

# **REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING**

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

**DATE**: Oct 28 2022

TO: Mayor Trey King, City of Dacula

ATTN TO: Brittni Nix, Director Planning and Economic Development, City of Dacula

FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

**RE:** Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Allora Dacula DRI 3750
Submitting Local Government: City of Dacula

<u>Date Opened</u>: October 11, 2022 <u>Date Closed:</u> October 28, 2022

<u>Description</u>: A DRI review of a proposal to construct a mixed-Use development with 378 multifamily units, 233 townhouse units, and 473,200 square feet of industrial space on a 103 acre off of Stanley Road in the City of Dacula in Gwinnett County.

#### **Comments:**

#### **Key Comments**

The Atlanta Region's Plan assigns the Developing Suburbs growth management designation to the project site. The project is not well aligned with Developing Suburbs policy recommendations which state "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned through retention of additional undisturbed areas and through the management of the substantial amount of proposed open space for conservation purposes.

The project includes 603 residential units and two large distribution warehouses but no retail or commercial component. The lack of any neighborhood accessory retail component is not in keeping with basic mixed-use planning principles. Inclusion of even a minimal amount of neighborhood retail and possibly some restaurant space in the central area of the site would allow for residents to access some basic services by biking, walking, or a short car trip rather than a longer trip to destinations far outside of the development.

The project is located in the Alcovy River Water Supply Watershed and any corresponding applicable state or local watershed protection requirements will need to be met.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the roughly 1,102 surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

The project is expected to generate approximately 4,208 daily new vehicular trips; several improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

The TIS notes that pedestrian facilities will be provided throughout the development but the location of these facilities is not apparent on the site plan; because of the size of the development, a hierarchy of pedestrian amenities, including a wider multi-use path connecting Parcels A, B, C, and D, with standard sidewalks within each Parcel, would support regional multi-modal transportation goals.

## **General Comments**

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a relevant growth management category designation with accompanying policy recommendations to all areas in the region. This DRI site is designated Developing Suburbs; associated policy recommendations are provided at the end of these comments.

The project includes 603 residential units and two large distribution warehouses but no retail or commercial component. The lack of any neighborhood accessory retail component is not in keeping with basic mixed-use planning principles. Inclusion of even a minimal amount of neighborhood retail and possibly some restaurant space in the central area of the site would allow for residents to access some basic services by biking, walking, or a short car trip rather than a longer trip to destinations far outside of the development.

#### <u>Transportation and Mobility Comments</u>

ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group comments are attached.

The TIS notes that pedestrian facilities will be provided throughout the development but the location of these facilities is not apparent on the site plan; because of the size of the development, a hierarchy of pedestrian amenities, including a wider multi-use path connecting Parcels A, B, C, and D, with standard sidewalks within each Parcel, would support regional multi-modal transportation goals.

The project is expected to generate approximately 4,208 daily new vehicular trips; several improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease crossing distances for pedestrians.

#### **ARC Natural Resources Comments**

ARC's Natural Resources Group comments are attached.

The proposed project property is located within the Alcovy River Water Supply Watershed, which is a small (less than 100 square mile) watershed and is a public water supply source for the City of Monroe in Walton County. Although outside the Atlanta Region and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District, the Monroe intake is only a few miles from the Gwinnett County line, making development in the Gwinnett portion of the watershed subject to the requirements of the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria or of any alternate criteria adopted by the City and approved by Georgia EPD.

Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a public water supply watershed is subject to the Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391–3–16–.01). The minimum criteria in a small water supply watershed include: a limit on impervious surfaces of either 25 percent of the watershed area or the existing amount, whichever is greater; buffer requirements on perennial streams that include a 50–foot undisturbed buffer and 75–foot impervious setback on streams that are more than 7 miles upstream of the closest intake; and requirements for hazardous materials and hazardous waste. It is our understanding that the City of Dacula has a watershed protection district for the Alcovy watershed that includes the State criteria.

The USGS coverage for the project area shows Hopkins Creek running along the eastern side of the project property and an unnamed intermittent stream running north to south through the western portion of the project. The submitted site plan shows both those streams and two other unnamed streams at the center and eastern side of the project property. Although not specifically identified, the site plan shows the 25–foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the 50–foot undisturbed buffer and additional 25–foot (total 75–foot) impervious surface setback required by the City of Dacula Stream Buffer Ordinance. No new intrusions (Stanley Road crosses two streams at the edge of the project property) into the buffers are shown on the submitted project plan

#### **Other Environmental Comments**

Much of the existing site is wooded; additional retention of existing trees on the site would be desirable and in keeping with regional goals regarding carbon sequestration, water quality protection, and climate change/heat island effect mitigation. A portion of the site is shown as open space and water quality protection buffer areas. Designation of this area as managed open/conservation space could meaningfully reduce the overall impact of the project. There may be potential opportunities for linking these fragmented

undeveloped areas with adjacent undeveloped or protected areas to ensure their maintenance and potential use for recreation or habitat preservation.

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the approximately 1,102 car and truck surface parking spaces would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

# Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy Considerations: Developing Suburbs

The Atlanta Region's Plan identifies Developing Suburbs as areas in the region where suburban development has occurred, and the conventional development pattern is present but not set. These areas are characterized by residential development with pockets of commercial and industrial development. These areas represent the extent of the urban service area. There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses. Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible. Transportation improvements are needed within these Developing Suburbs, but care should be taken not to spur unwanted growth.

The project is not well aligned with The Atlanta Region's Plan recommendations for Developing Suburbs which call for preserving environmentally sensitive, agricultural, and forested land. The project could be made more responsive to these goals and policies by retaining additional wooded area, dedicating undisturbed areas for conservation uses, employing green infrastructure in the surface parking areas, and including a minimal neighborhood retail component. City of Dacula leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure optimal sensitivity to the needs of nearby local governments, neighborhoods, and natural systems.

#### THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
CITY OF LAWRENCEVILLE

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY
CITY OF AUBURN

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
GWINNETT COUNTY

For questions, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378-1531 or <a href="mailto:dshockey@atlantaregional.org">dshockey@atlantaregional.org</a>. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at <a href="http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews">http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews</a>.





## **Developments of Regional Impact**

**DRI Home** Tier Map **View Submissions** <u>Login</u> <u>Apply</u>

#### **DRI #3750**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information**

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Government: Dacula Individual completing form: Brittni Nix

Telephone: 7709637451

E-mail: brittni.nix@daculaga.gov

\*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

#### **Proposed Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: Allora Dacula

Location (Street Address, GPS Land Lots 270, 271 & 275 of the 5th District of Dacula, Gwinnett County Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot

Description):

Brief Description of Project:	473,200 square feet of industrial space.	ly units, 233 townhouse units, and	
Development Type:			
(not selected)	Hotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities	
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities	
Commercial	Airports	OWater Supply Intakes/Reservoirs	
Wholesale & Distribution	OAttractions & Recreational Facilities	Ontermodal Terminals	
OHospitals and Health Care Facil	ities Post-Secondary Schools	OTruck Stops	
Housing	Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types	
Olndustrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, describe	<b>9</b> :		
	378 multifamily units, 233 townhouse units, space.	and 473,200 square feet of industrial	
Developer:	Maple Multi Family Land SE, L.P.		
Mailing Address:	3715 Northside Parkway, Building 200, Suit	e 800	
Address 2:			
	City:Atlanta State: GA Zip:30327		
Telephone:	678-977-2313		
Email:	jadams@tcr.com		
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, property owner:	Walton Georgia, LLC		
Is the proposed project entirely	(not colocted) Voc No		

If no, in what additional jurisdictions is the project located?	
Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, provide the following	Project Name:
information:	Project ID:
The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	Sewer
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?	(not selected) Yes No
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?	
	This project/phase: Nov 2024 Overall project: Nov 2024
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DRI Site Map | Contact





#### **Developments of Regional Impact**

**DRI Home** 

Tier Map

**Apply** 

**View Submissions** 

<u>Login</u>

#### **DRI #3750**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information**

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Government: Dacula

Individual completing form: Brittni Nix

Telephone: 7709637451

Email: brittni.nix@daculaga.gov

#### **Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: Allora Dacula

DRI ID Number: 3750

Developer/Applicant: Maple Multi Family Land SE, L.P.

Telephone: 678-977-2313 Email(s): jadams@tcr.com

#### **Additional Information Requested**

Has the RDC identified any additional information

required in order to proceed with the official regional

(not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No

to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

#### **Economic Development**

Estimated Value at Build-Out:

\$235,000,000

Estimated annual local tax

revenues (i.e., property tax, \$3,100,000 sales tax) likely to be

generated by the proposed

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed project?

(not selected) Yes No

Will this development displace any existing uses?

(not selected) Yes No

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

#### Water Supply

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Gwinnett County

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.32 MGD	
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to e	expand the existing water supply capacity:	
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	○(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?	
	Wastewater Disposal	
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Gwinnett County	
What is the estimated sewage flow to be		
generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.18 MGD	
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected)  Yes  No	
If no, describe any plans to e	expand existing wastewater treatment capacity:	
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, how much additional li	ine (in miles) will be required?	
	Land Transportation	
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	Daily: 4,206 trips (AM: 345 trips; PM: 362 trips)	
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	○(not selected) ○Yes ○No	
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	○(not selected)  Yes  No	
If yes, please describe below	r:See traffic impact study	
	Solid Waste Disposal	
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	2,898 ton.year	
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected) ○Yes ○No	
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:		
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	○(not selected) ─Yes <sup>©</sup> No	
If yes, please explain:		
Stormwater Management		
What percentage of the site is projected to be	75% impervious	

what percentage of the site 75% impervious is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?

Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the project's impacts on stormwater management:Stormwater ponds will be implemented to provide attenuation of the post-developed runoff from the site, and will include provisions for providing water quality treatment and runoff reduction.  Natural site features will be preserved, including wetlands,stream buffers and floodplain.		
Environmental Quality		
Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:		
1. Water supply watersheds?	(not selected) Yes No	
2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No	
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No	
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No	
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No	
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No	
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected:		
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#### ALLORA DACULA DRI

## City of Dacula Natural Resources Group Comments October 12, 2022

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified City and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

#### **Watershed Protection**

The proposed project property is located within the Alcovy River Water Supply Watershed, which is a small (less than 100 square mile) watershed and is a public water supply source for the City of Monroe in Walton County. Although outside the Atlanta Region and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District, the Monroe intake is only a few miles from the Gwinnett County line, making development in the Gwinnett portion of the watershed subject to the requirements of the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria or of any alternate criteria adopted by the City and approved by Georgia EPD.

Under the Georgia Planning Act of 1989, all development in a public water supply watershed is subject to the Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria (Chapter 391-3-16-.01). The minimum criteria in a small water supply watershed include: a limit on impervious surfaces of either 25 percent of the watershed area or the existing amount, whichever is greater; buffer requirements on perennial streams that include a 50-foot undisturbed buffer and 75-foot impervious setback on streams that are more than 7 miles upstream of the closest intake; and requirements for hazardous materials and hazardous waste. It is our understanding that the City of Dacula has a watershed protection district for the Alcovy watershed that includes the State criteria.

#### **Stream Buffers**

The USGS coverage for the project area shows Hopkins Creek running along the eastern side of the project property and an unnamed intermittent stream running north to south through the western portion of the project. The submitted site plan shows both those streams and two other unnamed streams at the center and eastern side of the project property. Although not specifically identified, the site plan shows the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the 50-foot undisturbed buffer and additional 25-foot (total 75-foot) impervious surface setback required by the City of Dacula Stream Buffer Ordinance. No new intrusions (Stanley Road crosses two streams at the edge of the project property) into the buffers are shown on the submitted project plan. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to the City of Dacula Stream Buffer Ordinance and State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer. Any unmapped waters of the state will also be subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

#### **Stormwater/Water Quality**

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (<a href="www.georgiastormwater.com">www.georgiastormwater.com</a>) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

# **Development of Regional Impact**

# **Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan**

#### **DRI INFORMATION**

DRI Number #3750

**DRI Title** Allora Dacula

**County** Gwinnett County

City (if applicable) City of Dacula

Address / Location N/A

**Proposed Development Type:** 

A proposal to construct a mixed-use development with 378 multifamily units, 233 townhouse units, and 473,200 square feet of industrial space on a 103 acre mostly wooded site off of Stanley Road in the City of Dacula in Gwinnett County.

Build Out: 2025

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

## **REVIEW INFORMATION**

**Prepared by** ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Reginald James

**Copied** Marquitrice Mangham

Date October 24, 2022

#### TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Kimley-Horn

Date October 3, 2022

# REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
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RTP, pg. 16.
NO (provide comments below)
Click here to provide comments.
REGIONAL NETWORKS
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
NO
YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
No Driveway provides access to a roadway identified as a Regional Thoroughfare.

## 03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

X	NO
	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	No Driveway provide access to a road identified as a Regional Truck Route

# 04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

$\boxtimes$	NOT APPLICABLE (neare.	st station more than one mile away)	
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
	Operator / Rail Line		
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line	
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
		0.10 to 0.50 mile	
		0.50 to 1.00 mile	
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	

	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

<sup>\*</sup> Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

# 05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

	NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
$\boxtimes$	NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
	YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
	CST planned within TIP period
	CST planned within first portion of long range period
	CST planned near end of plan horizon

No rail service exists in the City of Dacula.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (neares	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)
SERVICE WITHIN ONE M	ILE (provide additional information below)
Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).
Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).
Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
	☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile
	0.50 to 1.00 mile
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)

		which provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within the development site is located?	
	or prefer not to drive, can help reduce trafficomprehensive operal serving the site during nature of the develop to the site is not feasiensure good walking any routes within a of	r developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and c congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a tions plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to g the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the ment is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service ble or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and me mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make unding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.	
	NO		
	✓ YES		
G	GRTA Xpress		
	f the development site on accessibility conditi	e is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide informatior ons.	
	Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant parallel or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.		
	NOT APPLICABLE (	nearest path or trail more than one mile away)	
	YES (provide addit	ional information below)	
	Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.	
	Distance	☐ Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)	
		☐ 0.15 to 0.50 mile	
		☐ 0.50 to 1.00 mile	
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity	
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
		<ul> <li>Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)</li> </ul>	
	Bicycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity	

Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity

Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets

	* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site
OTHER TR	ANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
	es the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle inections with adjacent parcels?
a	the ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent reterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities nould be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	OTHER ( Please explain)
	es the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the velopment site safely and conveniently?
ro p d	the ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces eliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site lans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key estinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large creage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
	YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
	PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
	NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
	OTHER ( Please explain)

11. Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking

connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?

Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with

the type of development proposed

	reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	XES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
	Does the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, from the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding road network?
	The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, sidewalks, paths and other facilities.
	YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
	PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)
	NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)
RECOM	<u>IMENDATIONS</u>
	Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible from a constructability standpoint?
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)

	NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):
	Click here to enter text.
	None at this time.

