

DRI REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: March 6, 2025

TO: Mayor Edward Johnson, City of Fayetteville

ATTN TO: David Rast, Community Development Director, City of Fayetteville

FROM: Mike Alexander, COO, Atlanta Regional Commission

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Fayetteville City Center DRI 4306 Submitting Local Government: City of Fayetteville

<u>Date Opened</u>: February 18, 2025 <u>Date Closed:</u> March 6, 2025

<u>Description</u>: A DRI review of a proposal to construct a mixed-use project with 34,000 SF of retail, a 12,000 SF food market, 120-room hotel, 14,000 SF loft/office, 700 multi-family units, 48 townhome units and 39 single-family lots on a 38.5-acre tract adjoining the City Hall – City Center Park complex in downtown Fayetteville in Fayette County.

Key Comments

The project is substantially aligned with applicable Established Suburbs and Town Center growth policy recommendations; the former emphasize the importance of preserving single-family neighborhoods with appropriate infill development while the latter promotes the development of walkable Main Street development patterns.

The project's mix of residential, retail, hospitality and office uses is supportive of regional placemaking and multi-modal transportation policies.

Some segments of the proposed road network that cross the stream appear to be redundant. Additional valuable natural open space could be created by consolidating these elements.

The project is expected to generate approximately 10,072 new trips of which 7,852 are new vehicular trips; a number of roadway improvements to mitigate these trips are proposed.

The project is strongly aligned with Town Center recommendations although the connection to the city's historic main street area will need to be strengthened to ensure that existing downtown businesses benefit from the new development.

The submitted site plan shows and identifies the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation buffer and the City's 50-foot undisturbed stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback. The City's 100-foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious wak on all perennial streams in the water supply watershed district are also shown. If the larger buffers are governing, the smaller stream buffers do not need to be shown.

Seven of the proposed single-family home lots are located almost entirely within the protected stream buffers along with a two-story retail and office building. Both may require variances from the City. Stream buffers provide a minimal level of water quality protection and are recommended to be preserved to the greatest extent possible.

Comments received from Fayette County are attached.

Comments received from GDOT District 3 are attached.

General Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 11-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a relevant growth management category designation, or designations, to all areas in the region. This location is designated as Established Suburbs and Town Center; corresponding growth policy recommendations are detailed at the end of these comments.

The project's mix of residential, hospitality, retail, and office uses is supportive of regional placemaking and multi-modal transportation policies.

Some segments of the proposed road network that cross the stream appear to be redundant. Additional valuable natural open space could be created by consolidating these elements.

ARC Transportation and Mobility Comments

ARC Transportation and Mobility comments are attached. The proposal is partially consistent with ARC's MTP. The project is located in an area that is close to schools, parks, and civic uses, and the proposed site plan incorporates multimodal connections to these surrounding uses when possible. Sidewalks and bike sharrows are used throughout and help,improve connectivity to the area. The existing stream should be avoided when possible to minimize,environmental impact.

Marked and signalized street crossings should be implemented on crossings by the school to enhance safety. Surface parking lots should be minimized and parking should be consolidated where possible. EV parking options should be explored

Though not specifically designated as a multi-use path, the proposed trail connects to the existing sidewalks and walking area in the City Center Park which promotes greater connectivity to parks, greenspace, and civic uses.

The project is expected to generate approximately 10,072 new trips of which 7,852 are new vehicular trips; a number of roadway improvements to mitigate these trips are proposed.

ARC Natural Resources Group Comments

ARC's Natural Resource comments are attached.

Water Supply Watershed Protection

The proposed project property is located within the Whitewater Creek Water Supply Watershed which is a public water supply source for both the City of Fayetteville and Fayette County, and which is classified as a small (less than 100 square mile) water supply watershed. Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a small public water supply watershed is subject to the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391-3-16-.01, Criteria for Water Supply Watersheds) unless alternative criteria are developed and adopted by the jurisdiction according to the requirements of the Part 5 criteria and are then approved by Georgia EPD. The City of Fayetteville has water supply watershed protection requirements in Article 2. Division 1, Sections 302.1. - 302.6 of the City Unified Development Code, which require a 100foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious setback on all perennial streams in the water supply watershed district. The City also has a Watershed Protection District for the Pye Lake watershed which is within the Whitewater Creek watershed and includes the entire project property. The District requirements are described in Article 2, Division 2, Section 302.17 of the City Unified Development Code and includes the entire project property and requires stormwater management and flood protection measures to minimize impacts to the lake and its "Southern Tributary". But it is not clear if "Southern Tributary is the watershed or the stream that feeds into Pye Lake, though no stream is shown on the map of the watershed shown in Section 302.17.

Stream Buffers

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the proposed project site plan show an intermittent tributary to Pye Lake and Ginger Cake Creek Sandy Creek running roughly southeast to northwest in the northeastern portion of the project property. The stream is not named on the USGS coverage or the site plan, but, as discussed in the preceding section, may be named "Southern Tributary". The submitted site plan shows and identifies the 50-foot undisturbed buffer and a 75-foot impervious setback required by the City of Fayetteville Stream Buffer Ordinance as well as the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation buffer. The site plan also shows and identifies the 100-foot water supply watershed perennial stream undisturbed

buffer and the 150-foot water supply watershed impervious surface setback. If the City is requiring the water supply watershed buffers, the stream buffer ordinance buffers should not be shown. If the water supply watershed buffers are not required, they should be removed.

If the City 50-foot buffer and 75-foot buffer are the correct buffers, the only clear intrusions into the buffers are two road crossings and sidewalk crossings, which are allowed under the city stream buffer ordinance. However, one retail commercial building is shown nearly at the edge of the 75-foot impervious setback and that setback also extends into seven single-family lots. Any intrusions into the setback, including grading as well as impervious surfaces, may require variances. If the watershed buffer and setback are required, both the proposed retail building and the seven single-family lots will be entirely within the 150-foot setback and will require variances or need to be relocated.

Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the City's Stream Buffer Ordinance. Any unmapped streams as well as any other waters of the state on this property are also subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control Buffer.

Stormwater/Water Quality

No stormwater management system is shown on the project site plan. The application form lists the following protection measures: "Existing stream buffers to be protected, bioretention areas, bioswales, permeable pavers, underground detention ponds with infiltration". The final project design should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

Environmental Comments

Additional retention of wooded and stream adjacent areas would be desirable and in keeping with regional goals regarding preserving natural stormwater systems and heat island effect mitigation. There may be potential opportunities for linking these fragmented undeveloped areas with adjacent undeveloped or protected areas to ensure their maintenance and potential use for recreation or habitat preservation.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the extensive surface car parking spaces proposed and use of an ecosystem-based design for the stormwater detention areas would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

Fayette County Comments

Comments received from Fayette County are attached.

GDOT Comments

Comments received from GDOT are attached.

Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy Considerations: Established Suburbs, Town Centers

According to the Atlanta Region's Plan, Established Suburbs are areas where suburban development has occurred and are characterized by single–family subdivisions, commercial development, and office, industrial and multi–family development. These areas represent the part of the region that has recently reached "build–out." With few remaining large parcels for additional development, these are the areas in which the region may see the least amount of land–use change outside of retail and commercial areas. While there is still room for limited infill development, these areas will begin to focus more on redevelopment over the next 30 years.

Preservation of existing single-family neighborhoods is important, and wholesale change will most likely not occur in the single-family subdivisions that make up a majority of these areas. However, infill and redevelopment will occur in areas of retail/commercial concentrations, especially commercial corridors.

Town Centers are anchored by the Main Streets of our cities within the region. Some may be county seats or employment centers, but all are anchored by a Main Street. Many of these Town Centers have detailed masterplans such as LCI plans that provide guidance on development, transportation, and economic development. As a result of these plans, many communities have seen a resurgence of Town Centers that should be connected to the regional transportation network. They should have a variety of transportation options available to residents, employees, and visitors. Land-use conflicts may occur if new development is taller and denser than existing development, however, local plans and policies should support efforts to encourage town centers to become accessible mixed-use centers with employment, retail, residential, and cultural amenities.

The project is partially aligned with Established Suburbs recommendations in that it provides a substantial amount of new housing that doesn't negatively impact existing single-family neighborhoods. The project is more strongly aligned with Town Center recommendations although the connection to the city's historic main street area will need to be strengthened to ensure that existing downtown businesses benefit from the new development.

City of Fayetteville leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure maximum sensitivity to nearby local governments, neighborhoods, land uses and natural systems.

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
FAYETTE COUNTY

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE

For questions, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378–1531 or dshockey@atlantaregional.org. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews.





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home <u>Tier Map</u> <u>Apply</u> <u>View Submissions</u> <u>Login</u>

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Fayetteville Individual completing form: David Rast

DRI #4306

Telephone: 7707194156

E-mail: drast@fayetteville-ga.gov

*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

Proposed Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Fayetteville City Center

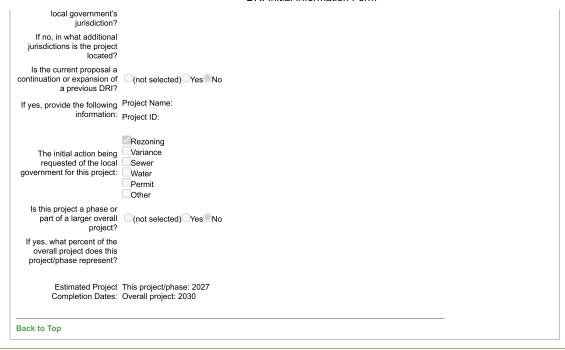
Location (Street Address, 335 Grady AVE Fayetteville, GA 30214

Is the proposed project (not selected) Yes No

GPS Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot Description):

Brief Description of Project: 38.5-acre mixed use development to include +/-34,000SF retail, +/-12,000 SF

' ' '	market/gr	ocery, 120-room hotel, +/-14,000SF loft/ ss and 39 single-family detached reside	office, 700-units multi-family, 48
Development Type:			
(not selected)		OHotels	OWastewater Treatment Facilities
Office		Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial		Airports	OWater Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
Wholesale & Distribution		OAttractions & Recreational Facilities	OIntermodal Terminals
Hospitals and Health Care	Facilities	Post-Secondary Schools	Truck Stops
Housing		Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types
Olndustrial		Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, des	scribe:		
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.):		SF retail, +/-12,000 SF market/grocery,	120-room hotel, +/-14,000SF loft/office,
Developer: I	Nelson		
Mailing Address: 9	5200 Aval	on BLVD	
(City:Alpha	retta State: GA Zip:30009	
Telephone:	e: 770.209.9393 ill: lwakefield@nelsonww.com		
Email: I			
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not sel	ected)©Yes©No	
If yes, property owner:	City of Fa	vetteville	



GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

DRI Site Map | Contact





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home	Tier Map	<u>Apply</u>	View Submissions	<u>Login</u>

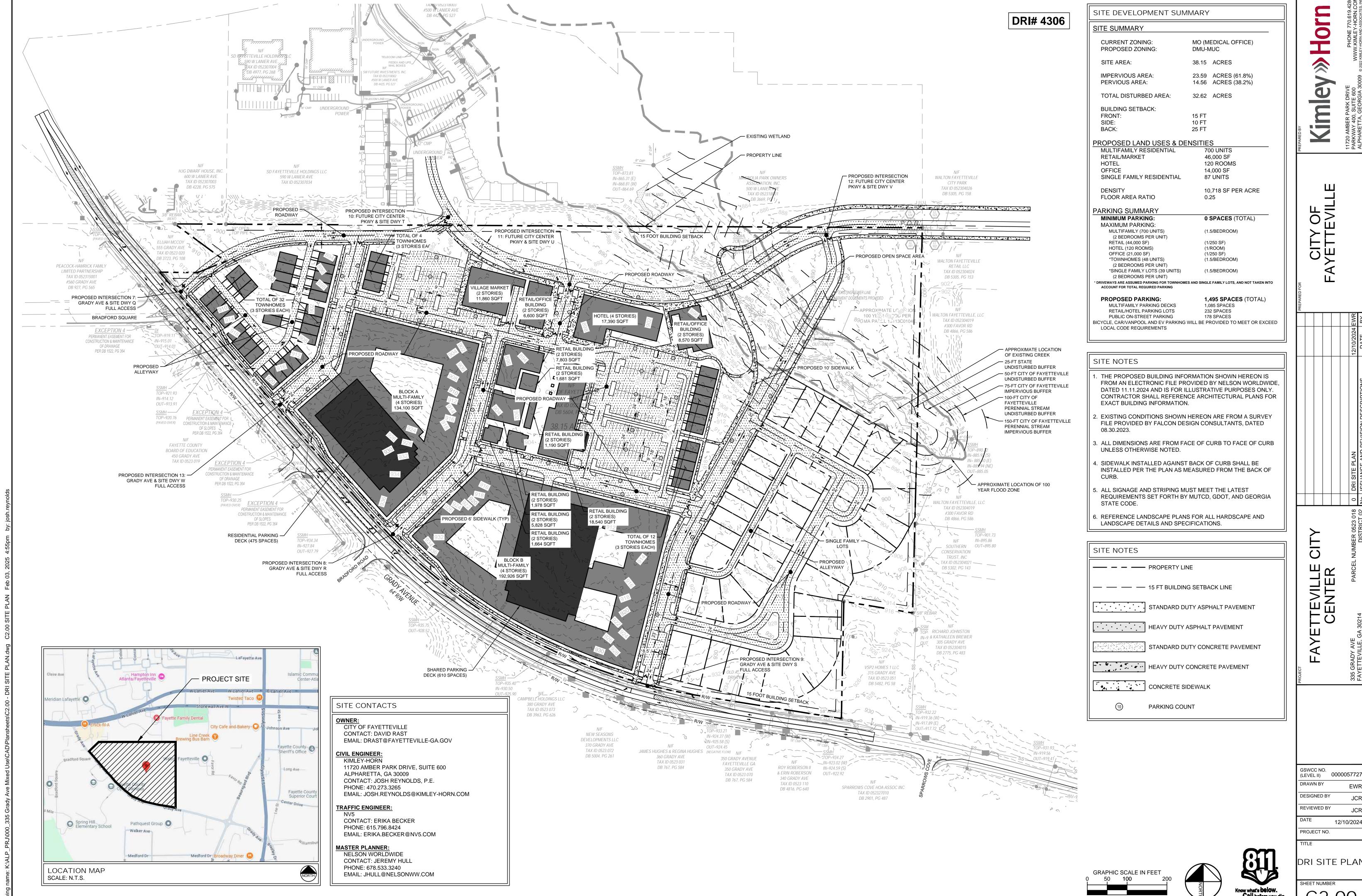
DEVELO	PMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT
A	dditional DRI Information
	ounty government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review on the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more
Loc	al Government Information
Submitting Local Government:	Fayetteville
Individual completing form:	David Rast
Telephone:	7707194156
Email:	drast@fayetteville-ga.gov
	Project Information
Name of Proposed Project:	Fayetteville City Center
DRI ID Number:	4306
Developer/Applicant:	Nelson Worldwide
Telephone:	770.209.9393
Email(s):	lwakefield@nelsonww.com
Addit Has the RDC identified any additional information required in order to proceed with the official regional review process? (If no, proceed to Economic Impacts.)	onal Information Requested ○(not selected)○Yes No
If yes, has that additional information been provided to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?	●(not selected)○Yes○No
f no, the official review process can not star	until this additional information is provided.
	Economic Development
Estimated Value at Build-Out:	\$225,000,000
Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be generated by the proposed development:	Property tax: \$2,674,710 (est.)/Sales tax: unknown (not enougl
s the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No
Will this development displace any existing uses?	○(not selected)○Yes®No
f yes, please describe (including number of	units, square feet, etc):
	li de la companya de
	Water Supply
Name of water supply provider for this site:	City of Fayetteville
Vhat is the estimated water supply	0.1681
demand to be generated by the project,	0.1001

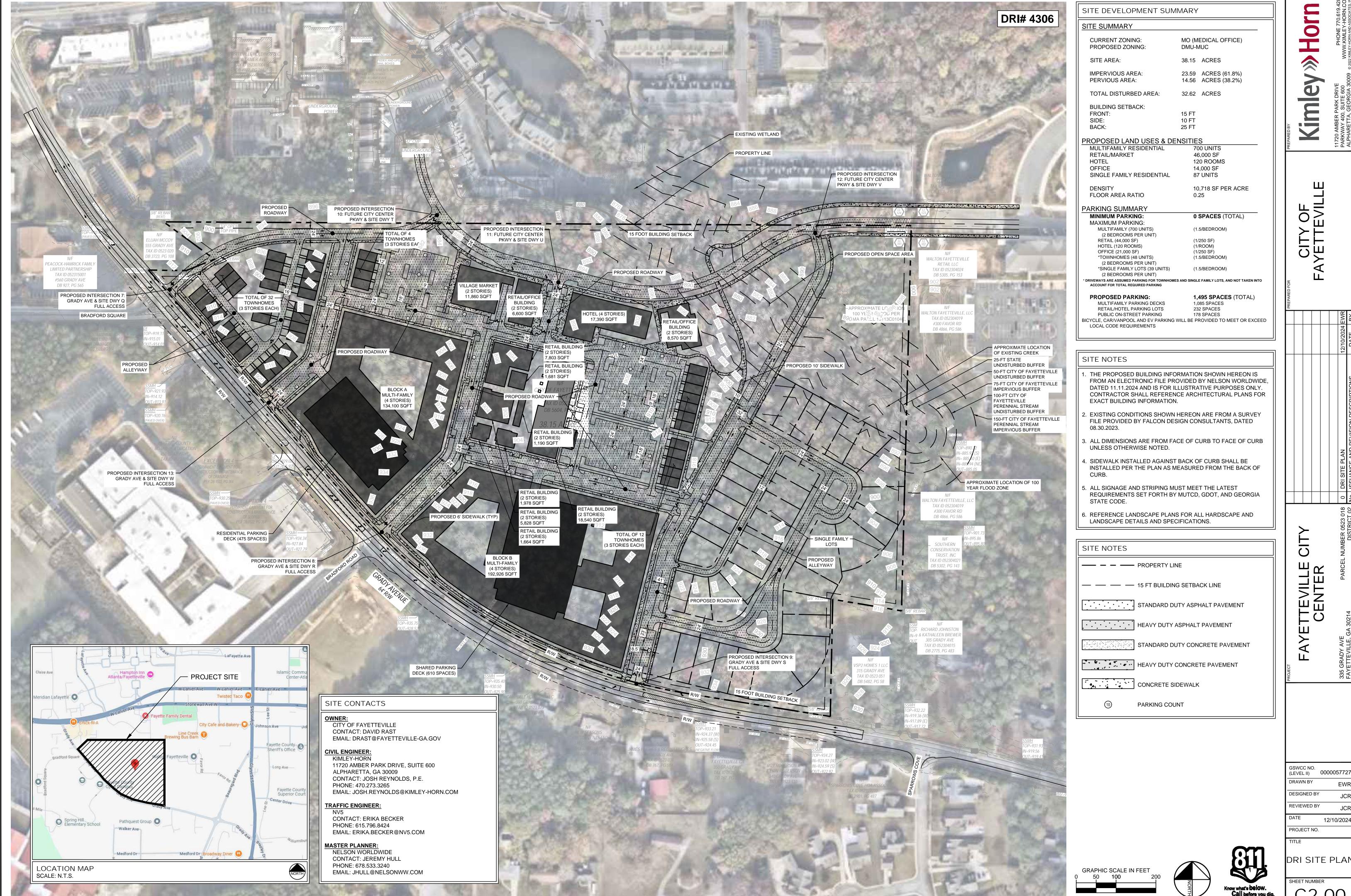
measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day	DIVI Additional information 1 offi
(MGD)?	
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to expand the exis	ting water supply capacity:
	//
Is a water line extension required to serve	○(not selected)○Yes●No
this project? If yes, how much additional line (in miles) w	
in yes, now mach additional line (in miles) w	nii be requireu:
	Wastewater Disposal
Name of marks the track and an idea for	
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	City of Fayetteville
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in	0.1808
Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.1000
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to expand existing	wastewater treatment capacity:
	//
Is a sewer line extension required to serve	○(not selected)○Yes ●No
this project?	
If yes, how much additional line (in miles) w	iii be requireu :
	Land Transportation
How much traffic volume is expected to be	
generated by the proposed development, in	
peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available,	540 AM, 569 PM
please provide.)	
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or	○(not selected) Yes No
access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	_(
Are transportation improvements needed to	○(not selected) Yes No
serve this project?	,
If yes, please describe below:	acket prepared by NV5 as submitted on December 17, 2024.
As identified in the methodology meeting i	dence prepared by 1113 as submitted on December 17, 2024.
	<i>h</i>
	Solid Waste Disposal
How much solid waste is the project	
expected to generate annually (in tons)?	1,800
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected)®Yes○No
	1. 1991
If no, describe any plans to expand existing	landfill capacity:
Will any hazardous waste be generated by	
the development?	○(not selected)○Yes®No
If yes, please explain:	
5	Stormwater Management
Milest management of the city	
What percentage of the site is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed	60%
development has been constructed?	

project's impacts on stormwater management Existing stream buffers to be protected, bid ponds with infiltration	nc. retention areas, bioswales, permeable pavers, underground detention
	Environmental Quality
Is the development located within, or likely to	affect any of the following:
Water supply watersheds?	○(not selected) Yes No
2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	○(not selected)○Yes●No
3. Wetlands?	○(not selected)○Yes●No
4. Protected mountains?	○(not selected)○Yes●No
5. Protected river corridors?	○(not selected)○Yes●No
6. Floodplains?	O(not selected)OYes ●No
7. Historic resources?	O(not selected)OYes ●No
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	○(not selected)○Yes®No
	describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: hed (local) and is subject to the provisions of Sec. 302.17 of the).
Submit Application Save without	ut Submitting Cancel

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DRI Site Map | Contact







regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the ARC Metropolitan Transportation Plan

Prepared by: Shelby Stamback, ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division February 21, 2025

DRI INFORMATION

2025 Fayetteville City Center DRI 4306 – Fayetteville, Fayette County, Georgia

Metropolitan Transportation Plan Projects

Did the transportation analysis incorporate all current MTP projects contained in the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?

Yes, the transportation analysis incorporated all current MTP projects in the study area.

REG

<u> </u>	NAL NETWORKS
po sit	Will the project be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares? Any access ints between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's one circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of pacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
	NO □ YES
An de	Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes? y access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the velopment's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest ssible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway
	NO ☐ YES
3.	If the development site is within one mile of an existing or planned rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions and transit supportive uses.
	NOT APPLICABLE ■
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE
	Rail TOD Comments - Describe the proposed development program uses and densities and the degree to which they support transit ridership. Identify development program modifications that could improve the transit supportiveness of the project.

The project adds a significant amount of residential and commercial activity. If a transit program were to exist in the area, the project would support it.

	4.	If project is within one mile of existing or planned fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions				
		NOT APPLICABLE				
		BRT TOD Comments - Describe the proposed development program uses and densities and the degree to which they support transit ridership. Identify development program modifications that could improve the transit supportiveness of the project.				
The project adds a significant amount of residential and commercial activity. If a transit proto exist in the area, the project would support it.						
	5.	If the development site is within one mile of an existing or planned multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions				
		NOT APPLICABLE				
		☐ YES				
		Though not specifically designated as a multi-use path, it is great that the proposed site connects to the existing sidewalks and walking area in the City Center Park. This promotes greater connectivity to parks, greenspace, and civic uses.				
<u> </u>	1EF	R TRANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS				
	1.	Does the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle connections, or bike/pedestrian connections, with adjacent parcels?				
		Yes, the site provides for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle connections or bike/ped connections with adjacent parcels.				
	2	Book the State of the college of the state o				

2. Does the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the development site safely and conveniently?

Yes, the site plan enables pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the development site safely and conveniently. Streets are marked as bike sharrows and sidewalks are implemented and connected throughout the development. Street markings should be marked and signaled where possible, particularly by the school.

3. Does the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, from the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding road network?

Many of the uses will not produce significant amounts of truck traffic. The uses that may involve more truck traffic, such as the market, are located in an accessible location close to the main proposed roadway.

4. Does the site plan include provisions for electric vehicle charging?

No, the site does not include provisions for electric vehicles charging.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the transportation study adequately mitigate the project's vehicular impact?

The proposal is partially consistent with ARC's MTP. The project is located in an area that is close to schools, parks, and civic uses, and the proposed site plan incorporates multimodal connections to these surrounding uses when possible. Sidewalks and bike sharrows are used throughout and help improve connectivity to the area. The existing stream should be avoided when possible to minimize environmental impact. Marked and signalized street crossings should be implemented on crossings by the school to enhance safety. Surface parking lots should be minimized and parking should be consolidated where possible. EV parking options should be explored.

2. ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):

None at this time.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY CENTER DRI City of Fayetteville Natural Resources Review Comments

March 4, 2025

ARC recognizes that the water supply resources in the Upper Flint Basin are limited and mixed-use developments such as this project can have significant water supply demands. The application proposes 0.1681 MGD of water supply demand and 0.1808 MGD of estimated sewage flow for this project, and it is unclear if these figures represent an annual average or daily maximum flow need. Given that a significant portion of Fayetteville's water supply is provided by the Fayette County Water System, ARC encourages the City of Fayetteville to work with the County Water System to ensure that sufficient capacities exist to supply the project by the time of project completion.

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified City and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Water Supply Watershed Protection

The proposed project property is located within the Whitewater Creek Water Supply Watershed which is a public water supply source for both the City of Fayetteville and Fayette County, and which is classified as a small (less than 100 square mile) water supply watershed. Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a small public water supply watershed is subject to the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391-3-16-.01, Criteria for Water Supply Watersheds) unless alternative criteria are developed and adopted by the jurisdiction according to the requirements of the Part 5 criteria and are then approved by Georgia EPD. The City of Fayetteville has water supply watershed protection requirements in Article 2. Division 1, Sections 302.1. – 302.6 of the City Unified Development Code, which require a 100-foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious setback on all perennial streams in the water supply watershed district. The City also has a Watershed Protection District for the Pye Lake watershed which is within the Whitewater Creek watershed and includes the entire project property. The District requirements are described in Article 2, Division 2, Section 302.17 of the City Unified Development Code and includes the entire project property and requires stormwater management and flood protection measures to minimize impacts to the lake and its "Southern Tributary". But it is not clear if "Southern Tributary is the watershed or the stream that feeds into Pye Lake, though no stream is shown on the map of the watershed shown in Section 302.17.

Stream Buffers

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the proposed project site plan show an intermittent tributary to Pye Lake and Ginger Cake Creek Sandy Creek running roughly southeast to northwest in the northeastern portion of the project property. The stream is not named on the USGS coverage or the site plan, but, as discussed in the preceding section, may be named "Southern Tributary". The submitted site plan shows and identifies the 50-foot undisturbed buffer and a 75-foot impervious setback required by the City of Fayetteville Stream Buffer Ordinance as well as the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation buffer. The site plan also shows and identifies the 100-foot water supply watershed perennial stream undisturbed buffer and the 150-foot water supply watershed impervious surface setback. If the City is requiring the water supply watershed buffers, the stream buffer ordinance buffers should not be shown. If the water supply watershed buffers are not required, they should be removed.

FAYETTEVILLE CITY CENTER DRI ARC Natural Resources Comments Page Two March 4, 2025

If the City 50-foot buffer and 75-foot buffer are the correct buffers, the only clear intrusions into the buffers are two road crossings and sidewalk crossings, which are allowed under the city stream buffer ordinance. However, one retail commercial building is shown nearly at the edge of the 75-foot impervious setback and that setback also extends into seven single-family lots. Any intrusions into the setback, including grading as well as impervious surfaces, may require variances. If the watershed buffer and setback are required, both the proposed retail building and the seven single-family lots will be entirely within the 150-foot setback and will require variances or need to be relocated.

Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the City's Stream Buffer Ordinance. Any unmapped streams as well as any other waters of the state on this property are also subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control Buffer.

Stormwater/Water Quality

No stormwater management system is shown on the project site plan. The application form lists the following protection measures: "Existing stream buffers to be protected, bioretention areas, bioswales, permeable pavers, underground detention ponds with infiltration". The final project design should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



DRI 4306 - Fayette County Comments

Planning & Zoning

140 Stonewall Avenue West, Suite 202, Fayetteville, GA 30214 770-305-5421

PROJECT NAME: Fayetteville City Center

PROJECT LOCATION: Grady Avenue, Fayetteville, GA

ACREAGE: 38 acres

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: A DRI review of a proposal to construct a mixed-use project with 34,000 SF of retail, a 12,000 SF food market, 120-room hotel, 14,000 SF loft/office, 700 multi-family units, 48 townhome units and 39 single-family lots on a 38.5-acre tract adjoining the City Hall - City Center Park complex in downtown Fayetteville in Fayette County.

EXISTING USE: Undeveloped

□ Planning & Zoning

 Recommend coordination with the City's multi-use path project from Tiger Trail to the Ridge Nature Preserve.

☐ Water System

- FCWS needs to understand Fayetteville's water demand projections for the next 20 years to plan appropriately.
- o How has land use plan/density projections changed since 2019?
- o What is projection of water consumption during peak demand with this development?
- What will additional water needs be for firefighting or is additional storage capacity being added?
- Will Fayetteville/developer provide additional water storage capacity?
- o How will this additional usage affect wholesale consumption?
- o Will Fayetteville/developer provide additional water storage capacity?
- □ <u>Public Works</u> Comments on the 1/17/25 Traffic Impact Study for DRI 4306, prepared by NV5 Engineers and Consultants, Inc.
 - Per the TIS and trip distribution projections, no County intersections or road segments were included in the study.
 - The background growth rate of 0.7% is lower than that used on other DRIs recently in Coweta County. How sensitive are the LOS values to the background growth rate? Would a rate of 1.0 or 1.2% change conclusions and recommendations?
 - Table 2 there are no County plans to advance the West Fayetteville Bypass Phase III. It is not an active
 or planned project. It can be removed from the list of Planned Improvements.
 - o To what extent was the construction of Creek Road factored into the LOS determinations?
 - Were roundabouts considered at any location in lieu of a traffic signal?

- Section B.6 of the TIS indicates that 49% of the project's traffic (28% from SR 54 and 21% from SR 85) go through the 54/85 intersection at the Old Court House. Should this intersection be included in the evaluation given the existing issues and the large project impact?
- A suggestion to require pedestrian improvements along Grady and with special focus on walkability to the BOE facilities along Grady. Are at-grade crossings sufficient for long-term student access from the development to the school?
- Although not indicated in the TIS, Fayette County is concerned about indirect impact to County roads, such as Ebenezer Church Road and Redwine Road. Current traffic patterns show drivers are apt to use Ebenezer Church Road in lieu of SR 54 for east-west movement when congestion on SR 54 increases. The added traffic from this development will encourage drivers to use alternate roads.
- Similar to comments made for large DRIs recently in Coweta, Fayette County encourages a coordinated review of this DRI with GDOT and the City of Fayetteville to discuss key assumptions, impacts, and mitigation measures.

☐ Environmental Health Department

- The hotel and food market (depending on the business plan) will affect our office due to the permitting and inspections required for these facilities. I don't see it having an overwhelming effect on us, but the food could have the most impact.
- ☐ **Fire/EMA** no comments.

☐ Fayette County School System

- The development will significantly impact the school system on the elementary level. Spring Hill Elementary is at capacity so the additional students generated by this development will cause the school system to redraw attendance lines to accommodate these additional students.
- o We have adequate space for middle and high school students in this attendance zone.
- Another concern will be the increased traffic on Grady Avenue, which is already very congested with traffic to two schools and the county transfer station off Bradford Square. The city and county governments should revisit the idea of constructing a new road from the transfer station out to State Highway 54. This road would eliminate the large tractor trailer trucks going to and from the transfer station each day on Grady Avenue.
- o It would also be a good idea to include the proposed Pedestrian Path in this design.

From: Hood, Alan C.

To: Donald Shockey

Subject: RE: 2024 Fayetteville City Center DRI 4306 - Preliminary Report and Comments Request

Date: Tuesday, March 4, 2025 11:35:11 AM

Attachments: image001.png

Donald,

This proposal to construct a mixed-use project with 34,000 SF of retail, a 12,000 SF food market, 120-room hotel, 14,000 SF loft/office, 700 multi-family units, 48 townhome units and 39 single-family lots on a 38.5-acre tract adjoining the City Hall - City Center Park complex in downtown Fayetteville in Fayette County, is more than 8 miles from both Atlanta Speedway Airport (HMP) and Atlanta Regional Airport-Falcon Field (FFC). It is located outside of the FAA approach or departure surfaces, and airport compatible land use areas, and does not appear to impact any airport.

If any construction equipment or construction exceeds 200' AGL, an FAA Form 7460-1 must be submitted to the Federal Aviation Administration according to the FAA's Notice Criteria Tool found here (https://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/gisTools/gisAction.jsp?
action=showNoNoticeRequiredToolForm). Those submissions for any associated cranes may be done online at https://oeaaa.faa.gov. The FAA must be in receipt of the notifications, no later than 120 days prior to construction. The FAA will evaluate the potential impacts of the project on protected airspace associated with the airports and advise the proponent if any action is necessary.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed development.

Alan Hood

Airport Safety Data Program Manager



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Website: https://www.dot.ga.gov/GDOT/pages/AirportAid.aspx

From: Donald Shockey < DShockey@atlantaregional.org>

Sent: Tuesday, February 18, 2025 10:33 PM

To: Amy Goodwin <a Goodwin@atlantaregional.org>; Andrew Smith <a Smith@atlantaregional.org>; Ansley Goddard <a Goodwin@atlantaregional.org>; Arin Yost <a Yost@atlantaregional.org>; Danny Johnson <a Goodwin@atlantaregional.org>; David Haynes <a Goodwin@atlantaregional.org>; Eleanor Swensson <a Goodwin@atlantaregional.org>; Jillian Willis@atlantaregional.org>; Jim Santo

From: <u>Trevorrow, Daniel J</u>
To: <u>Donald Shockey</u>

Cc: Brittany Williams; Peek, Tyler; Ives-Powell, Crystal; chindman@fayetteville-ga.gov;

pmallon@fayettecountyga.gov

Subject: RE: 2024 Fayetteville City Center DRI 4306 - Preliminary Report and Comments Request

Date: Tuesday, March 4, 2025 1:13:17 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

image002.png image003.png image004.png image005.png image006.png

2024 Fayetteville City Center DRI 4306 - Preliminary Report and Comments Request.pdf

Good afternoon, Donald,

Please see below GDOT's comments on the preliminary report and associated traffic study for DRI 4306.

- A growth rate of 0.7% seems low given other known pending developments in the area and the background growth rate used for other DRIs in the region. Consider using more than GDOT TADA counters to determine growth rate.
- Distribution map shows 2% of generated trips coming from south on Beauregard the same percentage as assumed from Sharon Dr and LaFayette Ave. Given the roadway network connectivity Beauregard provides and the housing developments down there, I think more traffic is likely to come to the development from south on Beauregard than from Sharon or LaFayette. The volumes may be low enough to be negligible to the outcome of the analyses.
- I'm surprised that the intersections on the Fayetteville downtown square aren't included in the study intersections, I think they should be considered.
- The proposed signal on Grady at Bradford Sq is ~800ft from SR 54. GDOT's preferred minimum signal spacing in an urban area is 1000ft. It looks like more traffic volume is anticipated to access this development via the driveway opposite the Bradford Rd/School Driveway intersection, and that the traffic on Bradford Sq is likely driving the need for a traffic signal and not the development's traffic. Given Fayette County's proposal to connect 1st Manassas Mile to SR 54 and pull traffic off of Grady, will signalization still be needed at Bradford Sq, or should it be considered on Grady at Bradford Rd instead?
- The traffic study states that Beauregard will be realigned into the proposed City Center Pkwy connection as a right-in/right-out. As part of permitting the City Center Pkwy connection to SR 85/92, GDOT will not allow turning traffic from Beauregard onto City Center Pkwy to cut over into the left/thru' lanes to cross SR 85/92 or make the left to go north, unless Beauregard is sufficiently spaced from SR 85/92. If it is not, then traffic volume will need rerouting to Grady at SR 85/92 and GDOT may require improvements at that traffic signal. Improvements to Grady between the Beauregard roundabout and the SR 85/92 traffic signal should be considered in that scenario.
- The site plan doesn't show the connection to LaFayette Ave. When is that connection
 proposed to be made? If it is not part of the initial roadway network installation, the traffic
 volume will need rerouting through SR 54 @ Grady and be accounted for in the study.

Regarding the signal warrant analyses for City Center Pkwy @ SR 85/92 and Fischer Ave., is that accounting for this DRI development? Will this DRI development pull any traffic away from the EBL at that signal, since there will be direct connectivity to Grady @ SR 54 and LaFayette Ave @ SR 54, no longer requiring traffic to exit the City Center Park area onto SR 85/92 to turn at the square.

Note, during GDOT permitting for work required at any State Route intersection, Intersection
Control Evaluation (I.C.E.) will be require as part of the traffic study, which includes analyses
of different options such as different signal configurations.

Thanks,

Daniel J. Trevorrow, P.E. *District Traffic Engineer*



District Three – Thomaston 115 Transportation Blvd Thomaston, GA 30286 706.646.7591 phone

From: Donald Shockey <u>DShockey@atlantaregional.org</u>

Sent: Friday, February 21, 2025 3:50 PM

To: Amy Goodwin AGoodwin@atlantaregional.org; Andrew Smith ASmith@atlantaregional.org; Ansley Goddard AGoddard@atlantaregional.org; Arin Yost AYost@atlantaregional.org; Danny Johnson <u>DJohnson@atlantaregional.org</u>; David Haynes <u>DHaynes@atlantaregional.org</u>; Jillian Willis JWillis@atlantaregional.org; Jim Santo JSanto@atlantaregional.org; Jim Skinner JSkinner@atlantaregional.org; Jonathan Philipsborn JPhilipsborn@atlantaregional.org; Kristin Allin KAllin@atlantaregional.org; Lauren Blaszyk LBlaszyk@atlantaregional.org; Mike Alexander MAlexander@atlantaregional.org; Ranata Mattison RMattison@atlantaregional.org; Reginald James RJames@atlantaregional.org; Roshani Thakore RThakore@atlantaregional.org; Samyukth Shenbaga Shenbaga@atlantaregional.org; Wei Wang WWang@atlantaregional.org; chuck.mueller@dnr.state.ga.us; gaswcc.swcd@gaswcc.ga.gov; hhill@gefa.ga.gov; Jon West <jon.west@dca.ga.gov>; kmoore@gaconservancy.org; nongame.review@dnr.ga.gov; slucki@gefa.ga.gov; Zane Grennell - Georgia DCA <zane.grennell@dca.ga.gov>; Abbie Dean <adean@srta.ga.gov>; Brittany Williams <bwilliams@srta.ga.gov>; bkeller@fayettecountyga.gov; Chris Stanley <cstanley@fayettecountyga.gov>; dbell@fayettecountyga.gov; Philip Mallon <pmallon@fayettecountyga.gov>; David Rast <drast@fayetteville-ga.gov>; jbrown@fayettevillega.gov; ngilbert@fayetteville-ga.gov; Hood, Alan C. <achood@dot.ga.gov>; Robinson, Charles A. <chrobinson@dot.ga.gov>; Vicks, Cleopatra C <cvicks@dot.ga.gov>; Woods, Chris N. <cwoods@dot.ga.gov>; 'cyvandyke@dot.ga.gov'; 'davinwilliams@dot.ga.gov'; Regis, Edlin <eregis@dot.ga.gov>; glynch@hntb.com; McLoyd, Johnathan G <JoMcLoyd@dot.ga.gov>; Delgadillo Canizares, Marlene V. <mcanizares@dot.ga.gov>; Fowler, Matthew <mfowler@dot.ga.gov>; Weiss,