

## **REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING**

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

**DATE**: AUGUST 12, 2022

**TO:** Chairman Alfred John, Forsyth County

ATTN TO: Leslie Silas, Planning Manager, Zoning Division, Forsyth County FROM: Mike Alexander, Director, ARC Center for Livable Communities

**RE:** Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

ARC has completed a regional review of the below DRI. ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: North Georgia 400 Business Park DRI 3618

**Submitting Local Government**: Forsyth County

<u>Date Opened</u>: July 25, 2022 <u>Date Closed:</u> August 12, 2022

<u>Description</u>: A DRI review of a proposal to construct 898,825 SF of warehouse, office and maintenance space across seven buildings on a 75-acre site off of Georgia 400 and Bottoms Road in Forsyth County. The site is currently entirely wooded with several streams traversing it.

#### **Comments:**

#### **Key Comments**

The Atlanta Region's Plan assigns the Developing Suburbs growth management designation to the project site. The project is not well aligned with the Developing Suburbs policy recommendations which state: "There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses." It could be better aligned through retention of some undisturbed areas and by avoiding intrusions into protected steam buffers.

The project is expected to generate approximately 3,957 daily new vehicular trips; a number of improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

Internal sidewalks do not appear to be shown on the site plan; pedestrian connectivity between all buildings and uses will be required in accordance with Forsyth County standards.

The multiple proposed intrusions into stream buffer protection areas are not in keeping with regional environmental policies and will likely require variances.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the roughly 643 surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

#### **General Comments**

The Atlanta Region's Plan, developed by ARC in close coordination with partner local governments, is intended to guide development in the 12-county metro region to ensure that required infrastructure and resources are in place to support continued economic development and prosperity. The Plan assigns a relevant growth management category to all areas – in this case Developing Suburbs – and provides corresponding growth policy recommendations. The Plan's general information and policy recommendations for Developing Suburbs locations are provided at the end of these comments.

#### **Transportation and Mobility Comments**

ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group comments are attached.

The project is expected to generate approximately 3,957 daily new vehicular trips; a number of improvements to mitigate project generated vehicular traffic are identified in the TIS.

A total of 643 parking spaces are proposed; no EV charging stations appear to be included. Provision of some EV parking spaces would be supportive of regional transportation policies.

The site plan does not appear to show Internal sidewalks; pedestrian connectivity between all buildings and uses will be required in accordance with Forsyth County standards. Ideally these sidewalks will be connected to existing or planned external sidewalks.

Care should be taken to ensure that the constructed development provides an interconnected, functional, clearly marked, and comfortable pedestrian experience on all driveways, paths, entrances, and parking areas. To the maximum extent possible, new driveways and intersection corners where pedestrians will cross should be constructed with minimal curb radii to reduce speeds of turning vehicles and decrease crossing distances for pedestrians.

#### **ARC Natural Resources Comments**

ARC's Natural Resources Group comments are attached.

The USGS coverage for the project area shows no blue line streams on the property but does show an intermittent stream and pond just north of the property. The submitted site plan shows the pond and the floodplain for the intermittent stream just off the property. It appears that the project property does not extend into the stream buffers along that stream. The site plan also shows a stream crossing the southern

end of the property near Bottoms Road and a stream segment starting at the western edge of the property and flowing towards Georgia 400. The site plan shows the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the Forsyth County's Stream Buffer Ordinance's 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback along both streams. The only intrusions shown on the plans are transportation crossings. Although generally allowed under local stream buffers ordinances, both crossings are noted as stream buffer variances. One structure appears to be at the edge of the buffer on the short stream segment at the western edge of the property. Any intrusion into the stream buffers caused in the development of this structure will require variances. Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the County stream buffer ordinance and all waters of the state on the property are subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

#### **Environmental Comments**

Much of the existing site is wooded with several streams; retention of some of the existing wooded areas would be desirable and in keeping with regional goals regarding carbon sequestration and climate change/heat island effect mitigation.

The project can support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., in parking areas and site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages.

Incorporation of green stormwater and heat island mitigation designs for the approximately 643 surface car parking spaces proposed would be supportive of regional environmental policies.

#### Atlanta Region's Plan Growth Policy Considerations: Developing Suburbs

The Atlanta Region's Plan identified Developing Suburbs as areas in the region where suburban development has occurred, and the conventional development pattern is present but not set. These areas are characterized by residential development with pockets of commercial and industrial development. These areas represent the extent of the urban service area. There is a need in these areas for additional preservation of critical environmental locations and resources, as well as agricultural and forest uses. Limited existing infrastructure in these areas will constrain the amount of additional growth that is possible. Transportation improvements are needed within these Developing Suburbs, but care should be taken not to spur unwanted growth.

The intensity and land use of this proposed project is not well aligned with The Atlanta Region's Plan recommendations for Developing Suburbs which call for preserving critical environmental locations and resources. The project could be made more responsive to these goals and policies by designating some wooded conservation areas, avoiding stream buffer intrusions, and employing green infrastructure where possible. Forsyth County leadership and staff, along with the applicant team, should collaborate closely to ensure optimal sensitivity to the needs of nearby local governments, neighborhoods, land uses and natural systems.

#### THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
GEORGIA ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE AUTHORITY
CITY OF CUMMING

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCE
GEORGIA REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY
GEORGIA CONSERVANCY
DAWSON COUNTY

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION
FORSYTH COUNTY

For questions regarding this review, please contact Donald Shockey at (470) 378–1531 or <a href="mailto:dshockey@atlantaregional.org">dshockey@atlantaregional.org</a>. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at <a href="http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews">http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews</a>.





#### **Developments of Regional Impact**

DRI Home <u>Tier Map</u> <u>Apply</u> <u>View Submissions</u> <u>Login</u>

#### **DRI #3618**

## DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Government: Forsyth

Individual completing form: Leslie Silas

Telephone: 770-205-4568

E-mail: ldsilas@forsythco.com

\*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

#### **Proposed Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: North Georgia 400 Business Park

Location (Street Address, GPS 5370 Georgia Highway 400, Cumming, GA 30028

Coordinates, or Legal Land Lot Description):

Is the proposed project entirely

located within your local government's jurisdiction?

Brief Description of Project: Warehouses with an ancillary office and maintenance building totaling approximately

725,000 sq. ft.

	,	
Development Type:		
(not selected)	OHotels	Wastewater Treatment Facilities
Office	Mixed Use	Petroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial	Airports	OWater Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
Wholesale & Distribution	OAttractions & Recreational Facilities	Ontermodal Terminals
Hospitals and Health Care Facilitie	s Post-Secondary Schools	OTruck Stops
Housing	OWaste Handling Facilities	Any other development types
Olndustrial	Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, describe:		
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.): 7 buildings, approximately 725,000 sq. ft.		
Developer: FI	at Bottom Ventures LLC	
Mailing Address: 13	303 Hightower Trail	
Address 2: S	uite 240	
С	ity:Atlanta State: GA Zip:30350	
Telephone: 77	70-559-1099	
Email: to	mmy@hughes-cre.com	
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, property owner: G	ainesville Land Group LLC	

O(not selected) Yes No



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**DRI Site Map | Contact** 





#### **Developments of Regional Impact**

**DRI Home** 

Tier Map

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#### **DRI #3618**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information**

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

#### **Local Government Information**

Submitting Local Government: Forsyth

Individual completing form: Leslie Silas

Telephone: 770-205-4568

Email: Idsilas@forsythco.com

#### **Project Information**

Name of Proposed Project: North Georgia 400 Business Park

DRI ID Number: 3618

Developer/Applicant: Flat Bottom Ventures LLC

Telephone: 770-559-1099

Email(s): tommy@hughes-cre.com

#### **Additional Information Requested**

Has the RDC identified any additional information required in order to proceed with the official regional

(not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic

Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided

(not selected) Yes No to your RDC and, if applicable, GRTA?

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

#### **Economic Development**

Estimated Value at Build-

Out:

\$89,882,500

Estimated annual local tax revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be generated by the proposed

\$1,147,948

Is the regional work force

sufficient to fill the demand (not selected) Yes No created by the proposed

project?

Will this development displace any existing uses? (not selected) Yes No

If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

#### **Water Supply**

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Forsyth County

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.0213	
Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	O(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to e	expand the existing water supply capacity:	
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	○(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, how much additional 0.3 miles	line (in miles) will be required?	
	Wastewater Disposal	
Name of wastewater		
treatment provider for this site:  What is the estimated	Forsyth County	
sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.0199	
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	(not selected) Yes No	
If no, describe any plans to e	expand existing wastewater treatment capacity:	
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	○(not selected)  Yes  No	
If yes, how much additional li	ine (in miles) will be required?0.34 Miles	
	Land Transportation	
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	695 PM Peak Hour (266 inbound, 429 outbound)	
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	(not selected) Yes No	
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	○(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, please describe below:1) Install traffic signal SR 400 at Bottoms Rd. 2) Install left-turn lane on Bottoms Rd to site driveway. 3) Install right-turn lane on SR 400 to site driveway.		
Solid Waste Disposal		
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	817	
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	○(not selected)  Yes  No	
If no, describe any plans to expand existing landfill capacity:		
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	(not selected) Yes No	
If yes, please explain:		
Stormwater Management		
What percentage of the site 52 97%		

What percentage of the site 52.97% is projected to be impervious surface once the

proposed development has been constructed?		
Describe any measures proposed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the project's impacts on stormwater management:Stormwater will be controlled and mitigated by using run-off reduction measures, water quality measures, stormwater attenuation measures within stormwater ponds. All measures will be designed using the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual.		
Environmental Quality		
Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:		
Water supply watersheds?	(not selected) Yes No	
2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	(not selected) Yes No	
3. Wetlands?	(not selected) Yes No	
4. Protected mountains?	(not selected) Yes No	
5. Protected river corridors?	(not selected) Yes No	
6. Floodplains?	(not selected) Yes No	
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected:		
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DRI Site Map | Contact



regional impact + local relevance

## **Development of Regional Impact**

### **Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan**

#### **DRI INFORMATION**

DRI Number #3618

**DRI Title** North Georgia 400 Business Park

**County** Forsyth County

City (if applicable)

Address / Location At the intersection of Bottoms Road and GA- 400

Proposed Development Type: A warehousing development is proposed, and it is anticipated to include seven

buildings totaling 898,825 sf.

Build Out: 2028

Review Process EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

#### **REVIEW INFORMATION**

**Prepared by** ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Aries Little

**Copied** Marquitrice Mangham

**Date** July 11, 2022

#### TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Lowe Engineers

**Date** June 3, 2022

## REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
YES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)
Click here to provide comments.
NO (provide comments below)
There are no projects identified within or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area.
REGIONAL NETWORKS
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
□ NO
XES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
The development site is directly served by regional thoroughfare GA-400.

#### 03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

	NO
$\boxtimes$	YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)
	Regional Truck Route GA-400 will serve the project site.

# 04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

$\boxtimes$	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)	
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)	
	Operator / Rail Line	
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line
	Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
		0.10 to 0.50 mile
		0.50 to 1.00 mile
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete

	<ul> <li>Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)</li> </ul>
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	☐ Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	☐ Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	<ul> <li>Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)</li> </ul>
	Click here to provide comments.

<sup>\*</sup> Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
CST planned within TIP period
CST planned within first portion of long range period
CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (neares	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)	
SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).	
Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).	
Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
	☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile	
	0.50 to 1.00 mile	
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
	Click here to provide comments.	
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity	
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	

Does a transit agency which provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within the jurisdiction in which the development site is located?
Access hetween major develonments and transit services provide ontions for people who cannot

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a comprehensive operations plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to serving the site during the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the nature of the development is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and any routes within a one mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make these connections a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

∑ NO
YES
There is no rail or fixed route bus service provided within the jurisdiction of the development site

08. If the development site is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest path or trail more than one mile away)		
YES (provide additional information below)		
Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.	
Distance	☐ Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)	
	0.15 to 0.50 mile	
	0.50 to 1.00 mile	
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity	
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
Bicycling Access*	☐ Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity	
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity	
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
	Th. = 0.	

	<ul> <li>Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site</li> </ul>
09. Do	ANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS  es the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle inections with adjacent parcels?
aı	the ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent reterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities abould be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)  YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)  NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)  OTHER ( Please explain)
	es the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the relopment site safely and conveniently?
re p d	he ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces eliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site lans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key estinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large creage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
	YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
	PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
	NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
	OTHER (Based on a review of the site plan and Section 5.1.6 of the TIS, there are no sidewalks referenced and the developer will work with the county regarding required pedestrian facilities.)

Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with

the type of development proposed

re o <sub>k</sub>	ne ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently duces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such apportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans thenever possible.
	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
se	ound safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.  YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for avoiding and transported from other users to the outent practical).
	for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)  PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary
$\boxtimes$	walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)  NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)
	very low track volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible,
COMME	NDATIONS
13. Do	

	XES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)
	NO (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
14.	. Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?
	NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)
	YES (see comments below)
	Click here to enter text.
15.	ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):

#### NORTH GEORGIA 400 BUSINESS PARK DRI

# Forsyth County Natural Resources Group Comments July 11, 2022

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified County and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

#### **Watershed Protection**

The project property is in the Etowah River Water Supply Watershed, which is a large (greater than 100 square miles) water supply watershed as defined in the DNR Part 5 Water Supply Watershed Minimum Criteria. The Etowah River has two direct river intakes, one for the City of Canton and a second for the Cobb-Marietta Water Authority to supply the Hickory Log Reservoir which is off the Etowah. Both are in Cherokee County. Under Part 5, the only criteria for large water supply watersheds with direct river (not reservoir) intakes are that new facilities within 7 miles of a water supply intake which handle hazardous materials of the types and amounts determined by the Georgia Department of Natural Resources (DNR), shall perform their operations on impermeable surfaces having spill and leak collection systems as prescribed by DNR. This project is more than 7 miles upstream of the closest intake.

#### **Stream Buffers**

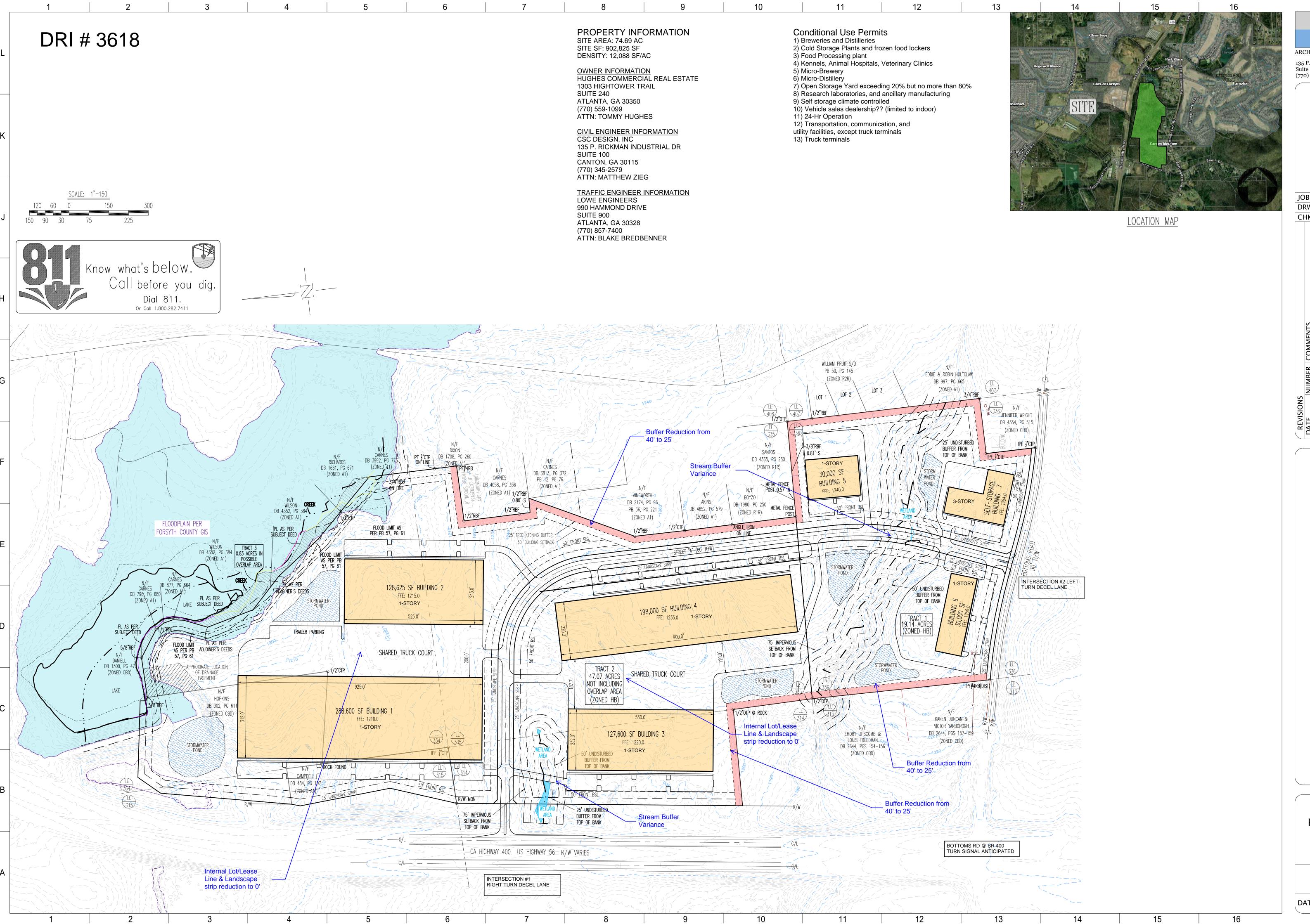
The USGS coverage for the project area shows no blue line streams on the property, but does show an intermittent stream and pond just north of the property. The submitted site plan shows the pond and the floodplain for the intermittent stream just off the property. It appears that the project property does not extend into the stream buffers along that stream. The site plan also shows a stream crossing the southern end of the property near Bottoms Road and a stream segment starting at the western edge of the property and flowing towards Georgia 400. The site plan shows the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer as well as the Forsyth County's Stream Buffer Ordinance's 50-foot stream buffer and 75-foot impervious setback along both streams. The only intrusions shown on the plans are transportation crossings. Although generally allowed under local stream buffers ordinances, both crossings are noted as stream buffer variances. One structure appears to be at the edge of the buffer on the short stream segment at the western edge of the property. Any intrusion into the stream buffers caused in the development of this structure will require variances. Any unmapped streams on the property may also be subject to the County stream buffer ordinance and all waters of the state on the property are subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

#### **Storm Water/Water Quality**

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (<a href="www.georgiastormwater.com">www.georgiastormwater.com</a>) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

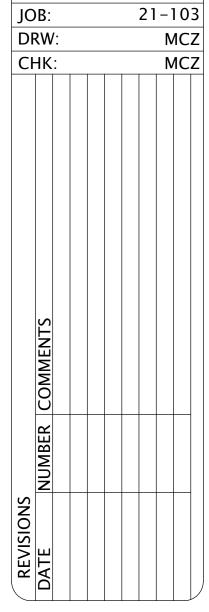
During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



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REZONING PLAN

DATE: 05/31/2022