

REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: December 19, 2022

TO: Mayor Andre Dickens, City of Atlanta
ATTN TO: Monique Forte, Planner III, City of Atlanta

FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Sawtell DRI 3727

Submitting Local Government: City of Atlanta

<u>Date Opened</u>: November 28, 2022 <u>Date Closed:</u> December 19, 2022

<u>Description</u>: A DRI review of a proposal to build a mixed-use project with 2,300 multi-family residential units, 33,800 SF of office space, 27,000 SF of retail, and 61,700 SF of restaurant space on the approximately 40 acre vacant site of the former GM plant on Sawtell Avenue in the Chosewood Park neighborhood of the City of Atlanta.

Comments:

Key Comments

The project is strongly aligned with applicable Maturing Neighborhoods policy recommendations which note: "infill development, redevelopment, and adaptive reuse of existing buildings in this area needs to be balanced with the preservation of existing single-family neighborhoods, as well as the need for additional usable parks and greenspace close to residents, including amenities such as trails and sidewalks."

The project directly advances a broad range of regional policies related to walkable mixed-used development, natural resource conservation and environmental protection, transit-oriented development, adaptive reuse, and placemaking among others.

While the project will generate a significant number of new vehicular trips, its mixed-use and highly walkable design, as well as its adjacency to existing MARTA bus service, future MARTA Summerhill BRT services, and the Atlanta Beltline, offer meaningful multi-modal alternatives to driving.

The project density is appropriate to its location and provides substantial new households to support existing and new businesses as well as retail and commercial destinations for surrounding neighborhoods.

The project is creating several acres of publicly accessibly green space; few or no existing trees or natural features are being removed.

The project is expected to generate a total of 11,530 new daily vehicular trips; several roadway improvements to mitigate this impact are proposed.

The placemaking aspects of the project warrant substantial further consideration; the current plan misses the opportunity to create a new neighborhood node/gathering place for the Chosewood Park neighborhood and to create a visual connection from the project's edge to the generous but entirely internal park proposed at the center of the site.

The project does not have a strategy for prioritizing bicycle and pedestrian connections to the Atlanta Beltline and the Summerhill BRT station which are within walking distance; ensuring safe and appealing routes to these key alternate transportation options is critical for mitigating the substantial vehicular traffic impact of the project.

General Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a growth management category designation with accompanying policy recommendations to all areas in the region. This DRI site is designated as Maturing Neighborhoods; corresponding recommendations are provided in the last section of this report.

The project directly advances a broad range of regional policies related to walkable mixed-used development, natural resource conservation and environmental protection, transit-oriented development, adaptive reuse, and placemaking among others.

However, the placemaking aspects of the project fall well short of the opportunities presented and warrant substantial further consideration. The current plan misses the chance to create a new neighborhood node/gathering place for the Chosewood Park neighborhood ideally at the corner of McDonough Boulevard and Sawtell Avenue which currently shows an office building or possibly around some remnants of the original factory as was discussed at the Pre–Review Meeting. The plan appears to show the retail and restaurant uses centered around a new entrance street that aligns with Eric Street. This may be an appropriate location for a neighborhood hub but the plan needs to show how McDonough will be easily crossed here and how the project elements align with development currently under construction on the north side of McDonough.

The plan also does not create a visual connection from the project's edge to the generous but entirely internal park proposed at the center of the site. Further it's unclear where the 61,700 SF of restaurant space will be placed; again the possibility of grouping the restaurant uses around a common plaza or pocket park was discussed at the Pre–Review Meeting but is not reflected in the site plan. Two additional greenspaces are hidden at the rear edge of the project adjacent to the rail tracks; placing some of this park space along the Sawtell or McDonough frontages would have much more of a placemaking impact.

Transportation and Mobility Comments

ARC's Transportation and Mobility Comments are attached.

The project is expected to generate a total of roughly 11,530 daily new car trips. Roadway improvements to mitigate the traffic impact are proposed. The project is located within walking distance of the Atlanta Beltline as well as the southern terminus of the MARTA Summerhill BRT project under construction.

Ensuring safe and appealing routes to these alternate transportation options is critical for mitigating the substantial vehicular traffic impact of the project but it's not clear from the TIS or site plan how this will be accomplished. Further, the site plan misses a key opportunity to create a multi-use trail route within the site so that residents on bikes or on foot don't have to compete with cars to leave the site to reach external connections. These connections are key to acheiving the stated mixed-use and alternate mode vehicular trip reductions and need to be further considered and developed.

A total of 3,160 parking spaces are proposed in a mix of surface, street, and structured parking facilities which is substantially higher than the 2,080 spaces required. A reduction in parking spaces would be in keeping with regional transportation goals.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease crossing distances for pedestrians.

ARC Natural Resources Group Comments

ARC Natural Resources Group Comments are attched.

Environment Comments

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan by incorporating other aspects of regional environmental policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages. Adequate tree canopy to reduce the urban heat island effect of the any surface parking spaces proposed would also reinforce regional heat and climate change mitigation goals.

Inclusion of additional EV charging stations would be supportive of regional EV infrastructure development plans.

<u>Unified Growth Policy Considerations: Maturing Neighborhoods</u>

This DRI site falls under the UGPM Maturing Neighborhoods category which are older neighborhoods that include both single– and multi–family development, as well as commercial and office uses at connected key locations, that were mostly built out before 1980. They represent the largest part of the region that is facing infill and redevelopment pressures. In many cases, infrastructure is in place to handle additional growth, but in some areas, infrastructure is built out with limited capacity for expansion. This may constrain the amount of additional growth possible in certain areas. Many arterial streets in this area are congested due to their use as regional routes for commuters. Limited premium transit service is available in these areas.

The demand for infill development, redevelopment, and adaptive reuse of existing buildings in this area needs to be balanced with the preservation of existing single–family neighborhoods, as well as the need for additional usable parks and greenspace close to residents, including amenities such as trails and sidewalks. The intensity and land use of this project strongly aligns with The Atlanta Region's Plan's recommendations for Maturing Neighborhoods. The project utilizes previously developed land for new higher–density office, retail, and residential uses in a manner that can relieve development pressure on surrounding single family neighborhoods. However, the placemaking and multi–modal connectivity elements of the plan need much further consideration and development. City of Atlanta leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure absolute maximum sensitivity to nearby local governments, neighborhoods, land uses and natural systems.

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
ATLANTA BELTLINE
DEKALB COUNTY

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY
CITY OF ATLANTA
ATLANTA PUBLIC SCHOOLS

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
MARTA
FULTON COUNTY

For questions, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378-1531 or dshockey@atlantaregional.org. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews.





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home Tier Map **View Submissions** <u>Login</u> <u>Apply</u>

DRI #3727

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Atlanta

Individual completing form: Monique Forte

Telephone: 470-279-1545

E-mail: mbforte@atlantaga.gov

*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

Proposed Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Sawtell

If yes, property owner: Is the proposed project entirely

located within your local government's jurisdiction?

Location (Street Address, GPS 33.7134, -84.3745 Chosewood Park, Atlanta, GA 30315 Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot

Description):

	residential, retail, and restaurant uses.	-use development will consist of
Development Type:		
(not selected)	Hotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial	Airports	Water Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
Wholesale & Distribution	Attractions & Recreational Facilities	Ontermodal Terminals
Hospitals and Health Care Facili	ties Post-Secondary Schools	Truck Stops
Housing	Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types
Olndustrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, describe	:	
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.): Up to 2,300 residential units and up to 200,000 SF of commercial uses		
Developer:	OZF-Sawtell, LLC	
Mailing Address:	121 W Wacker Drive	
Address 2:	Suite 1000	
	City:Chicago State: IL Zip:60601	
Telephone:	704-750-9125	
Email:	DWelk@origininvestments.com	
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not selected) Yes No	

(not selected) Yes No



GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

DRI Site Map | Contact





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home

Tier Map

Apply

View Submissions

<u>Login</u>

DRI #3727

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Atlanta

Government:

Individual completing form: Monique Forte

Telephone: 470-279-1545

Email: mbforte@atlantaga.gov

Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Sawtell

DRI ID Number: 3727

Developer/Applicant: OZF-Sawtell, LLC

Telephone: 704-750-9125

Email(s): DWelk@origininvestments.com

Additional Information Requested

Has the RDC identified any additional information

required in order to proceed with the official regional

(not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If ves, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No

to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

Economic Development

Estimated Value at Build-Out:

Approximately \$500-700 M

Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be

Approximately \$5.5-6.5 M

generated by the proposed

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed

(not selected) Yes No

project?

Will this development (not selected) Yes No displace any existing uses?

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc): The site currently contains 151,451 SF of industrial warehouse, and 119,451 SF is currently open and generating traffic.

Water Supply

Name of water supply

City of Atlanta

provider for this site: What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.79	
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand the existing water supply capacity:	
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?	
	Wastewater Disposal	
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	City of Atlanta	
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.66	
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing wastewater treatment capacity:	
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, how much additional li	ne (in miles) will be required?	
	Land Transportation	
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	11,530 net daliy trips, 1,164 AM trips, 837 PM trips	
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No	
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	○(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, please describe below	:Please refer to the traffic study that will be performed by Kimley-Horn.	
Solid Waste Disposal		
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	7,465 tons	
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:		
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, please explain:		
Stormwater Management		

What percentage of the site approximately 90% is projected to be impervious surface once the

proposed development has been constructed?		
Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the project's impacts on stormwater management:UTILIZING STORMWATER STORAGE/STORMWATER PLANTERS AND OTHER STORMWATER RUNOFF TECHNIQUES, THE SITE WILL PROVIDE 112,179 CF OF RUNOFF REDUCTION AND 257,800 CF OF CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 74 OF THE ATLANTA CITY CODE. ADDITIONAL MEASURES WILL BE PROVIDED TO ASSURE A REDUCTION IN RUNOFF IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 74-513(d).		
Environmental Quality		
Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:		
Water supply watersheds?	(not selected) Yes No	
Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No	
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No	
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No	
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No	
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No	
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected:		
Back to Top		

GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

DRI Site Map | Contact

SAWTELL DRI City of Atlanta Natural Resources Department Comments November 29, 2022

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Department has identified City and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Water Supply Watersheds

The proposed project is located in the South River Watershed. The South River is not a water supply watershed in the Atlanta Region and no Part 5 Environmental Minimum Planning Criteria for water supply watersheds apply.

Stream Buffers

Neither the USGS coverage for the project area or the submitted site plan show any streams on the project property. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to buffers required under the City of Atlanta Stream Buffer Ordinance as well as the State 25-foot Erosion and Sedimentation Control Buffer. Any unmapped waters of the state on the property will also be subject to the State 25-foot Erosion and Sedimentation Control Buffer.

Stormwater and Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

DRI INFORMATION

DRI Number #3727

DRI Title Sawtell Development

County Fulton County

City (if applicable) Atlanta

Address / Location Intersection of McDonough Blvd SE and Sawtell Ave SE

Proposed Development Type:

A proposal to build a mixed-use project with 2,300 multi-family residential units, 33,800 SF of office space, 27,000 SF of retail, and 61,700 SF of restaurant space on the approximately 40-acre vacant site of the former GM plant at the intersection of Sawtell Avenue and McDonough Blvd. in the Chosewood Park neighborhood of the

City of Atlanta.

Build Out: 2032

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

REVIEW INFORMATION

Prepared by ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Aries Little

Copied Marquitrice Mangham

Date December 7, 2022

TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Kimley-Horn

Date November 1, 2022

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
YES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)
Atlanta Region's Plan; page 12 in the traffic study.
☐ NO (provide comments below)Click here to provide comments.
REGIONAL NETWORKS
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
NO
YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
No Site Driveway provides access via a roadway identified as a Regional Thoroughfare.

03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

X	NO
	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	No Site Driveway provides access via a roadway identified as a Regional Truck Route.

04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

\boxtimes	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)	
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)	
	Operator / Rail Line	
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
		0.10 to 0.50 mile
		0.50 to 1.00 mile
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity

	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	☐ Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

^{*} Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
CST planned within TIP period
CST planned within first portion of long range period
CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

]	NOT APPLICABLE (neare	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)	
]	SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
	Operator(s)	MARTA	
	Bus Route(s)	49	
	Distance*	☑ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
		☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile	
		0.50 to 1.00 mile	
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
	Sidewalks on both	sides of McDonough Boulevard (SR 42) along the entire site frontage.	
	Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity	
		Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
		Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
	* Following the most di	rect feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the	

development site

			provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within development site is located?
	or car cor ser na to en an	prefer not to drive, expand to help reduce traffic congoing mprehensive operations pring the site during the extending the determinent the site is not feasible or sure good walking and by routes within a one mile.	elopments and transit services provide options for people who cannot and economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and gestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a polan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should icycling access accessibility is provided between the development and be radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make a priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
		NO	
	\boxtimes	YES	
N	ИAF	RTA	
00 1	6 a.b.	. dovolo mmont cito ici	thin and mile of an evicting moultiness math or trail meanide information
		e development site is wincessibility conditions.	thin one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information
	wh an or fac	no cannot or prefer not to ad jobs, and can help redu trail is available nearby, cilities is a challenge, the	elopments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people of drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people of drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people of drive, expand the second people of drive, expand the second people of drive, expand the second people of drive, and those of drive, applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
Г	\neg	NOT ADDITION DIE (nogra	est path or trail more than one mile away)
L		YES (provide additional a	
L		Name of facility	The Atlanta Beltline
		Distance	Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)
			0.15 to 0.50 mile
		Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity
			Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
			Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
		Bicycling Access*	Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity

Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets

 Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site
OTHER TRANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
09. Does the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle connections with adjacent parcels?
The ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent arterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
XES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
OTHER (Please explain)
10. Does the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the development site safely and conveniently?
The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site plans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key destinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large acreage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
OTHER (Please explain)

11. Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking

connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?

Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with

the type of development proposed

re op	ne ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently duces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such apportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans thenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
fror	es the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, in the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding id network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is
of ar se	ten key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move round safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.
	YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
	PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)
	NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)
RECOMME	<u>INDATIONS</u>
	the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible naconstructability standpoint?
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)

	NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):
	None at this time.

