

REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: June 28, 2022

TO: Chairperson Laura Semanson, Forsyth County
ATTN TO: Leslie Silas, Planning Manager, Forsyth County

FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: Coal Mountain Industrial Park DRI 3549

Submitting Local Government: Forsyth County

<u>Date Opened</u>: June 9, 2022 <u>Date Closed:</u> June 28, 2022

<u>Description</u>: A DRI Review of a proposal to build approximately 621,000 SF of warehouse space and 15,000 SF of office space in 5 buildings on a 55.4 acre site in unincorporated Forsyth County. The site has been used for agricultural purposes and includes significant floodplain and stream areas.

Comments:

Key Comments

The project site is designated as Developing Suburbs in ARC's Atlanta Region's Plan. The proposed project is not well aligned with the Plan's growth policy recommendation for Developing Suburbs which state: "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned with these recommendations by retaining additional undisturbed areas, minimizing stream buffer intrusions, and utilizing undisturbed areas for conservation purposes.

There are 13 wetland areas and several streams on the site; multiple intrusions into stream buffers are shown and will require variances from Forsyth County.

The project is expected to generate approximately 1,324 daily new car trips; a number of improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the roughly 408 surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

General Comments

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to broadly guide regional development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity for the region. The Plan assigns a relevant growth category designation to all areas in the region and provides corresponding growth policy recommendations for each category.

The site of this DRI is designated in the Plan as Developing Suburbs. The Plan's general information and policy recommendations for Developing Suburbs areas are provided at the end of these comments.

Transportation and Mobility Comments

ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group are attached.

The project is expected to generate approximately 1,324 daily new car trips; a number of improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

A total of 408 parking spaces are provided; no EV charging stations appear to be proposed. Provision of some EV charging spaces would be supportive of regional EV infrastructure goals.

No sidewalks are shown on the site plan. Sidewalks between buildings connecting to a future external sidewalk system or transit opportunities are considered a minimum component of a multi-modal transportation strategy.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease crossing distances for pedestrians.

ARC Natural Resources Comments

ARC's Natural Resource Group full comments are attached. The USGS coverage for the project area and the submitted site plan show one intermittent stream starting on the and flowing to the west. The submitted site plan also shows a tributary to the mapped creek as well as a creek and tributary at the southern edge of the property. The site plan shows the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the Forsyth County's Stream Buffer Ordinance's 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback along all the streams. Six proposed intrusions are noted on the site plans and are identified as variance areas. All show intrusions into the 75-foot setback, the 50-foot buffer, or both, and will require variances from the

County. One identified intrusion will also require a variance for the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer. Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the City stream buffer ordinance, and all waters of the state on the property are subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

Environmental Comments

There are 13 wetland areas and several streams on the site. Multiple intrusions into stream buffers are shown and may require variances. Minimizing stream buffer intrusions, retaining additional wooded area, and creating a plan to utilize undisturbed areas for conservation purposes would be supportive of regional environmental policies

The project can better support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

The Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy: Developing Suburbs

As detailed in ARC's Atlanta Region's Plan, Developing Suburbs are areas in the region where suburban development has occurred, and the conventional development pattern is present but not set. These areas are characterized by residential development with pockets of commercial and industrial development. These areas represent the extent of the urban service area. There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses. Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible. Transportation improvements are needed within these Developing Suburbs, but care should be taken not to spur unwanted growth.

The intensity and land use of the project is not well aligned with the Atlanta Region's Plan recommendations for Developing Suburbs. The project could be made more responsive to these goals and policies by retaining additional undisturbed area, minimizing stream buffer intrusions, and dedicating undisturbed areas for conservation purposes. Forsyth County leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure optimal sensitivity to the needs of nearby local governments, neighborhoods, and natural systems.

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

shockey@atlantare		finding will b		
ttp://atlantaregion	al.org/plan-revie	<u>ws</u> .		





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home <u>Tier Map</u> <u>Apply</u> <u>View Submissions</u> <u>Login</u>

DRI #3549

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Forsyth

Individual completing form: Leslie Silas

Telephone: 770-205-4568

E-mail: ldsilas@forsythco.com

*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

Proposed Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Coal Mountain Industrial Park

Location (Street Address, GPS Lat: 34°16'54.18"; Long: N, 84°4'49.16" W 4095 and 4165 Settingdown Road and Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot 4245 Settingdown C Description):

Description)

Is the proposed project entirely located within your local

government's jurisdiction?

Brief Description of Project: Approximately 621,000 sq. ft. of warehouse space with ancillary office and maintenance space, with an additional approximately 15,000 sq. ft. of small office

space

	space.	
Development Type:		
(not selected)	Hotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial	Airports	Water Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
OWholesale & Distribution	Attractions & Recreational Facilities	Ontermodal Terminals
Hospitals and Health Care Facili	ties Post-Secondary Schools	Truck Stops
OHousing	Waste Handling Facilities	Any other development types
Industrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, describe	:	
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.):	5 buildings, consisting of 636,050 sq. ft.	
Developer:	Tamarack Investments, LLC	
Mailing Address:	417 Green St NW	
Address 2:		
	City:Gainesville State: GA Zip:30501	
Telephone:	404-895-6652	
Email:	rmccaffrey@tamarackinv.com	
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, property owner:	Martin Residuary Trust et al	

(not selected) Yes No

If no, in what additional jurisdictions is the project located?	
Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI?	O(not selected) Yes No
If yes, provide the following information:	Project Name:
The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	Rezoning Variance
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?	○(not selected) Yes No
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?	
	This project/phase: 2023 for 2 buildings Overall project: 2024 for final buildings
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DRI Site Map | Contact





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home

Tier Map

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DRI #3549

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Forsyth

Individual completing form: Leslie Silas

Telephone: 770-205-4568

Email: Idsilas@forsythco.com

Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: Coal Mountain Industrial Park

DRI ID Number: 3549

Developer/Applicant: Tamarack Investments, LLC

Telephone: 404-895-6652

Email(s): rmccaffrey@tamarackinv.com

Additional Information Requested

Has the RDC identified any additional information

required in order to proceed with the official regional

(not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No

to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

Economic Development

Estimated Value at Build-Out:

\$63,500,000

Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be

\$811.000 generated by the proposed

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand created by the proposed

(not selected) Yes No

project?

Will this development

(not selected) Yes No

displace any existing uses?

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

Water Supply

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Forsyth County

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.015 MGD		
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	vailable to serve (not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand the existing water supply capacity:		
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	equired to serve this (not selected) Yes No		
If yes, how much additional I	ine (in miles) will be required?		
	Wastewater Disposal		
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Forsyth County		
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.014 MGD		
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to ea	xpand existing wastewater treatment capacity:		
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, how much additional li	ne (in miles) will be required?0.6 miles		
	Land Transportation		
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	155 vehicle trips per day		
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, please describe below	:		
Solid Waste Disposal			
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	575 tons		
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No		
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:			
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No		
If yes, please explain:			
Stormwater Management			
What percentage of the site	51.2%		

What percentage of the site 51.2% is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?

Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the project's impacts on stormwater management: Stormwater will be controlled and mitigated by using run-off reduction measures, water quality measures, stormwater detention ponds and undisturbed state water buffers.					
	Environmental Quality				
Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:					
Water supply watersheds?	(not selected) Yes No				
2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No				
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No				
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No				
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No				
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No				
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No				
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No				
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: Construction improvements will encroach into 35,369 sq. ft. of stream buffer.					
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regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

DRI INFORMATION

DRI Number #3549

DRI Title Coal Mountain Warehouse DRI Study

County Forsyth County

City (if applicable)

Address / Location The proposed project site is bounded by Martin Road, Settingdown Road, and Church

Street.

Proposed Development Type: The proposed development will include warehouse and office space.

Build Out: 2025

Review Process X EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

REVIEW INFORMATION

Prepared by ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Aries Little

Copied Marquitrice Mangham

Date June 13, 2022

TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Columbia Engineering and Services, Inc.

Date June 9, 2022

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

constrain	raffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally ed RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting area with adjacent jurisdictions?
	provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant cts are identified)
Click her	e to provide comments.
⊠ NO (¢	provide comments below)
	no projects identified in the fiscally constrained RTP within the study area or along the major tion corridors.
REGIONAL NETV	<u>vorks</u>
02. Will the o	levelopment site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?
including places in applicate to main Regional access, Atlanta combin	nal Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, ig walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through the cion of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order train travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that all Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, ed with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of ing the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
□ NO	
XES (i	dentify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	is a total of seven access points proposed, which are located on Martin Rd (1), Settingdown and Church Rd (2). Martin Rd provides direct access to regional thoroughfares SR 9 and SR

03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

ш	110	
\boxtimes	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access poi	nts)

The proposed development will have access to three regional truck routes, which are SR 9, SR 369, and SR 400.

04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

\boxtimes	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)		
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
	Operator / Rail Line		
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line	
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
		0.10 to 0.50 mile	
		0.50 to 1.00 mile	
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
		Th	

	 Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	☐ Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	 Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

^{*} Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
CST planned within TIP period
CST planned within first portion of long range period
CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (neare	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)
SERVICE WITHIN ONE M	ILE (provide additional information below)
Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).
Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).
Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
	☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile
	☐ 0.50 to 1.00 mile
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
* Following the most d	irect feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the

development site

		provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within development site is located?			
or prej can he compr serving nature to the ensure any ro	fer not to drive, expanded in the left of	copments and transit services provide options for people who cannot deconomic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and estion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a lan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to valuation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the samenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should cycling access accessibility is provided between the development and pradius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.			
☐ NO)				
XES	5				
•	County operates with ute bus service.	in the jurisdiction of the proposed development but do not offer rail and			
	 If the development site is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions. 				
who co and jo or trai faciliti	Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.				
5					
_	•	t path or trail more than one mile away)			
	S (provide additional ii	<u>[</u>			
	me of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.			
Dis	tance	Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)			
		0.15 to 0.50 mile			
		0.50 to 1.00 mile			
Wa	alking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity			
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete			
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)			
Bic	ycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity			

Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity

	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed
	* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site
OTHER TRA	ANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
	es the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle nections with adjacent parcels?
ar	te ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent terial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities ould be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	OTHER (Please explain)
	es the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the elopment site safely and conveniently?
re pl de	the ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces beliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site lans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key estinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large creage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
	YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
	PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
	NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
	OTHER (Internal sidewalks are illustrated and are shown to have continuous connectivity to each of the buildings. It appears that the sidewalks will not be on both sides of the road. The section referenced as Pedestrian Safety is written as though it is no grantee that sidewalks and crosswalks will be implemented.)

	oes the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking onnections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?
	The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
12.	oes the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, om the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding pad network?
12.	om the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding
12.	om the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding pad network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways,
12.	om the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding bad network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, sidewalks, paths and other facilities. YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
12.	om the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding pad network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, sidewalks, paths and other facilities. YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical) PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary

RECOMMENDATIONS

13.	Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible from a constructability standpoint?
	UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)
	YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)
	NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):

COAL MOUNTAIN INDUSTRIAL DRI

Forsyth County Natural Resources Group Comments June 13, 2022

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified County and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Watershed Protection

The project property is in the Etowah River Water Supply Watershed, which is a large (greater than 100 square miles) water supply watershed as defined in the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria. The Etowah River has two direct river intakes, one for the City of Canton and a second for the Cobb-Marietta Water Authority to supply the Hickory Log Reservoir which is off the Etowah. Both are in Cherokee County. Under Part 5, the only criteria for large water supply watersheds with direct river (not reservoir) intakes are that new facilities within 7 miles of a water supply intake which handle hazardous materials of the types and amounts determined by the Georgia Department of Natural Resources (DNR), shall perform their operations on impermeable surfaces having spill and leak collection systems as prescribed by DNR. This project is more than 7 miles upstream of the closest intake.

Stream Buffers

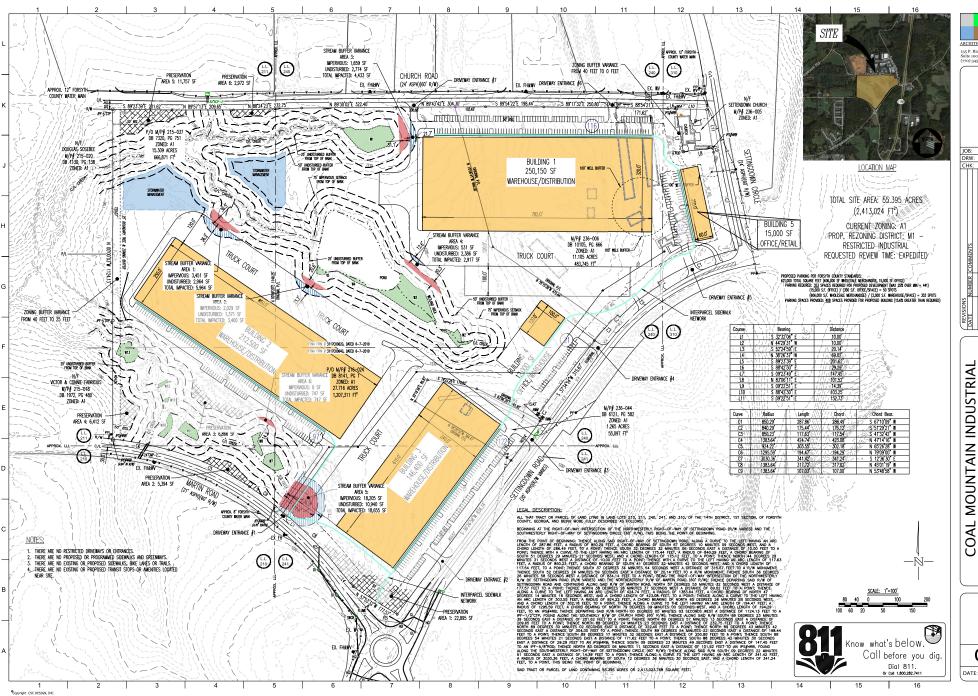
The USGS coverage for the project area and the submitted site plan show one intermittent stream starting on the and flowing to the west. The submitted site plan also shows a tributary to the mapped creek as well as a creek and tributary at the southern edge of the property. The site plan shows the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the Forsyth County's Stream Buffer Ordinance's 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback along all the streams. Six proposed intrusions are noted on the site plans and are identified as variance areas. All show intrusions into the 75-foot setback, the 50-foot buffer, or both, and will require variances from the County. One identified intrusion will also require a variance for the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer. Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the City stream buffer ordinance, and all waters of the state on the property are subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

Storm Water/Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



211, 240 & 241, 14TH DISTRICT FORSYTH COUNTY, GEORGIA

SITE PLAN

