region.
- 2. Encourage new homes and jobs within existing developed areas of the region, focusing on principal transportation corridors, the Central Business District, activity centers, and town centers.
- Increase opportunities for mixed use development, transit-oriented development, infill, and redevelopment. 3.
- 4. At strategic regional locations, plan and retail industrial and freight land uses.
- 5. Design transportation infrastructure to protect the context of adjoining development and provide a sense of place appropriate for our communities.
- 6. Promote the reclamation of Brownfield development sites.
- 7. Protect the character and integrity of existing neighborhoods, while also meeting the needs of communities to grow.
- 8. Encourage a variety of homes styles, densities, and price ranges in locations that are accessible to jobs and services to ensure housing for individuals and families of all incomes and age groups.
- 9. Promote new communities that feature greenspace and neighborhood parks, pedestrian scale, support transportation options, and provide an appropriate mix of uses and housing types.
- 10. Promote sustainable and energy efficient development.
- 11. Protect environmentally-sensitive areas including wetlands, floodplains, small water supply watersheds, rivers and stream corridors.
- 12. Increase the amount, quality, and connectivity, and accessibility of greenspace.
- 13. Provide strategies to preserve and enhance historic resources
- 14. Through regional infrastructure planning, limit growth in undeveloped areas of the region
- 15. Assist local governments to adopt growth management strategies that make more efficient use of existing infrastructure.
- 16. Inform and involve the public in planning at regional, local, and neighborhood levels.
- 17. Coordinate local policies and regulations to support Regional Policies
- 18. Encourage the development of state and regional growth management policy.

BEST LAND USE PRACTICES

Practice 1: Keep vehicle miles of travel (VMT) below the area average. Infill developments are the best at accomplishing this. The more remote a development the more self contained it must be to stay below the area average VMT.

Practice 2: Contribute to the area's jobs-housing balance. Strive for a job-housing balance with a three to five mile area around a development site.



Practice 3: Mix land uses at the finest grain the market will bear and include civic uses in the mix. Practice 4: Develop in clusters and keep the clusters small. This will result in more open space preservation. Practice 5: Place higher-density housing near commercial centers, transit lines and parks. This will enable more walking, biking and transit use.

Practice 6: Phase convenience shopping and recreational opportunities to keep pace with housing. These are valued amenities and translate into less external travel by residents if located conveniently to housing. Practice 7: Make subdivisions into neighborhoods with well-defined centers and edges. This is traditional development.

Practice 8: Reserve school sites and donate them if necessary to attract new schools. This will result in neighborhood schools which provide a more supportive learning environment than larger ones.

Practice 9: Concentrate commercial development in compact centers or districts, rather than letting it spread out in strips.

Practice 10: Make shopping centers and business parks into all-purpose activity centers. Suburban shopping centers and their environs could be improved by mixing uses and designing them with the pedestrian amenities of downtowns.

Practice 11: Tame auto-oriented land uses, or at least separate them from pedestrian-oriented uses. Relegate "big box" stores to areas where they will do the least harm to the community fabric.

BEST TRANSPORTATION PRACTICES

Practice 1: Design the street network with multiple connections and relatively direct routes.

Practice 2: Space through-streets no more than a half-mile apart or the equivalent route density in a curvilinear network.

Practice 3: Use traffic-calming measures liberally. Use short streets, sharp curves, center islands, traffic circles, textured pavements, speed bumps and raised crosswalks.

Practice 4: Keep speeds on local streets down to 20 mph.

Practice 5: Keep speeds on arterials and collectors down to 35 mph (at least inside communities).

Practice 6: Keep all streets as narrow as possible and never more than four traffic lanes wide. Florida suggests access streets 18 feet, subcollectors 26 feet, and collectors from 28 feet to 36 feet depending on lanes and parking. Practice 7: Align streets to give buildings energy-efficient orientations. Allow building sites to benefit from sun angles, natural shading and prevailing breezes.

Practice 8: Avoid using traffic signals wherever possible and always space them for good traffic progression. Practice 9: Provide networks for pedestrians and bicyclists as good as the network for motorists.

Practice 10: Provide pedestrians and bicyclists with shortcuts and alternatives to travel along high-volume streets. Practice 11: Incorporate transit-oriented design features.

Practice 12: Establish TDM programs for local employees. Ridesharing, modified work hours, telecommuting and others.

BEST ENVIRONMENTAL PRACTICES

Practice 1: Use a systems approach to environmental planning. Shift from development orientation to basins or ecosystems planning.

Practice 2: Channel development into areas that are already disturbed.

Practice 3: Preserve patches of high-quality habitat, as large and circular as possible, feathered at the edges and connected by wildlife corridors. Stream corridors offer great potential.

Practice 4: Design around significant wetlands.

Practice 5: Establish upland buffers around all retained wetlands and natural water bodies.

Practice 6: Preserve significant uplands, too.

Practice 7: Restore and enhance ecological functions damaged by prior site activities.

Practice 8: Detain runoff with open, natural drainage systems. The more natural the system the more valuable it will be for wildlife and water quality.

Practice 9: Design man-made lakes and stormwater ponds for maximum environmental value. Recreation, stormwater management, wildlife habitat and others.



Preliminary	Sept 28,
Report:	2007
Final Report	October 28,
Due:	2007

Practice 10: Use reclaimed water and integrated pest management on large landscaped areas. Integrated pest management involves controlling pests by introducing their natural enemies and cultivating disease and insect resistant grasses.

Practice 11: Use and require the use of XeriscapeTM landscaping. XeriscapingTM is water conserving landscape methods and materials.

BEST HOUSING PRACTICES

Practice 1: Offer "life cycle" housing. Providing integrated housing for every part of the "life cycle."

Practice 2: Achieve an average net residential density of six to seven units per acre without the appearance of crowding. Cluster housing to achieve open space.

Practice 3: Use cost-effective site development and construction practices. Small frontages and setbacks; rolled curbs or no curbs; shared driveways.

Practice 4: Design of energy-saving features. Natural shading and solar access.

Practice 5: Supply affordable single-family homes for moderate-income households.

Practice 6: Supply affordable multi-family and accessory housing for low-income households.

Practice 7: Tap government housing programs to broaden and deepen the housing/income mix.

Practice 8: Mix housing to the extent the market will bear.

LOCATION

Where is the proposed project located within the host-local government's boundaries?

The proposed project is located in Gwinnett County along the west side of Steve Reynolds Boulevard, and north of Shackleford Road.

Will the proposed project be located close to the host-local government's boundary with another local government? If yes, identify the other local government.

It is entirely within the Gwinnett County boundaries; however, it is approximately three miles from the City of Norcross and two miles from the City of Duluth.

Will the proposed project be located close to land uses in other jurisdictions that would benefit, or be negatively impacted, by the project? Identify those land uses which would benefit and those which would be negatively affected and describe impacts.

None were determined during the review; however, the proposed development is located adjacent to Louise Radloff Middle School.

ECONOMY OF THE REGION

According to information on the review form or comments received from potentially affected governments:

What new taxes will be generated by the proposed project?

Estimated value of the development is \$14,000,000 with an expected \$4,000,000 in annual local tax revenues.



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

How many short-term jobs will the development generate in the Region?

Short-term jobs will depend upon construction schedule.

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed project?

Yes.

In what ways could the proposed development have a positive or negative impact on existing industry or business in the Region?

None were determined during the review.

NATURAL RESOURCES

Will the proposed project be located in or near wetlands, groundwater recharge area, water supply watershed, protected river corridor, or other environmentally sensitive area of the Region? If yes, identify those areas.

Watershed Protection and Stream Buffers

The property is in the Yellow River watershed, and is not within any water supply watershed in the District or the Atlanta Region. The USGS coverage for the area shows no streams on the property. Any unmapped streams that may be on the property will be subject to Gwinnett County's stream buffer ordinance, which requires a 75-foot buffer along perennial and intermittent streams. Further, any state waters that may be on the property will be subject to the 25-foot Erosion and Sedimentation Act buffers, which are administered by the Environmental Protection Division of Georgia DNR.

Storm Water / Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality. During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements. After construction, water quality will be impacted due to polluted stormwater runoff. ARC has estimated the amount of pollutants produced after the construction of the entire proposed development, based on the submitted site plans. These estimates are based on some simplifying assumptions for typical pollutant loading factors (lbs/ac/yr). The loading factors are based on the results of regional storm water monitoring data from the Atlanta Region. Actual pollutant loadings will vary based on actual use and the amount of impervious surface in the final project design. The following table summarizes the results of the analysis.

Land Use:	Land Area (Acres)	Total Phosphorus	Total Nitrogen	BOD	TSS	Zinc	Lead
Commercial	9.53	16.30	165.82	1029.24	9367.99	11.72	2.10
TOTAL	9.53	16.30	165.82	1029.24	9367.99	11.72	2.10

Estimated Pounds of Pollutants Per Year

Total Percentage Impervious: 85%



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

In order to address post-construction stormwater runoff quality, the project should implement stormwater management controls (structural and/or nonstructural) as found in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (<u>www.georgiastormwater.com</u>) and meet the stormwater management quantity and quality criteria outlined in the Manual. Where possible, the project should utilize the stormwater better site design concepts included in the Manual.

HISTORIC RESOURCES

Will the proposed project be located near a national register site? If yes, identify site.

None have been identified.

In what ways could the proposed project create impacts that would damage the resource?

Not applicable.

In what ways could the proposed project have a positive influence on efforts to preserve or promote the historic resource?

Not applicable.

INFRASTRUCTURE Transportation

How many site access points will be associated with the proposed development? What are their locations?

The site will have one right-in/right-out (RIRO) access driveway along Steve Reynolds Boulevard, one RIRO access driveway along Shackleford Road and one full access driveway along Shackleford Road. The full access driveway along Shackelford Road will be shared with the Louise Radloff Middle School.

How much traffic (both average daily and peak am/pm) will be generated by the proposed project?

Gresham, Smith and Partners performed the transportation analysis. GRTA and ARC review staff agreed with the methodology and assumptions used in the analysis. The net trip generation is based on the rates published in the 7th edition of the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation report; they are listed in the following table:

Comments October 12, 2007 Due By:

Project:

Land Use	A.N	/I. Peak H	our	P.N	A. Peak H	lour	24-Hour
	Enter	Exit	2-Way	Enter	Exit	2-Way	2-Way
Condominium							
324 Units	23	120	143	113	55	168	1,899
Commercial/Shopping							
Center							
105,000 SF	66	42	108	189	205	394	4,509
Office							
57,000 SF	78	11	89	14	71	85	628
Hotel							
300 Rooms	102	66	168	93	84	177	2,451
Mixed-Use Reduction	-14	-14	-28	-51	-51	-102	-1,206
Alternative Mode Reduction	-5	-3	-8	-6	-6	-12	-139
Pass-By Reduction	-22	-14	-36	-64	-67	-313	-1,537
TOTAL NEW TRIPS	228	208	436	288	291	579	6,787

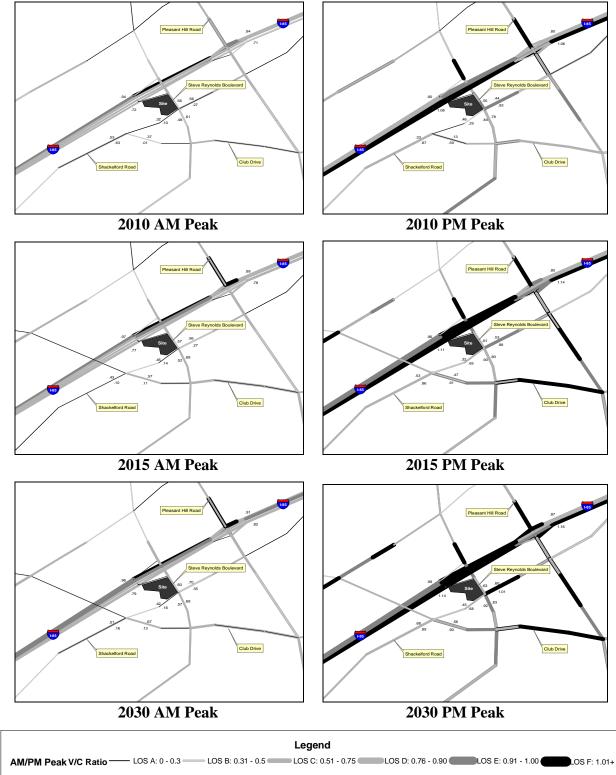
What are the existing traffic patterns and volumes on the local, county, state and interstate roads that serve the site?

Incorporating the trip generation results, the transportation consultant distributed the traffic on the current roadway network. An assessment of the existing Level of Service (LOS) and projected LOS based on the trip distribution findings helps to determine the study network. The results of this exercise determined the study network, which has been approved by ARC and GRTA. If analysis of an intersection or roadway results in a substandard LOS "D", then the consultant recommends improvements.

Projected traffic volumes from the Regional Travel Demand Model are compared to the assigned capacity of facilities within the study network. This data is used to calculate a volume to capacity (V/C) ratio. The V/C ratio values that define the LOS thresholds vary depending on factors such as the type of terrain traversed and the percent of the road where passing is prohibited. LOS A is free-flow traffic from 0 to 0.3, LOS B is decreased free-flow from 0.31 to 0.5, LOS C is limited mobility from 0.51 to 0.75, LOS D is restricted mobility from 0.76 to 0.9, LOS E is at or near capacity from 0.91 to 1.00, and LOS F is breakdown flow with a V/C ratio of 1.01 or above. As a V/C ratio reaches 0.8, congestion increases. The V/C ratios for traffic in various network years are presented in the following table. Any facilities that have a V/C ratio of 1.0 or above are considered congested.

Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

V/C Ratios



For the V/C ratio graphic, the data is based on 2005, 2010 and 2030 AM/PM peak volume data generated from ARC's 20county travel demand model utilizing projects from Mobility 2030 and the FY 2006-2011 TIP. The 20-county networks are being used since they consist of the most up to date transportation networks and data. The travel demand model



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

incorporates lane addition improvements and updates to the network as appropriate. As the life of the RTP progresses, volume and/or V/C ratio data may appear inconsistent due to (1) effect of implementation of nearby new or expanded facilities or (2) impact of socio-economic data on facility types.

List the transportation improvements that would affect or be affected by the proposed project.

2006-2011 TIP*

ARC Number	Route	Type of Improvement	Scheduled Completion Year
GW-302	Pleasant Hill Road ATMS from US 29 (Lawrenceville Highway) to Steve Reynolds Boulevard	ITS-Smart Corridor	2011
GW-309A	West Liddell Road / Club Drive Connector from Satellite Boulevard to Shackelford Road	General Purpose Roadway Capacity	2012
GW-309B	West Liddell Road / Club Drive Connector at I-85 North	Bridge Capacity	2015

2030 RTP*

ARC Number	Route	Type of Improvement	Scheduled Completion Year
AR-905A	I-85 North BRT from Doraville MARTA Station to Sugarloaf Parkway	Fixed Guideway Transit Capital	2025
AR-905B	I-85 North BRT from Doraville MARTA Station to Sugarloaf Parkway	Fixed Guideway Transit Capital	2025
GW-320	Shackelford Road / Breckinridge Boulevard / North Brown Road Connector ATMS from Steve Reynolds Boulevard to Old Peachtree Road	ITS-Smart Corridor	2030

*The ARC Board adopted the 2030 RTP and FY 2006-2011 TIP on June 8, 2007.

Summarize the transportation improvements as recommended by consultant in the traffic study for Villa More.

According to the findings, there will be some capacity deficiencies as a result of future year **background** traffic. The transportation consultant has made recommendations for improvements to be carried out in order to upgrade the existing level of service.

- Steve Reynolds Boulevard
 - Modify the westbound approach at the intersection with Shackleford Road to allow westbound right turn lanes out of the outside through lane. The lane usage would be a right, through-right and through for these movements. This improvement does not require additional roadway widening, but would require striping and traffic signal modifications.
 - Install an additional through lane southbound along Steve Reynolds Boulevard at the intersection with Club Drive. This lane can be provided by converting the existing southbound right turn lane into a shared through-right turn lane. Since the southbound right turn volume is relatively low there would still be ample capacity for the southbound right turn movement.



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

According to the findings, there will be some capacity deficiencies as a result of future year **total** traffic. The transportation consultant has made recommendations for improvements to be carried out in order to upgrade the existing level of service.

- Shackelford Road
 - Signalize the Shackleford Road / Shared Site Access intersection
 - Install a westbound right-turn lane at the East Site Access intersection
 - Install a southbound right-turn only lane exiting the site at the East Site Access intersection.
- Steve Reynolds Boulevard
 - Install a southbound right-turn lane at the intersection with the RIRO Access Driveway.
 - Install an eastbound right-turn only lane exiting the site at the RIRO Access Driveway.

Is the site served by transit? If so, describe type and level of service and how it will enhance or be enhanced by the presence of transit? Are there plans to provide or expand transit service in the vicinity of the proposed project?

Gwinnett County Transit (GCT) provides bus transit service in the study location vicinity. There are currently two bus routes that stop within ¼ mile of the site. Gwinnett County Transit Local Route 30 (Norcross/Technology Park area) stops at the Shackleford road / Club Drive intersection, approximately 0.22 miles southwest of the Villa More site.

Gwinnett County Transit Express route 102A (Gwinnett Place Mall) stops at the Shackleford Road / Pineland Road intersection, approximately 0.23 miles northeast of the Villa More site.

What transportation demand management strategies does the developer propose (carpool, flex-time, transit subsidy, etc.)?

None proposed.

The development **PASSES** the ARC's Air Quality Benchmark test.

Air Quality Impacts/Mitigation (based on ARC strategies)	Credits	Total
Where Residential is dominant, >15 units/ac		6%
Where Residential is dominant, 10% Retail or		
10% Office		4%
w/in 1/4 mile of Bus Stop (CCT, MARTA,		
Other)		3%
Bike/ped networks that meet Mixed Use or		
Density target and connect to adjoining uses		5%
Total		18%

What are the conclusions of this review? Is the transportation system (existing and planned) capable of accommodating these trips?

Based on the traffic analysis completed by Gresham, Smith and Partners and projected traffic volumes derived from the ARC Travel Demand Model (TDM), the transportation system is not fully capable of



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

accommodating the new trips generated by the proposed development and maintaining acceptable LOS standards at the studied intersections.

The ARC concludes that the improvements recommended in the traffic analysis are needed and should be implemented to maintain or improve LOS standards on surface streets in the vicinity of the proposed development.

The site plans for proposed DRI show excellent planned pedestrian and bicycle facilities. These facilities will allow pedestrian circulation within the site and the safe movement along Shackleford Road and Steve Reynolds Boulevard.

The ARC makes the following recommendations for the proposed development consistent with adopted local and regional plans:

- Provide sidewalks as shown on the submitted site plan.
 - The sidewalks along the public roads adjacent to the site should have a 5'-6' pedestrian right-of-way separated from the street by a 4' vegetative strip.
- Provide dedicated bicycle parking in the residential parking deck.
- Coordinate with Gwinnett County and adjacent land owners to extend sidewalks on Shackelford Road to the Club Drive intersection thereby enhancing pedestrian access to GCT Route 30.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Wastewater and Sewage

Based on regional averages, wastewater is estimated less than 0.18 MGD.

Which facility will treat wastewater from the project?

The Beaver Ruin facility will provide wastewater treatment for the proposed development.

What is the current permitted capacity and average annual flow to this facility?

The capacity of Beaver Ruin Site is listed below:

PERMITTED CAPACITY MMF, MGD 1	DESIGN CAPACITY MMF, MGD	2001 MMF, MGD	2008 MMF, MGD	2008 CAPACITY AVAILABLE +/-, MGD	PLANNED EXPANSION	REMARKS
4.5	4.5	4.46	4.5	0	None	

MMF: Maximum Monthly Flow. Mgd: million of gallons per day.



Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report Due:	October 28, 2007	<u>Review Report</u>	Comments Due By:	October 12, 2007

¹ Source: Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District **SHORT-TERM WASTEWATER CAPACITY PLAN**, August 2002.

What other major developments will be served by the plant serving this project?

ARC has reviewed a number of major developments that will be served by this plant.

INFRASTRUCTURE

Water Supply and Treatment

How much water will the proposed project demand?

Water demand also is estimated at 0.18 MGD based on regional averages.

How will the proposed project's demand for water impact the water supply or treatment facilities of the jurisdiction providing the service?

Information submitted with the review suggests that there is sufficient water supply capacity available for the proposed project.

INFRASTRUCTURE Solid Waste

How much solid waste will be generated by the project? Where will this waste be disposed?

Information submitted with the review 700 tons of solid waste per year and the waste will be disposed of in Gwinnett County.

Will the project create any unusual waste handling or disposal problems?

No.

Are there any provisions for recycling this project's solid waste?

None stated.

INFRASTRUCTURE Other facilities

According to information gained in the review process, will there be any unusual intergovernmental impacts on:

- Levels of governmental services?
- Administrative facilities?
- · Schools?

Preliminary Report:	Sept 28, 2007	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT	Project:	Villa More #1510
Final Report	October 28,	REVIEW REPORT	Comments	October 12, 2007
Due:	2007		Due By:	

- Libraries or cultural facilities?
- Fire, police, or EMS?
- Other government facilities?
- Other community services/resources (day care, health care, low income, non-English speaking, elderly, etc.)?

The proposed development could affect the following schools: Meadowcreek High School, Radloff Middle School, and Hopkins Elementary School. See comments attached at the end of this report.

HOUSING

Will the proposed project create a demand for additional housing?

No, the project will provide an additional 324 housing units that will include condominiums.

Will the proposed project provide housing opportunities close to existing employment centers?

No.

Is there housing accessible to the project in all price ranges demanded?

The site proposed for the development is located in Census Tract 505.17. This tract had a 17.8 percent increase in number of housing units from 2000 to 2006 according to ARC's Population and Housing Report. The report shows that 23 percent of the housing units are single-family, compared to 69 percent for the region; thus indicating a variety of housing options around the development area.

Is it likely or unlikely that potential employees of the proposed project will be able to find affordable* housing?

Likely, assuming the development is approved with multiple price ranges of housing.

* Defined as 30 percent of the income of a family making 80 percent of the median income of the Region – FY 2000 median income of \$51,649 for family of 4 in Georgia.

	Oct. 11	. 2007 10:14AM	No. 0846 P. 1
	ARC	REGIONAL REVIEW	NOTIFICATION
			á silo a hátili sa hitistí korena degla degla sua s
		DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL I	МРАСТ
	Y	DRI- REQUEST FOR COMME	INTS
	Regional Impact beyond the jurisd your comments of	he project described below has been submitted to this Regional Da (DRI). A DRI is a development of sufficient project of sufficient liction in which the project is actually located, such as adjoining cities on this proposed development in our DRI review process. Therefore form and give us your comments in the space provided. The complete rn deadline.	scale or importance that it is likely to have impacts s or neighboring counties. We would like to consider re, please review the information about the project
	Preliminary Findi	ings of the RDC: Villa More See the Preliminary Report.	· · ·
	Comments from a	affected party (attach additional sheets as needed):	
•		the above proposed	dere logment in; th
	ł	ret the following schoo	
•	ð	Magdowerer K HS	
	ø	hadloff MS	
		Hopkin ES	
	ी की <u>वि</u>	have attached our 5-yra	- forecast for these
	scho	ols. This included Capacit	Y, Ehrollmant, Over/Worden
	0-	city. Included as well is students from this devi	a projected number elopment.
	Individual Comple	eting form: Orreg Stanfield	
		"Guinnett Co. Public Schools lenning	Please Return this form to: Haley Fleming, Atlanta Regional Commission 40 Courtland Street NE Atlanta, GA 30303
-	Telephone: (G		Ph. (404) 463-3311 Fax (404) 463-3254 hfleming@atlantaregional.com
		»_ suit	Return Date: <i>Oct 12 2007</i>

:

•

			2009-10	Overillinder Capacity Eurolineers Overillinder Capacity	-494 3,000 2,580 -440 3,000	1,125 1,246 121	304 1,601 1,902 301 1,601	
	Residential Rezoning Impact on Local Schools Prepared for ARC, October 2007		2008-9	Overflinder Cepecity Encatiment	2,433 -567 3,000 2,806	46 1,125	1,891 290 1,601 1,905	
	Resit		7 2007-8	ent Over/Under Capacity Enrollment	3,000	12 1,125	1,601	
		Schools	20106-7	Cepscity Enroltment	ek HS 3,000	1,125	Hopkins ES 1,601 1, Current 5 vear ontiections do net include new developments	

1002/11/2007

GCPS Planning Department 770-822-6610

	DRI Rules TI	nresholds	Tier Map	FAQ	Apply	View Submissions	Log
RI #1510							
	DE		ENT OF REC				
	neet or exceed applicable					at will allow the RDC to determi ocess and the <u>DRI Tiers and Th</u>	
		Local G	overnment	Informa	ation		
	Submitting Local Gover	nment: Gwinn	ett County				
	Individual completin	g form: Jeff W	est, Planning Ma	nager			
	Tele	phone: 678-51	8-6200				
		E-mail: 678-5	18-6275				
		Propos	ed Project I	nforma	tion		
	Name of Proposed F	Project: Villa M	lore				
Location (Stree	et Address, GPS Coordina Legal Land Lot Descr		Reynolds Blvd @	2 I-85			
	Brief Description of F	Project: Mixed	Use: 3 12-story o	condo/offic	e towers; reta	ail; 12-story hotel.	

velopment Type:		
(not selected)	Hotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial	Airports	Water Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
Wholesale & Distribution	Attractions & Recreational Facilities	Intermodal Terminals
Hospitals and Health Care Facilities	Post-Secondary Schools	Truck Stops
Housing	Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types
Industrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	

Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.):	891,338 sq ft
Developer:	Y Group Enterprises, Inc.
Mailing Address:	c/o Anderson Tate & Carr PC
Address 2:	1505 Lakes Parkway, Suite 100
	City:Lawrenceville State: GA Zip:30043-5858
Telephone:	770-822-0900
Email:	msullivan@atclawfirm.com
Is property owner different from developer/ applicant?	
If yes, property owner:	APEK Investments LLC; ORO Enterprises Inc.; Sang Pyun; Jae Pyun; AEHCC, LLC
Is the proposed project entirely located within your local government's jurisdiction?	(not selected) Yes No
If no, in what additional jurisdictions is the project located?	
Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, provide the following information:	Project Name:
	Project ID:
The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	Rezoning Variance Sewer
	Water
	Permit
	Other Special Use Permit
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?	
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?	

Estimated Project Completion Dates:	This project/phase: not provided Overall project: not provided			
Back to Top				
GRTA Home Page ARC Home Page RDC Links DCA Home Page				

Site Map | Statements | Contact

Copyright © 2007 The Georgia Department of Community Affairs. All Rights Reserved.

DDLLL		l		3		Impact		
DRI Home	DRI Rules	Thresholds	Tier Map	FAQ	Apply	View Submi	issions	Lo
RI #1510								
		DEVELOPM				· T		
		-	ional DRI Inf	-	-	, I		
		or county governme cess and the <u>DRI Tie</u>				e RDC for its review c n.	of the propo	osed DRI.
		Local G	overnment I	nforma	ation			
			Submitting	g Local Go	overnment:	Gwinnett County		
			Individ	lual compl	leting form:	Jeff West, Planning I	Manager	
				-	Telephone:	678-518-6200		
					Email:	678-518-6275		
		Pr	oject Inform	ation				
			Name	of Propos	ed Project:	Villa More		
				DRII	D Number:	1510		
				Developer	r/Applicant:	Y Group Enterprises	, Inc.	
				-	Telephone:	770-822-0900		
					Email(s):	msullivan@atclawfirr	m.com	
		Additiona	I Informatio	n Requ	lested			
Has the RDC ide		al information require	ed in order to proc	ceed with	the official	(not selected)	Yes	No
	regio		ed in order to proc (If no, proceed to	ceed with Economi	the official c Impacts.)			No
If yes, has tha	regio at additional informa	al information requirent al review process?	ed in order to prod (If no, proceed to o your RDC and, i	ceed with Economi if applicab	the official c Impacts.) ble, GRTA?			
If yes, has tha	regio at additional informa	al information requir nal review process? tion been provided to start until this additio	ed in order to proc (If no, proceed to o your RDC and, i onal information is	ceed with Economi if applicat	the official c Impacts.) ble, GRTA? I.			
If yes, has tha	regio at additional informa	al information requir nal review process? tion been provided to start until this additio	ed in order to prod (If no, proceed to o your RDC and, i	ceed with Economi if applicat	the official c Impacts.) ble, GRTA? I.			
If yes, has tha	regio at additional informa iew process can not	al information requir nal review process? tion been provided to start until this additio	ed in order to proc (If no, proceed to o your RDC and, i onal information is	ceed with Economi if applicat	the official c Impacts.) ble, GRTA? I.			
If yes, has than the official revi	regio at additional informa iew process can not Build-Out: cal tax revenues (i.e	al information requir nal review process? tion been provided to start until this additio	ed in order to proc (If no, proceed to o your RDC and, i onal information is nomic Devel	ceed with Economi if applicab s provided	the official c Impacts.) ble, GRTA? I.	(not selected)	Yes	

Will this development displace any existing uses?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):			
Water Supply			
Name of water supply provider for this site:	Gwinnett County		
What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.18 mgd		
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If no, describe any plans to expand the existing water supply capacity:			
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If yes, how much additional line (in miles) will be required?			
Wastewater Disposal			
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Gwinnett County		
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	<0.18 mgd		
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If no, describe any plans to expand existing wastewater treatment capacity:			
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If yes, how much additional line (in miles) will be required?			
Land Transportation			
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	508 a.m.; 824 p.m. (see TIS)	
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If yes, please describe below: Traffic signal; accel/decel lanes; auxillary/additional/modified travel la	anes. (see TIS)		
Solid Waste Disposal			
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	700 tons/annum		
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected)	Yes	No
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:			
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected)	Yes	No

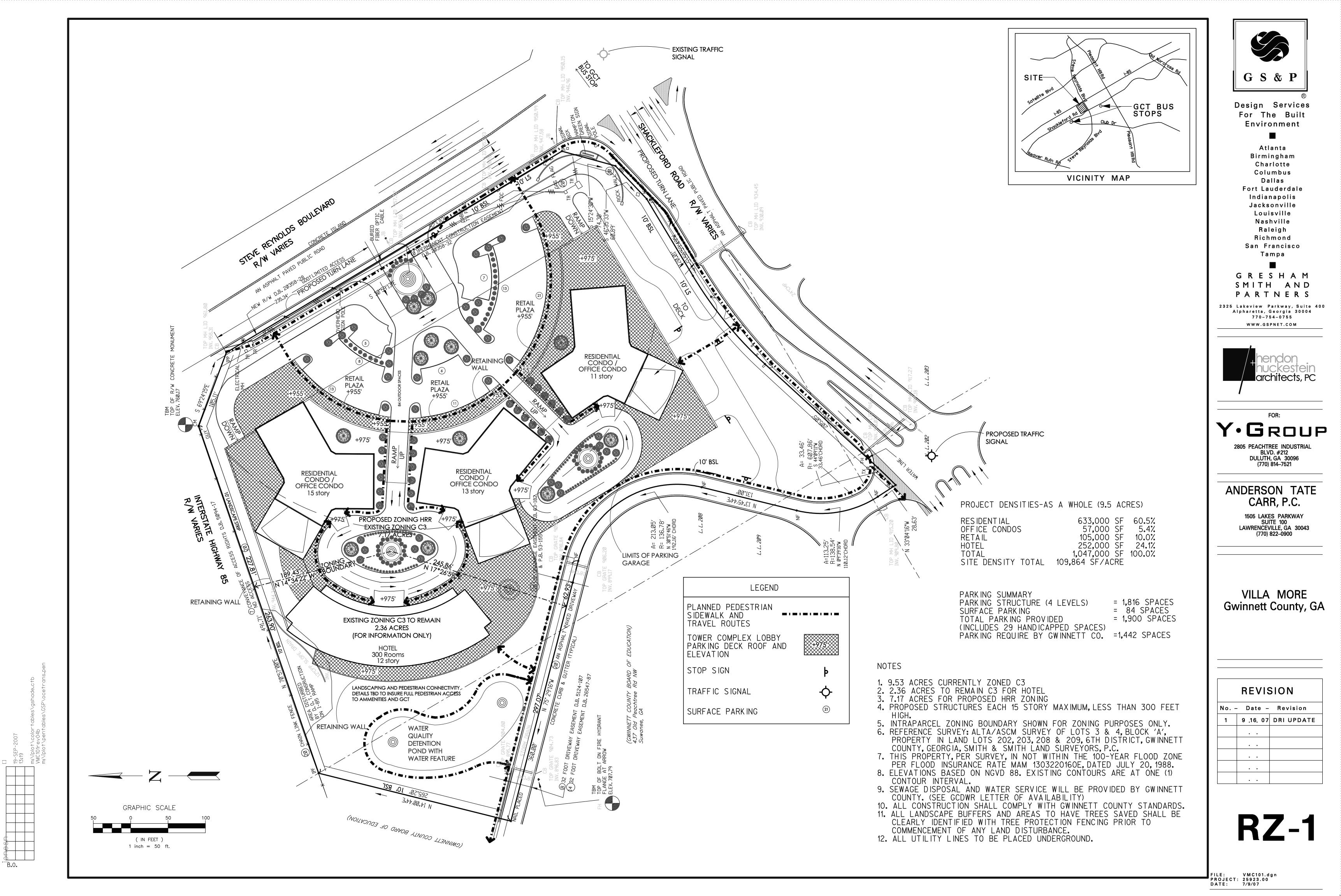
http://www.dca.state.ga.us/DRI/AdditionalForm.aspx?driid=1510 (2 of 3)9/28/2007 10:16:10 AM

If yes, please explain:								
Stormwater Manage	ement							
What percentage of the site is projected to be impervious surface once the propos development has been constructed?	ed 80%	80%						
Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, p stormwater management:Detention pond and structural BMPs	pervious parking areas) to mitigate the p	project's impacts or						
Environmental Qua	ality							
Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:								
1. Water supply watersheds?	(not selected)	Yes No						
2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected)	Yes No						
3. Wetlands?	(not selected)	Yes No						
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected)	Yes No						
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected)	Yes No						
6. Floodplains?	(not selected)	Yes No						
7. Historic resources?	(not selected)	Yes No						
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected)	Yes No						
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s	s) may be affected:							
Back to Top								

GRTA Home Page | ARC Home Page | RDC Links | DCA Home Page

Site Map | Statements | Contact

Copyright © 2007 The Georgia Department of Community Affairs. All Rights Reserved.



B.0.