

# **REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING**

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: October 3, 2022

TO: Chairwoman Nicole Love Hendrickson, Gwinnett County
ATTN TO: Catherine Long, Planning Manager, Gwinnett County

FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

**RE:** Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Aventon Park DRI 3734
Submitting Local Government: Gwinnett County

<u>Date Opened</u>: September 12, 2022 <u>Date Closed:</u> October 3, 2022

<u>Description</u>: A DRI review of a proposal to construct a mixed-use development consisting of 662 multifamily units with a clubhouse and amenities, 5,400 square feet of restaurant space, and 16,700 square feet of office/retail space on an approximately 58 acre site on US Highway 78 east of Rosebud Road in Gwinnett County. The currently mostly wooded site includes several wetland areas and a segment of Brushy Fork Creek.

#### Comments:

#### Key Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan assigns the Developing Suburbs growth management designation to the project site. The project is not well aligned with the portion of the Developing Suburbs policy recommendations which state "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned through retention of additional undisturbed areas and through the management of the substantial amount of proposed open wetlands/preservation area around Brushy Fork Creek for conservation purposes.

The mixed use aspect of the project is supportive of regional multi-modal transportation and placemaking policies. However, the residential elements of the project could be better integrated with the retail, office, and restaurant uses though closer placement and the possible provision of a multi-use trail or other enhanced pedestrian connection linking the residential and other uses.

The site plan does not appear to show a sidewalk along the US Highway 78 frontage or a crosswalk connection across the highway to provide pedestrian access to the grocery store on the south side of the street. Provision of these basic pedestrian accommodations would be at least minimally supportive of regional walkability and multi-modal transportation requirements and policies.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the roughly 1,229 surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

The project is expected to generate approximately 3,732 daily new vehicular trips; several improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

#### **General Comments**

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a relevant growth management category designation with accompanying policy recommendations to all areas in the region. This DRI site is designated Developing Suburbs; associated policy recommendations are provided at the end of these comments.

#### **Transportation and Mobility Comments**

ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group comments are attached.

The project is expected to generate approximately 3,732 daily new vehicular trips; several improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

EV charging spaces will be provided in accordance with Gwinnett County standards.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease crossing distances for pedestrians.

#### **ARC Natural Resources Comments**

ARC's Natural Resources Group comments are attached.

The proposed project property is located in the Big Haynes Creek Water Supply Watershed, which is a small (less than 100 square mile) watershed as defined by the Georgia DNR Part 5 Minimum Planning Criteria. Randy Poynter Reservoir, a public water supply source for Rockdale County, is located on Big Haynes Creek. Development in the watershed is subject to the requirements of the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed

Minimum Criteria or of any alternate criteria adopted by the County and approved by Georgia EPD. Gwinnett County has a watershed protection overlay for Big Haynes Creek with alternate criteria.

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the project site plan show Brushy Fork Creek, a tributary to Big Haynes Creek, running roughly north-south through the eastern portion of the property. No other streams are shown on either the USGS coverage or the proposed site plan. The site plan shows and identifies the County 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback, as well as the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer on Brushy Fork. No intrusions into any buffer are shown on the site plan.

#### **Other Environmental Comments**

Much of the existing site is wooded; additional retention of existing trees on the site would be desirable and in keeping with regional goals regarding carbon sequestration and climate change/heat island effect mitigation. A substantial portion of the site is shown as open space and water quality protection buffer areas. Designation of this area as managed open/conservation space could meaningfully reduce the overall impact of the project. There may be potential opportunities for linking these fragmented undeveloped areas with adjacent undeveloped or protected areas to ensure their maintenance and potential use for recreation or habitat preservation.

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the approximately 1,229 car and truck surface parking spaces would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

#### Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy Considerations: Developing Suburbs

The Atlanta Region's Plan identifies Developing Suburbs as areas in the region where suburban development has occurred, and the conventional development pattern is present but not set. These areas are characterized by residential development with pockets of commercial and industrial development. These areas represent the extent of the urban service area. There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses. Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible. Transportation improvements are needed within these Developing Suburbs, but care should be taken not to spur unwanted growth.

The project is not well aligned with The Atlanta Region's Plan recommendations for Developing Suburbs which call for preserving environmentally sensitive, agricultural, and forested land. The project could be made more responsive to these goals and policies by retaining additional wooded area, dedicating undisturbed areas for conservation uses, and employing green infrastructure in the surface parking areas.

Gwinnett County leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure optimal sensitivity to the needs of nearby local governments, neighborhoods, and natural systems.

#### THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
CITY OF LOGANVILLE

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY
CITY OF GRAYSON

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
CITY OF SNELLVILLE
WALTON COUNTY

For questions, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378-1531 or <a href="mailto:dshockey@atlantaregional.org">dshockey@atlantaregional.org</a>. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at <a href="http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews">http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews</a>.





#### **Developments of Regional Impact**

**DRI Home** Tier Map **View Submissions Apply** <u>Login</u>

#### **DRI #3734**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information**

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Government: Gwinnett

Individual completing form: Catherine Long

Telephone: 678.518.6106

E-mail: catherine.long@gwinnettcounty.com

\*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

#### **Proposed Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: Aventon Park

Location (Street Address, GPS US Highway 78 (Parcel ID R5125 005)

Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot Description):

Brief Description of Project: A mixed-use development on approximately 57.75 acres, consisting of 662 multifamily units with a clubhouse and amenities, plus approximately 5,400 square

feet of restaurant space and 16,700 square feet of office/retail space

Development Type:				
(not selected)	Hotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities		
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities		
Commercial	Airports	Water Supply Intakes/Reservoirs		
Wholesale & Distribution	OAttractions & Recreational Facilities	Ontermodal Terminals		
OHospitals and Health Care Facilities	Post-Secondary Schools	Truck Stops		
Housing	Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types		
Industrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants			
If other development type, describe:				
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.):				
D				

Developer: Aventon Companies

Mailing Address: 1201 Edwards Mill Road, Suite 120

Address 2:

City:Raleigh State: NC Zip:27607

Telephone: 919.451.2093

Email: rperera@aventoncompanies.com

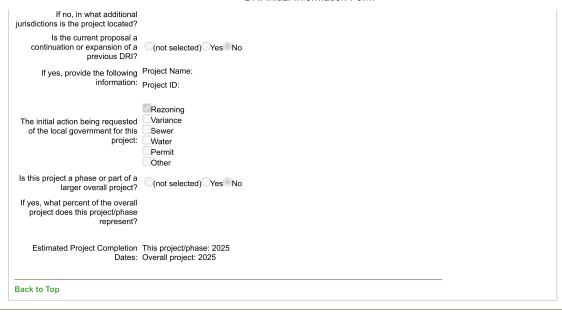
Is property owner different from

(not selected) Yes No developer/applicant?

If yes, property owner: Abe Podber, et al.

Is the proposed project entirely located within your local

(not selected) Yes No government's jurisdiction?



GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

**DRI Site Map | Contact** 





#### **Developments of Regional Impact**

**DRI Home** 

Tier Map

**Apply** 

**View Submissions** 

<u>Login</u>

#### **DRI #3734**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information**

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Gwinnett

Government:

Individual completing form: Catherine Long

Telephone: 678.518.6106

Email: catherine.long@gwinnettcounty.com

#### **Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: Aventon Park

DRI ID Number: 3734

Developer/Applicant: Aventon Companies

Telephone: 919.451.2093

Email(s): rperera@aventoncompanies.com

#### **Additional Information Requested**

Has the RDC identified any additional information

required in order to proceed with the official regional

(not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If ves, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

#### **Economic Development**

Estimated Value at Build-Out:

\$250,332,431

Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be

\$3.549.077 generated by the proposed

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed

displace any existing uses?

(not selected) Yes No

project?

Will this development

(not selected) Yes No

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

#### **Water Supply**

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Gwinnett County DWR

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.20 MGD
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand the existing water supply capacity:
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	○(not selected) ○Yes ◎No
If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?
	Wastewater Disposal
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Gwinnett County DWR
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.17 MGD
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing wastewater treatment capacity:
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, how much additional li	ne (in miles) will be required?
	Land Transportation
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	Daily: 3,732 trips; AM: 342 trips, PM: 285 trips
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, please describe below	:See traffic impact study
	Solid Waste Disposal
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	Approx. 540 tons
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing landfill capacity:
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, please explain:	
	Stormwater Management
What percentage of the site	+/-38%

What percentage of the site +/-38% is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?

	Environmental Quality
s the development located w	within, or likely to affect any of the following:
. Water supply vatersheds?	(not selected) Yes No
. Significant groundwater echarge areas?	(not selected) Yes No
s. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No
. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No
. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No
. Other environmentally ensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No
he site contains 3.71 acres	uestion above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: of wetlands along with a 1.11 acre existing pond. The majority of the wetland area is being off in its natural condition, with limited wetland impacts of approximately 1/4 acre and

GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

DRI Site Map | Contact

#### AVENTON PARK DRI

## Gwinnett County Natural Resources Group Comments September 20, 2022

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified County and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

#### **Watershed Protection**

The proposed project property is located in the Big Haynes Creek Water Supply Watershed, which is a small (less than 100 square mile) watershed as defined by the Georgia DNR Part 5 Minimum Planning Criteria. Randy Poynter Reservoir, a public water supply source for Rockdale County, is located on Big Haynes Creek. Development in the watershed is subject to the requirements of the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria or of any alternate criteria adopted by the County and approved by Georgia EPD. Gwinnett County has a watershed protection overlay for Big Haynes Creek with alternate criteria.

#### **Stream Buffers**

Both the USGS coverage for the project area and the project site plan show Brushy Fork Creek, a tributary to Big Haynes Creek, running roughly north-south through the eastern portion of the property. No other streams are shown on either the USGS coverage or the proposed site plan. The site plan shows and identifies the County 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback, as well as the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer on Brushy Fork. No intrusions into any buffer are shown on the site plan. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to the County and State buffers. Any unmapped waters of the state will also be subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

#### **Stormwater/Water Quality**

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (<a href="www.georgiastormwater.com">www.georgiastormwater.com</a>) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

# **Development of Regional Impact**

## **Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan**

#### **DRI INFORMATION**

DRI Number #3734

**DRI Title** Aventon Park

**County** Gwinnett County

City (if applicable) N/A

Address / Location Along Athens Highway (SR 10/US 78) and east of Rosebud Road

**Proposed Development Type:** 

Proposed construction of a mixed-use development consisting of 662 multifamily units with a clubhouse and amenities, 5,400 square feet of restaurant space, and 16,700 square feet of office/retail space on an approximately 58 acre site on US Highway 78 east of Rosebud Road in Gwinnett County. The currently mostly wooded site includes several wetland areas and a segment of Brushy Fork Creek.

**Build Out: 2026** 

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

#### **REVIEW INFORMATION**

**Prepared by** ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Reginald James

**Copied** Marquitrice Mangham

Date September 15, 2022

#### **TRAFFIC STUDY**

Prepared by Kimley-Horn

Date August 1, 2022

# REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connectin the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?	g
YES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevan projects are identified)	t
Click here to provide comments.	
NO (provide comments below)	
No programmed or planned projects were identified in the study.	
REGIONAL NETWORKS	
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares	?
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.	
□ NO	
XES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)	
Athens Highway (SR 10/US 78) will provide accessibility via both access points (Driveways A and B)	١.

#### 03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

	NO
$\boxtimes$	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	Athens Highway (SR 10/US 78) will provide accessibility via both access points (Driveways A
	and B).

# 04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

$\boxtimes$	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)			
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)			
	Operator / Rail Line			
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line		
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)		
		☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile		
		0.50 to 1.00 mile		
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity		
		Page 3 c		

	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	☐ Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

<sup>\*</sup> Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
CST planned within TIP period
CST planned within first portion of long range period
CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

$\boxtimes$	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)			
	SERVICE WITHIN ONE M	ILE (provide additional information below)		
	Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).		
	Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).		
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)		
		0.10 to 0.50 mile		
		0.50 to 1.00 mile		
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity		
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete		
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)		
		Click here to provide comments.		
	Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity		
		Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity		
		Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets		
		Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)		
	* Following the most di	irect feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the		

development site

07.	Does a transit agency which provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within
	the jurisdiction in which the development site is located?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a comprehensive operations plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to serving the site during the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the nature of the development is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and any routes within a one mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make these connections a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

$\boxtimes$	NO				
	YES				
Clic	k here	to	provide	comm	ents

08. If the development site is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

X	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest path or trail more than one mile away)			
	YES (provide additional information below)			
	Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.		
	Distance	☐ Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)		
		0.15 to 0.50 mile		
		0.50 to 1.00 mile		
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity		
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete		
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)		
	Bicycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity		
		☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity		
		Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets		

* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site	
OTHER TRANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS	
09. Does the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle connections with adjacent parcels?	
The ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent arterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible	
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)	
YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)	
NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)	
OTHER ( Please explain)	
10. Does the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the development site safely and conveniently? The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site	
plans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key destinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large acreage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.	
YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical a bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)	ınd
PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)	
NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)	
NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)	
OTHER ( Please explain)	
Internal pedestrian 5-foot sidewalk facilities are proposed to be included throughout the site	

Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with

the type of development proposed

	nections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?
re	ne ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently duces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans thenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
fror	es the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, in the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding d network?
The of are see	de ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is ten key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move round safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways,
The of are see	the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding denetwork?  The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is siten key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move round safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.
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The of are see	the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding denetwork?  The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is siten key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move ound safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be agregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.  YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)  PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary

# **RECOMMENDATIONS**

13.	Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible from a constructability standpoint?		
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)		
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)		
	□ NO (see comments below)		
	Click here to enter text.		
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?		
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)		
	YES (see comments below)		
	Click here to enter text.		
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):		
	None at this time.		

