

REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: January 30, 2023

TO: Mayor Edward Johnson, City of Fayetteville

ATTN TO: David Rast, Director, Community and Economic Development, City of Fayetteville

FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: 2022 Project Excalibur DRI 3813 Submitting Local Government: City of Fayetteville

<u>Date Opened</u>: January 5, 2023 <u>Date Closed:</u> January 30, 2023

<u>Description</u>: A DRI Review of proposal to construct 400,000 SF of office space and 6,600,000 SF of data center in 16 buildings on a 615 acre site off of Tyrone Road and Highway 54 in the City of Fayetteville in Fayette County. The site is currently entirely wooded and traversed by several streams.

Comments:

Key Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan assigns the Developing Suburbs growth management designation to the project site. The project is not well aligned with Developing Suburbs policy recommendations which state "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned through retention of additional undisturbed areas around sensitive stream and wetland areas and through the dedication/management of the significant proposed preserved area for conservation purposes.

A total of 1,420 surface parking spaces are proposed but no EV charging spaces appear to be identified; provision of adequate EV charging spaces would be supportive of regional EV infrastructure policies. The project is expected to generate approximately 4,336 net new daily vehicular trips; a range of roadway improvements are proposed in the TIS to mitigate generated vehicular traffic.

A multi-use trail is proposed along the GA54/Floy Farr Parkway frontage of the project; ideally the Driveway A project entrance could include a bicycle entrance leading to the internal roadway system and ultimately

bike parking at the various buildings.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

The project site is located within the Whitewater Creek Water Supply Watershed which is a public water supply source for both the City of Fayetteville and Fayette County. The City of Fayetteville's water supply watershed protection ordinance testablishes a 100-foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious setback on all perennial streams in the watershed district. Care should be taken to ensure that all applicable watershed requirements and buffer setbacks are met.

Town of Tyrone comments include: coordinate proposed roadways with the adjacent Trilith project; optimize traffic Connections between Veterans Parkway, SR-54, Tyrone Road, and Flat Creek Trail; and provide multi-use connectivity as shown in The Fayette County Master Path including greenway and side path installations along SR-54 and Veterans Parkway.

General Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a relevant growth management category designation with accompanying policy recommendations to all areas in the region. This DRI site is designated Developing Suburbs; associated policy recommendations are provided at the end of these comments.

Transportation and Mobility Comments

ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group comments are attached.

The project is expected to generate approximately 4,336 net new daily vehicular trips; a range of roadway improvements are proposed in the TIS to mitigate generated vehicular traffic.

A total of 1,420 surface parking spaces are proposed but no EV charging spaces appear to be identified; provision of adequate EV charging spaces would be supportive of regional EV infrastructure policies.

A multi-use trail is proposed along the GA54/Floy Farr Parkway frontage of the project; ideally the Driveway A project entrance could include a bicycle entrance leading to the internal roadway system and ultimately bike parking at the various buildings.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease

crossing distances for pedestrians.

ARC Natural Resources Comments

ARC's Natural Resources Group full comments are attached.

The proposed project property is located within the Whitewater Creek Water Supply Watershed which is a public water supply source for both the City of Fayetteville and Fayette County, and which is classified as a small (less than 100 square mile) water supply watershed. Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a small public water supply watershed is subject to the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391–3–16–.01, Criteria for Water Supply Watersheds) unless alternative criteria are developed and adopted by the jurisdiction according to the requirements of the Part 5 criteria and are then approved by Georgia EPD. The City of Fayetteville has a water supply watershed protection ordinance creating watershed districts that include Whitewater Creek and establishes a 100–foot vegetative buffer and 150–foot impervious setback on Whitewater as well as all perennial streams in the watershed district.

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the proposed project site plan shows an unnamed tributary to Sandy Creek running roughly southwest to northeast starting in the southern portion of the property, then along the eastern edge of the property, along with Sandy Creek (not identified on the plans) at the northern boundary of the property. The site plan also shows a several streams flowing into the primary tributary or directly into Sandy Creek. In addition to the watershed protection buffers referenced above, the City of Fayetteville also has a stream buffer ordinance requiring a 50-foot undisturbed buffer and a 75-foot impervious setback. The site plan shows, and identifies, these buffers, along with the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation buffer, on all streams shown on the site plan. No 100- and 150-foot watershed protection buffers are shown on any streams. There is one stream crossing shown on the site plan, which is exempt from the City buffers, but in several areas, roads and structures appear close to the buffers. Any intrusions into the buffers may require a variance under the City stream buffer ordinance. If any other stream on the property is subject to the City watershed protection buffers, they should be shown on the plans. Any intrusions into those buffer will also require variances.

Other Environmental Comments

A significant amount of forested, wetland, and stream buffer area associated with Sandy Creek is proposed to be retained. Additional retention of these areas would be desirable and in keeping with regional goals regarding carbon sequestration and climate change/heat island effect mitigation. Designation of this area as managed open/conservation space could meaningfully reduce the overall impact of the project. There may be potential opportunities for linking these fragmented undeveloped areas with adjacent undeveloped or protected areas to ensure their maintenance and potential use for recreation or habitat preservation.

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the large number of surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

Town of Tyrone Comments

Comments submitted by the Town of Tyrone are attached. The comments include:

- 1. Although the Trilith DRI is now complete, significant coordination between the two developments should be encouraged. Particularly regarding interparcel connectivity or road networking. None is shown. Given that Trilith's expansion has already been approved by Fayetteville, we hope this is not a moot point.
- 2. Traffic Connections between Veterans Parkway, SR-54, Tyrone Road, and Flat Creek Trail should be heavily investigated.
- 3. No multi-use connectivity is shown. The Fayette County Master Path Plan has recommended greenway and side path installations along SR-54 and Veterans Parkway with projects FTP-404 &FTP-414 (Page 32 attached). This Development should attempt to meet, at a minimum, these goals.

Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy Considerations: Developing Suburbs

The Atlanta Region's Plan identifies Developing Suburbs as areas in the region where suburban development has occurred, and the conventional development pattern is present but not set. These areas are characterized by residential development with pockets of commercial and industrial development. These areas represent the extent of the urban service area. There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses. Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible. Transportation improvements are needed within these Developing Suburbs, but care should be taken not to spur unwanted growth.

The project is not well aligned with Developing Suburbs policy recommendations which state "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned through retention of additional undisturbed areas around Sandy Creek and other streams, the provision of a management mechanism for the proposed open space/wetlands preservation area, and utilization of green infrastructure in surface parking areas. City of Fayetteville leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure optimal sensitivity to the needs of nearby local governments, neighborhoods, and natural systems.

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
FAYETTE COUNTY
CITY OF SOUTH FULTON

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY
TOWN OF TYRONE

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
CITY OF FAYETTEVILE
CITY OF PEACHTREE CITY

For questions, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378-1531 or dshockey@atlantaregional.org. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews.





Developments of Regional Impact

<u>DRI Home</u> <u>Tier Map</u> <u>Apply</u> <u>View Submissions</u> <u>Login</u>

DRI #3813 DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information. **Local Government Information** Submitting Local Fayetteville Individual completing form: David E. Rast, ASLA Telephone: 770.719.4156 E-mail: drast@fayetteville-ga.gov *Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process. **Proposed Project Information** Name of Proposed Project: Project Excalibur Location (Street Address, North of SR 54, east of Tyrone RD and Flat Creek TRL, and west of Veterans PKWY GPS Coordinates, or Legal (33.446781, -84.5222 Land Lot Description): Brief Description of Project: 7,000,000 SF data center complex on +/-615-acres, including 16 buildings with 6,600,000 SF of data center space and 400,000 SF of office space Development Type: Hotels (not selected) Wastewater Treatment Facilities Office Mixed Use Petroleum Storage Facilities Commercial Airports Water Supply Intakes/Reservoirs Wholesale & Distribution Attractions & Recreational Facilities Intermodal Terminals Hospitals and Health Care Facilities Post-Secondary Schools Truck Stops Housing Waste Handling Facilities Any other development types Ondustrial Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants If other development type, describe: Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.): 16 buildings totaling +/- 7,000,000 SF (overall) Developer: National Acquisition Company, LLC Mailing Address: 12851 Foster ST Address 2: City:Overland Park State: KS Zip:68213 Telephone: 703.861.7245 Email: carter.cromley@qtsdatacenters.com Is property owner different (not selected) Yes No from developer/applicant? If yes, property owner: Is the proposed project (not selected) Yes No

entirely located within your

local government's jurisdiction?		
If no, in what additional jurisdictions is the project located?		
Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, provide the following		
information:	Project ID: 3160	
The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	Sewer	
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?		
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?		
	This project/phase: 2023-2025 Overall project: 2032	
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DRI Home

Tier Map

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DRI #3813

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Fayetteville

Individual completing form: David E. Rast, ASLA

Telephone: 770.719.4156

Email: drast@fayetteville-ga.gov

Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Project Excalibur

DRI ID Number: 3813

Developer/Applicant: National Acquisition Company, LLC

Telephone: 703.861.7245

Email(s): carter.cromley@qtsdatacenters.com

Additional Information Requested

Has the RDC identified any additional information required in order to proceed with the official regional

review process? (If no,

(not selected) Yes No

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

Economic Development

Estimated Value at Build-

\$6,500,000,000

Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be

\$19,000,000,000

generated by the proposed development:

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand (not selected) Yes No

created by the proposed project?

Will this development displace any existing uses?

(not selected) Yes No

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

Water Supply

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Fayette County Water System

	Bitt Additional Information Form		
What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.57 MGD		
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand the existing water supply capacity:		
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?		
	Wastewater Disposal		
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	City of Fayetteville		
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.53 MGD		
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to e	expand existing wastewater treatment capacity:		
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, how much additional li an additional +/-2,500 LF to o	ine (in miles) will be required?city extending sewer to the property line, Applicant to extend connect to city sewer system		
	Land Transportation		
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	Net daily: 4,336 AM: 608 PM: 576		
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	○(not selected) Yes No		
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, please describe below	r:Pls. refer to Traffic Study prepared by Kimley-Horn		
	Solid Waste Disposal		
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	732 tons		
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:			
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, please explain:			
Stormwater Management			
What percentage of the site	-		

What percentage of the site 60% is projected to be impervious surface once the

proposed development has been constructed?			
Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the project's impacts on stormwater management. There will be multiple stormwater ponds spread around the site to capture discharge. Existing stream buffers will be maintained throughout the site.			
	Environmental Quality		
Is the development located w	within, or likely to affect any of the following:		
Water supply watersheds?	(not selected) Yes No		
Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No		
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No		
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No		
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No		
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No		
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No		
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No		
If you answered yes to any q	If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected:		
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PROJECT EXCALIBUR DRI City of Fayetteville ARC Natural Resources Department Review Comments

January 10, 2023

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified City and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Water Supply Watershed and Stream Buffer Protection

The proposed project property is located within the Whitewater Creek Water Supply Watershed which is a public water supply source for both the City of Fayetteville and Fayette County, and which is classified as a small (less than 100 square mile) water supply watershed. Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a small public water supply watershed is subject to the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391-3-16-.01, Criteria for Water Supply Watersheds) unless alternative criteria are developed and adopted by the jurisdiction according to the requirements of the Part 5 criteria and are then approved by Georgia EPD. The Part 5 criteria include an impervious limit of 25% impervious surface in the entire watershed and a 100-foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious setback along all perennial streams within 7 miles upstream of a public water supply intake. Above the 7 miles, the minimum criteria halve the buffer and setback to 50 and 75 feet, respectively. The City of Fayetteville has a water supply watershed protection ordinance creating watershed districts that include Whitewater Creek and establishes a 100-foot vegetative buffer and 150-foot impervious setback on Whitewater as well as all perennial streams in the watershed district.

Stream Buffers

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the proposed project site plan shows an unnamed tributary to Sandy Creek running roughly southwest to northeast starting in the southern portion of the property, then along the eastern edge of the property, along with Sandy Creek (not identified on the plans) at the northern boundary of the property. The site plan also shows a several streams flowing into the primary tributary or directly into Sandy Creek. In addition to the watershed protection buffers referenced above, the City of Fayetteville also has a stream buffer ordinance requiring a 50-foot undisturbed buffer and a 75-foot impervious setback. The site plan shows, and identifies, these buffers, along with the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation buffer, on all streams shown on the site plan. No 100- and 150-foot watershed protection buffers are shown on any streams. There is one stream crossing shown on the site plan, which is exempt from the City buffers, but in several areas, roads and structures appear close to the buffers. Any intrusions into the buffers may require a variance under the City stream buffer ordinance. If any other stream on the property is subject to the City watershed protection buffers, they should be shown on the plans. Any intrusions into those buffer will also require variances.

Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the City's Stream Buffer Ordinance. Any unmapped streams as well as any other waters of the state on this property are also subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control Buffer.

Stormwater/Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

January 10, 2023 Project Excalibur DRI, City of Fayetteville Page Two

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

DRI INFORMATION

DRI Number #3813

DRI Title Project Excalibur

County Fayette County

City (if applicable) Fayetteville, GA

Address / Location The proposed site is located North of SR 54, east of Tyrone Road and Flat Creek Trail,

and west of Veterans Parkway in Fayetteville, GA.

Proposed Development Type:

A DRI Review of proposal to construct 400,000 SF of office space and 6,600,000 SF of data center in 16 buildings on a 615 acre site off of Tyrone Road and Highway 54 in the City of Fayetteville in Fayette County. The site is currently entirely wooded

and traversed by several streams.

Build Out: 2032

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

REVIEW INFORMATION

Prepared by ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Reginald James

Copied Marquitrice Mangham

Date January 17, 2023

TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Kimley-Horn

Date November 1, 2022

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
XES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)
The Atlanta Region's Plan; pages 13-14 in the traffic study.
☐ NO (provide comments below)
Click here to provide comments.
REGIONAL NETWORKS 02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
 NO ∑ YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
Site Driveway A will provide access via a roadway identified as a Regional Thoroughfare.

03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

] NO
X	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	Site Driveway A will provide access via a roadway identified as a Regional Truck Route

04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

\boxtimes	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)	
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)	
	Operator / Rail Line	
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
		0.10 to 0.50 mile
		0.50 to 1.00 mile
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity

	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	☐ Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

^{*} Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

	NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
\boxtimes	NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
	YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
	CST planned within TIP period
	CST planned within first portion of long range period
	CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

\boxtimes	NOT APPLICABLE (neare	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)
	SERVICE WITHIN ONE M	ILE (provide additional information below)
	Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).
	Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
		☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile
		0.50 to 1.00 mile
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
		Click here to provide comments.
	Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
		Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity
		Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
		Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)

07.	Does a transit agency which provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within
	the jurisdiction in which the development site is located?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a comprehensive operations plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to serving the site during the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the nature of the development is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and any routes within a one mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make these connections a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

	NO		
	YES		
No transit agency operates within the jurisdiction.			

08. If the development site is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest path or trail more than one mile away)	
YES (provide additional information below)	
Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.
Distance	☐ Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)
	0.15 to 0.50 mile
	0.50 to 1.00 mile
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Bicycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets

	 Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site
OTHER T	RANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
	oes the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle onnections with adjacent parcels?
	The ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent arterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	OTHER (Please explain)
	oes the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the evelopment site safely and conveniently?
	The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site plans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key destinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large acreage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
	YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
	PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
	NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
	OTHER (Please explain)

11. Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking

connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?

Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with

the type of development proposed

re op	ne ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently duces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such apportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans thenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
fror	es the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, in the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding id network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is
ar se	ten key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move ound safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.
	YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
	PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)
	NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)
RECOMME	INDATIONS
	the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible n a constructability standpoint?
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)

	NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	☐ YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):
	None at this time.

Donald Shockey

From: phillip.trocquet@tyrone.org

Sent: phillip.trocquet@tyrone.org

Friday, January 13, 2023 9:50 AM

To: Donald Shockey

Subject: RE: 2023 Project Excalibur DRI 3813 - Preliminary Report+Comments Request **Attachments:** Fayette County CTP.pdf; Fayetteville Comp Plan Transportation Excerpt.pdf

Hey Donald,

Overall, very supportive of the project and investment in the City. Just a couple of transportation-related comments from me that I believe should be considered:

- 1. Although the Trilith DRI is now complete, significant coordination between the two developments should be encouraged. Particularly regarding interparcel connectivity or road networking. None is shown. Given that Trilith's expansion has already been approved by Fayetteville, we hope this is not a moot point.
- 2. Traffic Connections between Veterans Parkway, SR-54, Tyrone Road, and Flat Creek Trail should be heavily investigated.
 - a. Traffic dispersion through multiple connections is the best long-term sustainable traffic solution, not just for this development, but for Trilith and the surrounding area as infill occurs.
 - b. It has been stated that these need to be secure developments; perhaps any road networks or connections can favor the external boundaries of the site.
 - c. If costs are an issue, at least right-of-way dedication can be established to provide long-term traffic management flexibility for the City and County.
 - d. Fayetteville's recently update Comp Plan seems to allude to better networking and connectivity of streets with an emphasis on not focusing all traffic on the city's major arterial roads (Pg. 19-23).
 - e. The Fayette County Comprehensive Transportation Plan recommends new roadway connections starting on page 20 with project FTP-135 being a Veterans to Tyrone Rd. Connector road. This, at a minimum should be pursued to alleviate long-term congestion at the 54/Veterans/Lester intersection.
- 3. No multi-use connectivity is shown. The Fayette County Master Path Plan has recommended greenway and side path installations along SR-54 and Veterans Parkway with projects FTP-404 &FTP-414 (Page 32 attached). This Development should attempt to meet, at a minimum, these goals.

Thanks!

Phillip Trocquet, AICP
Asst. Town Manager, Town of Tyrone
Community Development | Public Works

Office: (770) 487-4038 Direct/Text: (770) 881-8322 www.tyronega.gov



From: Donald Shockey < DShockey@atlantaregional.org>

Sent: Thursday, January 5, 2023 2:37 PM

To: Robin Cailloux <RCailloux@peachtree-city.org>; chuck.mueller@dnr.state.ga.us; gaswcc.swcd@gaswcc.ga.gov; hhill@gefa.ga.gov; Jon West <jon.west@dca.ga.gov>; kmoore@gaconservancy.org; nongame.review@dnr.ga.gov; slucki@gefa.ga.gov; Zane Grennell - Georgia DCA (zane.grennell@dca.ga.gov) <zane.grennell@dca.ga.gov>; Andrew

Smith <ASmith@atlantaregional.org>; David Haynes <DHaynes@atlantaregional.org>; Donald Shockey <DShockey@atlantaregional.org>; Jean Hee P. Barrett <JBarrett@atlantaregional.org>; Jim Santo <JSanto@atlantaregional.org>; Jim Skinner <JSkinner@atlantaregional.org>; Katie Perumbeti <KPerumbeti@atlantaregional.org>; Lauren Blaszyk <LBlaszyk@atlantaregional.org>; Marquitrice Mangham <MMangham@atlantaregional.org>; Mike Alexander <MAlexander@atlantaregional.org>; Mike Carnathan <MCarnathan@atlantaregional.org>; Patrick Bradshaw <PBradshaw@atlantaregional.org>; Reginald James <RJames@atlantaregional.org>; Samyukth Shenbaga <SShenbaga@atlantaregional.org>; Wei Wang <WWang@atlantaregional.org>; December Weir <dweir@atltransit.ga.gov>; Elizabeth Davis <edavis1@atltransit.ga.gov>; dbell@fayettecountyga.gov; dbaker@tyrone.org; Phillip Trocquet <ptrocquet@tyrone.org>; slangford@tyrone.org; Derek.hull@cityofsouthfultonga.gov; trejon.singletary@cityofsouthfultonga.gov

Cc: Kronowski, Danielle <Danielle.Kronowski@kimley-horn.com>; Reynolds, Josh <josh.reynolds@kimley-horn.com>; Eisenman, Ana <ana.eisenman@kimley-horn.com>; Paul Hardy (Building Official, SafeBuilt) — <phardy@safebuilt.com>; Mansour, John <John.Mansour@qtsdatacenters.com>; Jessica Spenner <Jessica.spenner@Qtsdatacenters.com>; Flynn, Matt <Matt.Flynn@kimley-horn.com>; achood@dot.ga.gov; ccomer@dot.ga.gov; chrobinson@dot.ga.gov; cjames@dot.ga.gov; cwoods@dot.ga.gov; 'cyvandyke@dot.ga.gov'; 'davinwilliams@dot.ga.gov'; eregis@dot.ga.gov; glynch@hntb.com; jomcloyd@dot.ga.gov; mcanizares@dot.ga.gov; mfowler@dot.ga.gov; MWeiss@dot.ga.gov; mwilson@dot.ga.gov; nrogers@dot.ga.gov; ppeevy@dot.ga.gov; David Rast <drast@fayetteville-ga.gov>; dbrookins@fayetteville-ga.gov; jbrown@fayetteville-ga.gov; ngilbert@fayetteville-ga.gov
Subject: 2023 Project Excalibur DRI 3813 - Preliminary Report+Comments Request

Development of Regional Impact (DRI) – Preliminary Report/Comments Request

This e-mail serves as notice that the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) has begun a DRI review of **2023 Project Excalibur DRI 3813** as detailed in the attached **Preliminary Report/Comments Request.**

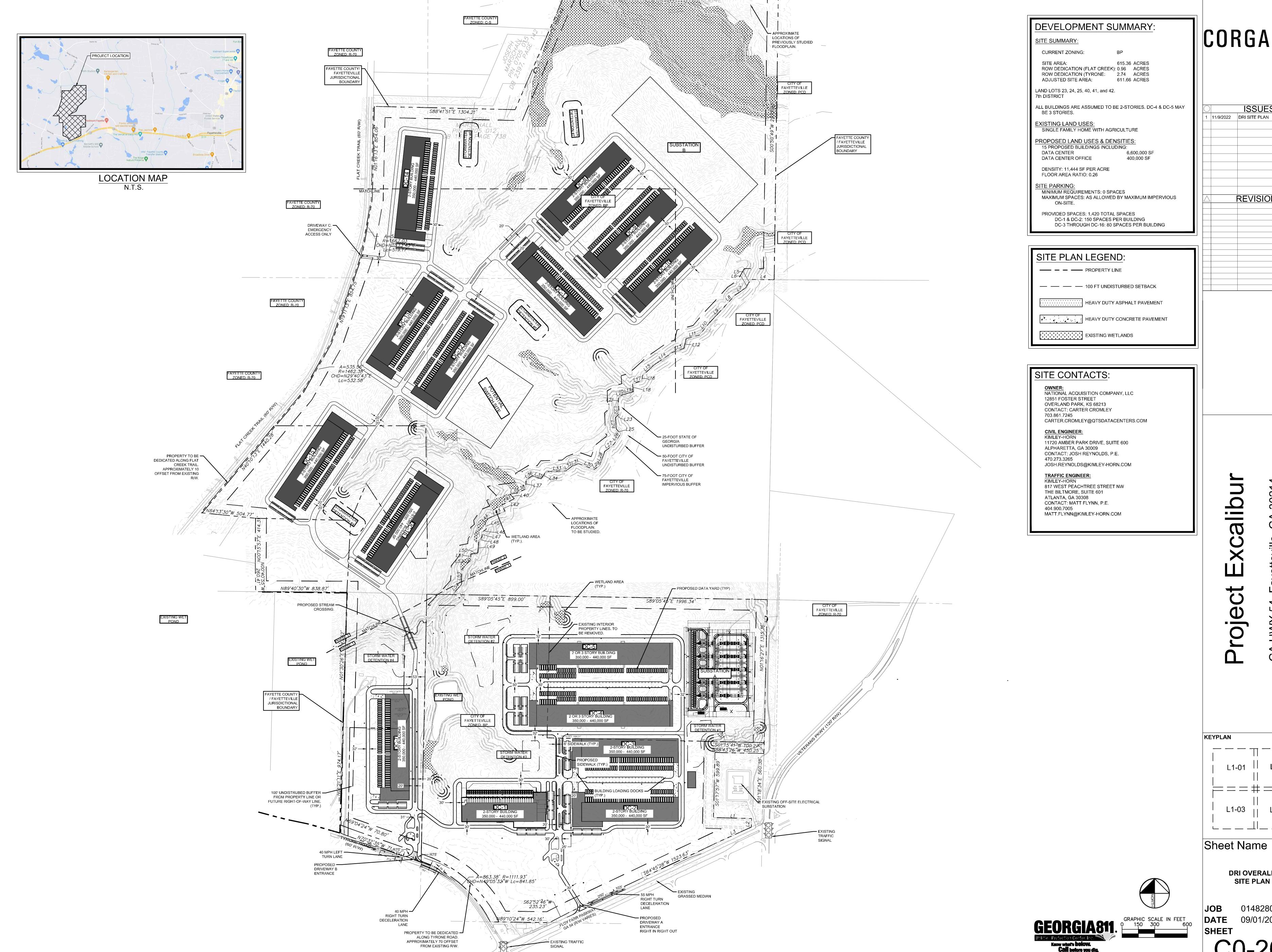
As a representative of a nearby local government or other potentially affected party, ARC requests that you or your staff review the **Report** and provide ARC any comments no later than Friday **January 20, 2023.**

Project Description: A DRI Review of proposal to construct 400,000 SF of office space and 6,600,000 SF of data center in 16 buildings on a 615 acre site off of Tyrone Road and Highway 54 in the City of Fayetteville in Fayette County. The site is currently entirely wooded and traversed by several streams.

Please submit comments to Donald Shockey at <u>dshockey@atlantaregional.org</u>. You may also view the Preliminary Report and Transportation Impact Study via the <u>ARC Plan Reviews webpage</u> beginning tomorrow by entering the project title in the search field. For more information regarding the DRI process, please visit the <u>ARC DRI webpage</u>.

Donald P. Shockey, AICP, LEED GA

Plan Review Manager, Community Development
Atlanta Regional Commission
P | 470.378.1531
DShockey@atlantaregional.org
atlantaregional.org
International Tower
229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100
Atlanta, Georgia 30303



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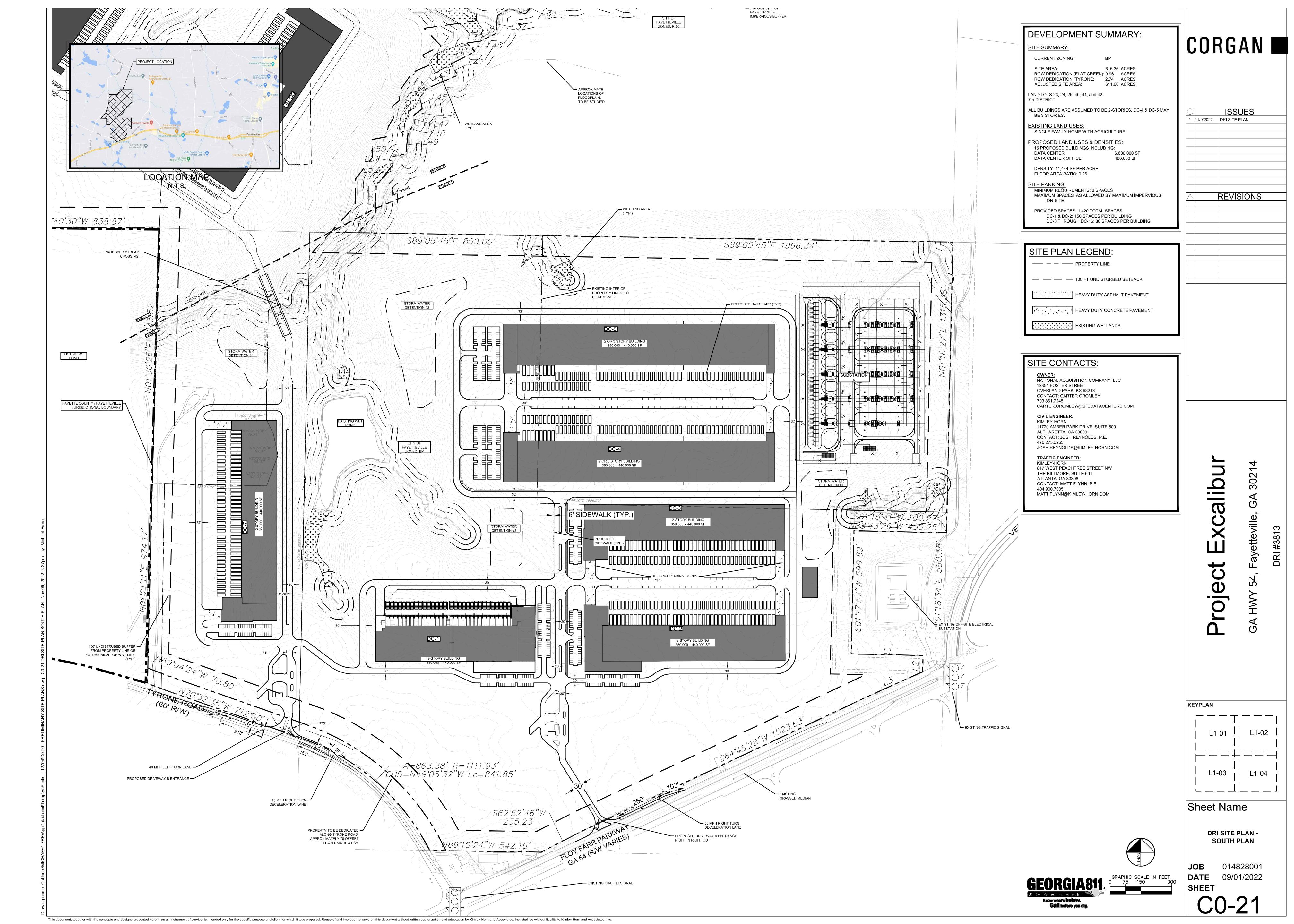
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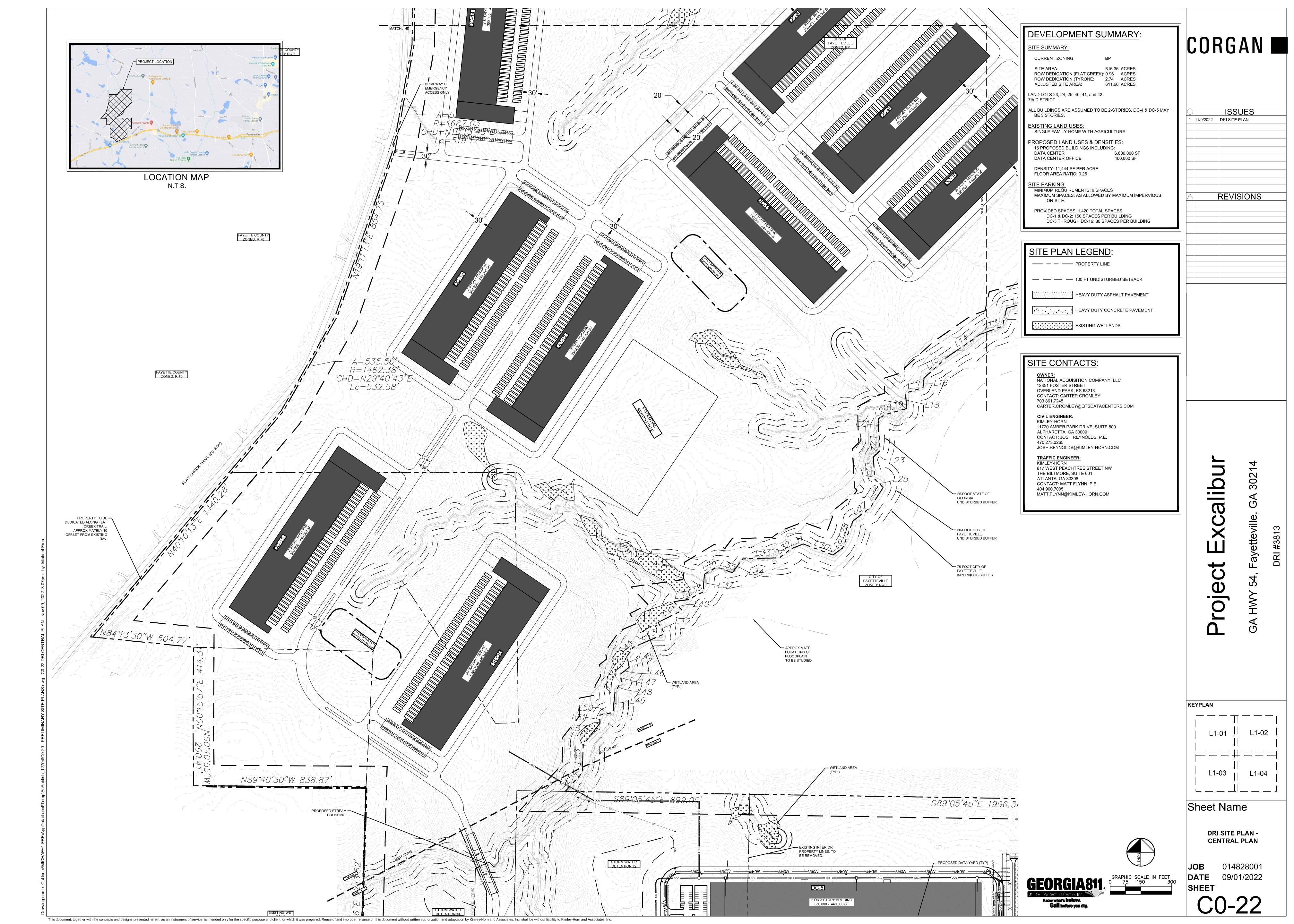
ISSUES

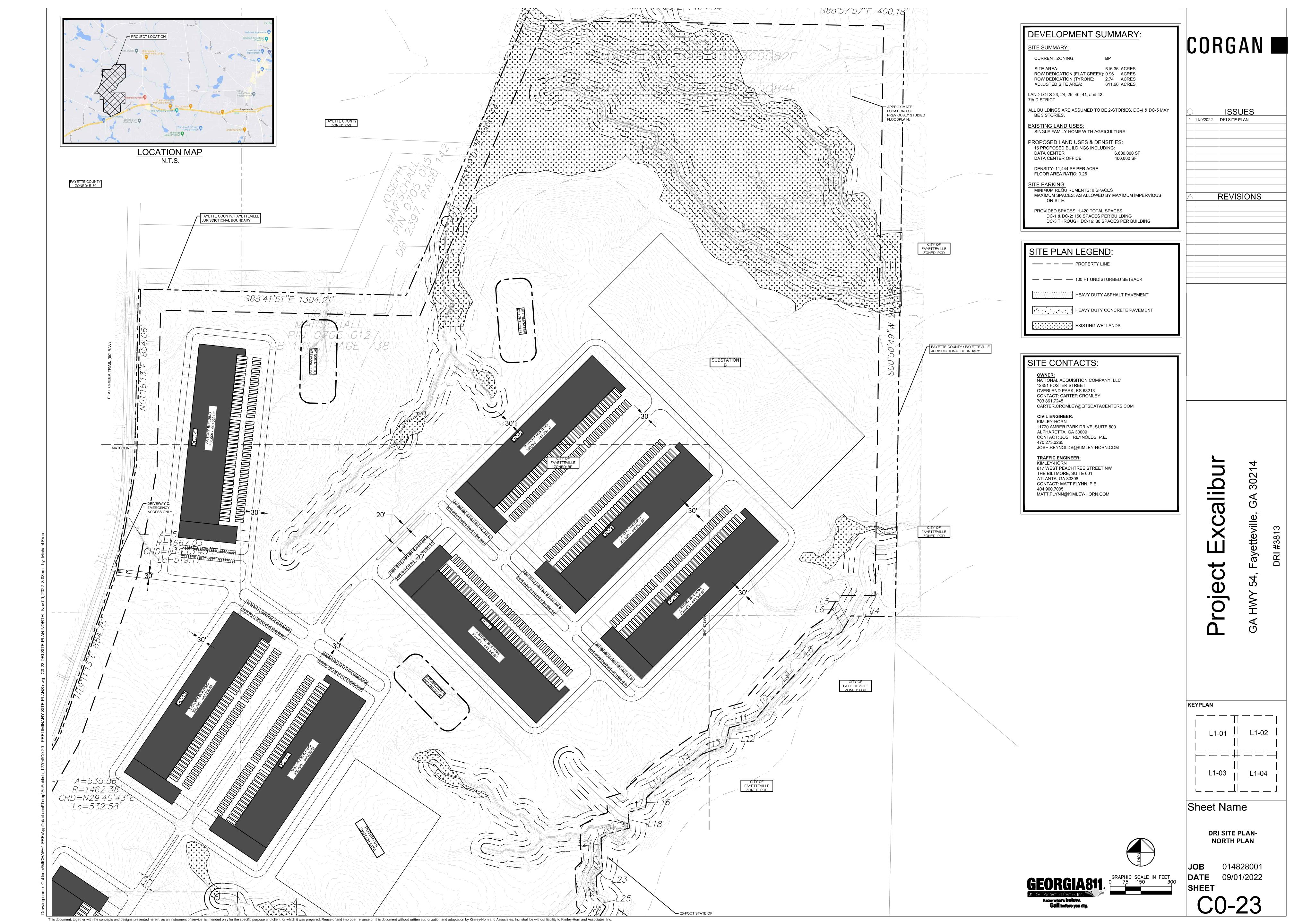
REVISIONS

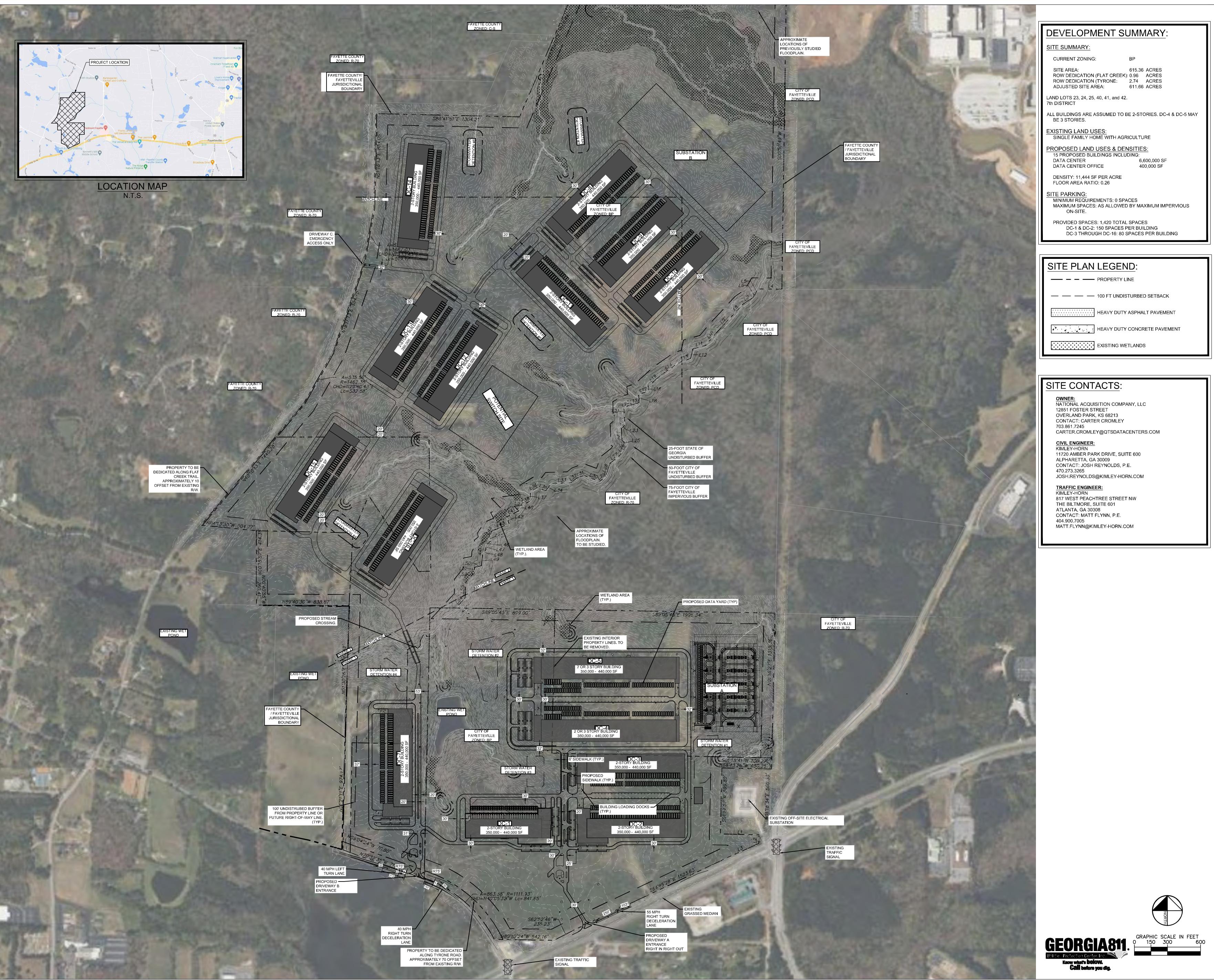
DRI OVERALL SITE PLAN

014828001 09/01/2022









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CORGAN

ISSUES

REVISIONS

1 | 11/9/2022 | DRI SITE PLAN

615.36 ACRES ROW DEDICATION (FLAT CREEK): 0.96 ACRES ROW DEDICATION (TYRONE: 2.74 ACRES ADJUSTED SITE AREA: 611.66 ACRES LAND LOTS 23, 24, 25, 40, 41, and 42. ALL BUILDINGS ARE ASSUMED TO BE 2-STORIES. DC-4 & DC-5 MAY BE 3 STORIES. EXISTING LAND USES:
SINGLE FAMILY HOME WITH AGRICULTURE PROPOSED LAND USES & DENSITIES:

15 PROPOSED BUILDINGS INCLUDING: DENSITY: 11,444 SF PER ACRE

MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: 0 SPACES

MAXIMUM SPACES: AS ALLOWED BY MAXIMUM IMPERVIOUS

ON-SITE.

PROVIDED SPACES: 1,420 TOTAL SPACES DC-1 & DC-2: 150 SPACES PER BUILDING DC-3 THROUGH DC-16: 80 SPACES PER BUILDING

SITE PLAN LEGEND:

— — — 100 FT UNDISTURBED SETBACK

HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE PAVEMENT

EXISTING WETLANDS

SITE CONTACTS:

OWNER:
NATIONAL ACQUISITION COMPANY, LLC 12851 FOSTER STREET OVERLAND PARK, KS 68213 CONTACT: CARTER CROMLEY CARTER.CROMLEY@QTSDATACENTERS.COM **CIVIL ENGINEER:** 11720 AMBER PARK DRIVE, SUITE 600 ALPHARETTA, GA 30009 CONTACT: JOSH REYNOLDS, P.E. JOSH.REYNOLDS@KIMLEY-HORN.COM

817 WEST PEACHTREE STREET NW THE BILTMORE, SUITE 601 CONTACT: MATT FLYNN, P.E.

MATT.FLYNN@KIMLEY-HORN.COM

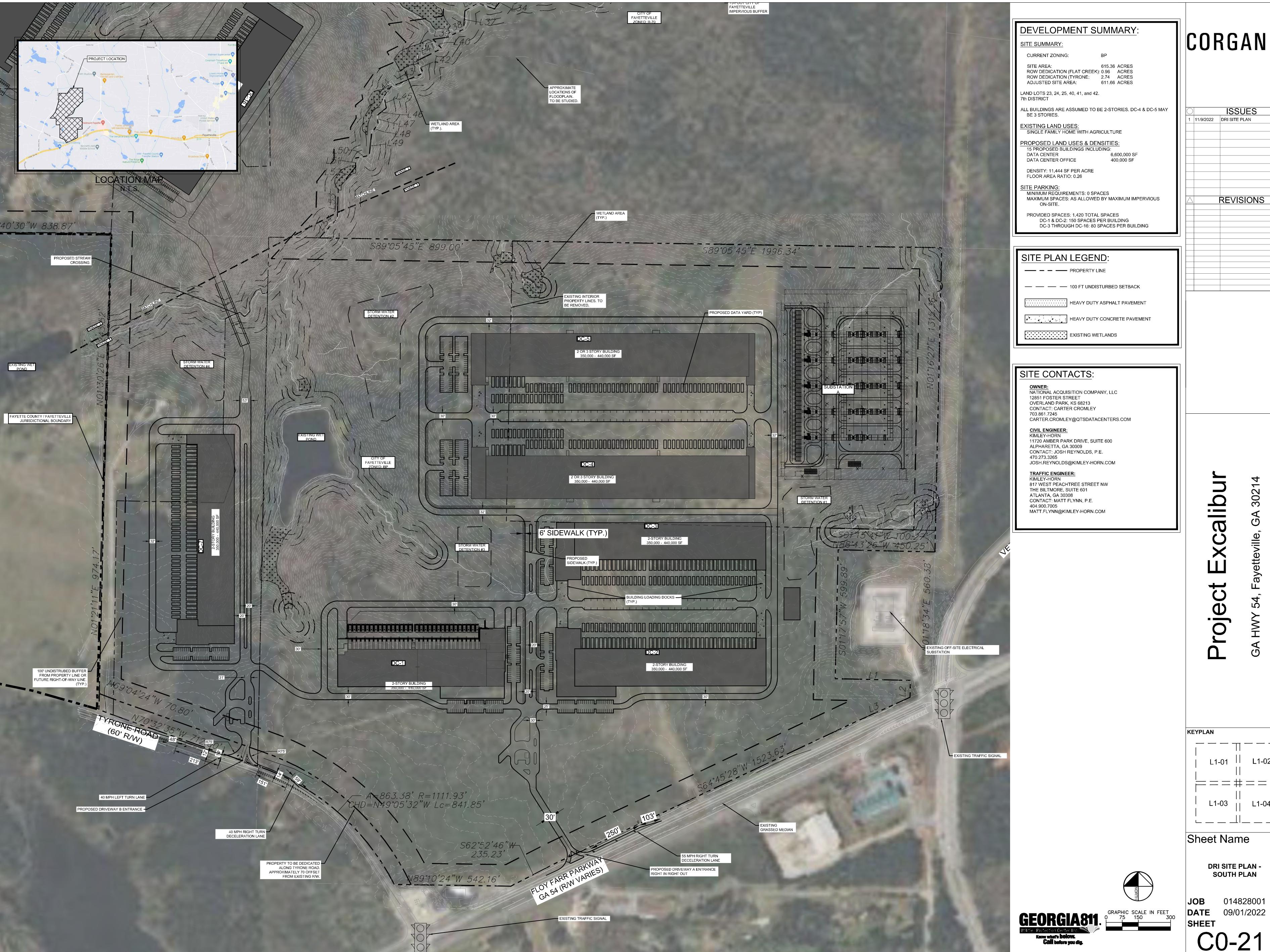
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Sheet Name

DRI OVERALL SITE PLAN

014828001 **DATE** 09/01/2022

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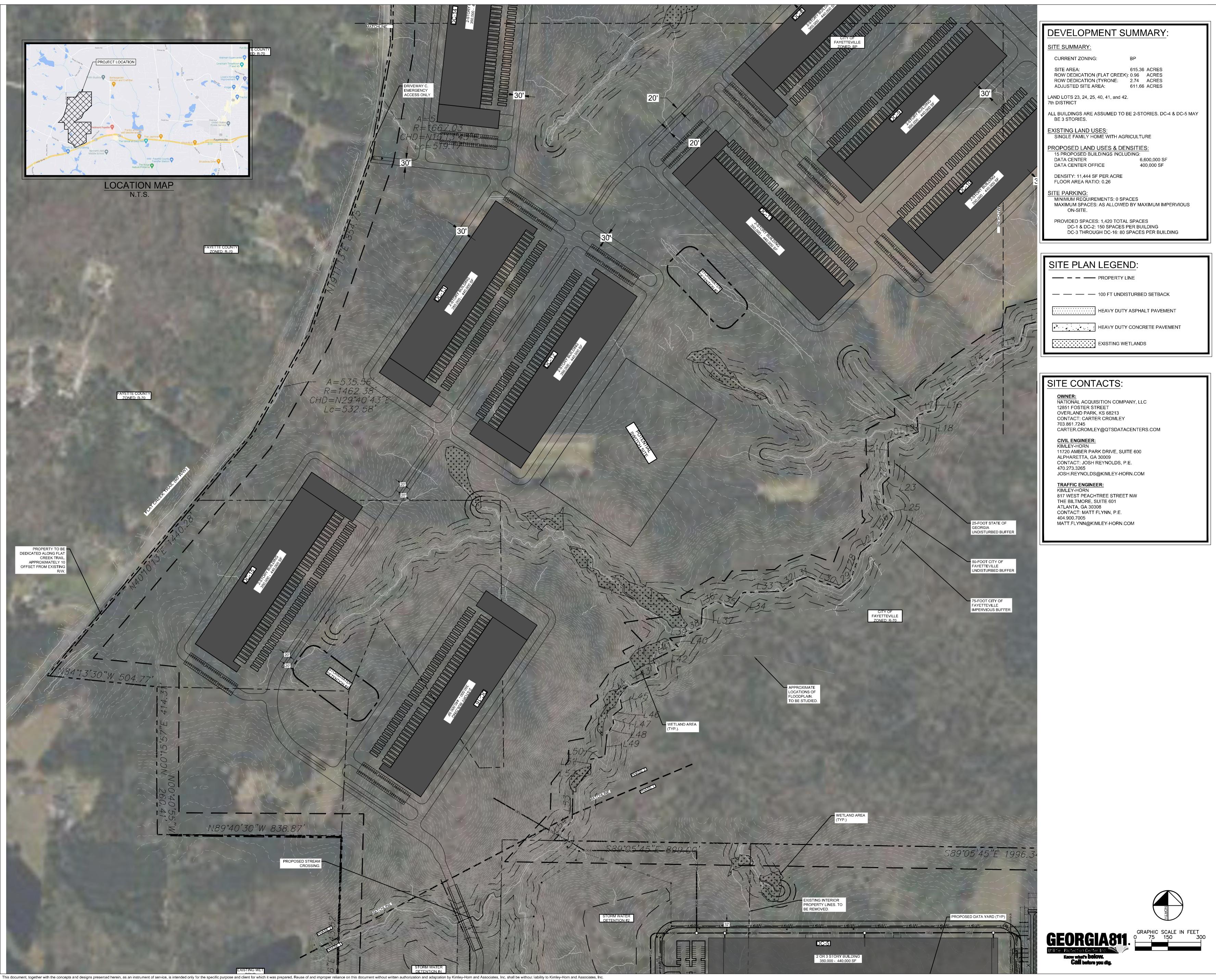
ISSUES 11/9/2022 DRI SITE PLAN

REVISIONS

L1-02

DRI SITE PLAN -SOUTH PLAN

014828001



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ISSUES 1 11/9/2022 DRI SITE PLAN

REVISIONS

CARTER.CROMLEY@QTSDATACENTERS.COM

KEYPLAN

Sheet Name

DRI SITE PLAN -**CENTRAL PLAN**

014828001

DATE 09/01/2022 SHEET

