

REGIONAL REVIEW FINDING

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

DATE: July 22, 2021 **ARC REVIEW CODE**: R2107062

TO: Chairwoman Lisa Cupid, Cobb County

ATTN TO: Jeannie Peyton, Senior Planner

FROM: Douglas R. Hooker, Executive Director, ARC

RE: Development of Regional Impact (DRI) Review

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ragh R. Hok

The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) has completed a regional review of the following Development of Regional Impact (DRI). ARC reviewed the DRI's relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This final report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the host local government.

Name of Proposal: White Road Site DRI #3341
Submitting Local Government: Cobb County

Review Type: DRI **Date Opened**: July 6, 2021 **Date Closed**: July 21, 2021

<u>Description</u>: A Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review of a proposal to build two distribution warehouses on a 41-acre site in unincorporated Cobb County on White Road, about 3,000 feet north of Riverside Parkway. Two buildings totaling 569,160 SF are proposed. The nearest state routes are Interstate 20 at Riverside Parkway and Thornton Road (SR 6) at Riverside Parkway or Switch Way. The applicant is seeking expedited GRTA review based on generating fewer than 1,000 trips. The local trigger action is a Land Disturbance Permit. The existing zoning is Heavy Industrial. Expected buildout is one phase in 2022.

<u>Comments:</u> According to the Unified Growth Policy Map, this project is located in the Developed/Established Suburbs of the region. General policy recommendations for this area, as well as Industrial & Logistics Areas, are listed at the end of these comments.

This DRI manifests certain aspects of regional policy. It offers the potential for efficiencies and connectivity in intraregional, interregional and interstate freight movement given its access to Thornton Road/SR 6 to the south and I-20 to the north. It also generally follows regional recommendations for similar projects.

The DRI proposes two distribution warehouses in an existing industrial area and is expected to generate fewer than 1,000 new daily trips, qualifying it for expedited review by the Georgia Regional Transportation Authority (GRTA). Under new GRTA review rules enacted in April 2021, the applicant prepared a memorandum focusing on potential impacts of Heavy Vehicles, which require different design considerations for local roadways. That memo documents anticipated project impacts on existing pavement

conditions, roadway and lane widths, and curb radii. It also identifies locations for truck staging and overflow, which is a frequent issue raised by other local governments for similar projects around the region. Additional comments from ARC's Transportation Access & Mobility Group are attached.

In addition, ARC encourages the applicant team to ensure that the development promotes a functional, safe, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all streets, paths and parking areas on the site. This framework can offer the potential for safe internal site circulation for employees on foot or by another alternative mode.

The project can further support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design, e.g., pervious pavers, rain gardens, vegetated swales, etc., throughout the site in general, in parking areas, on site driveways, and as part of any improvements to site frontages. Additional comments from ARC's Natural Resources Group are attached. They note that the project property is in the Chattahoochee River watershed but is outside the 2,000–foot Chattahoochee River Corridor and therefore is not subject to the requirements of the Metropolitan River Protection Act or the Chattahoochee Corridor Plan.

Further to the above, Developed/Established Suburbs are generally areas of development that occurred after 1970 to around 1995 and are projected to remain suburbs through 2040. General policy recommendations include:

- New development should connect to the existing road network and adjacent developments and use of cul-de-sacs or other means resulting in disconnected subdivisions should be discouraged
- Maximize the usefulness of existing recreational facilities in addition to providing new recreational opportunities
- Eliminate vacant or under-utilized parking areas through mechanisms such as out-parceling or conversion to community open space
- Use rain gardens, vegetated swales or other enhanced water filtration design to enhance the quality of stormwater run-off
- Identify other opportunities to foster a sense of community by developing town centers, village centers or other places of centralized location

Because these recommendations don't fully address the proposed project in a largely industrial location, policy recommendations for Regional Industrial & Logistics Areas are provided below. As a strategic economic sector, the region should strive to protect these areas and ensure they are well served by the regional transportation network. This area will see increased job growth in the form of industrial and logistics space. Strategies are needed to avoid residential and industrial conflicts while still allowing both uses in proximity to each other, without limiting the operations of industrial land users.

- Protect Industrial and Logistics Areas by not allowing conflicting land uses in the vicinity
- Identify key areas to preserve for freight and industrial uses
- Continue to promote Industrial and Logistics Areas as a major resource in recruiting future economic development prospects to the region
- Ensure the continued efficiency of cargo and freight transport with easy connectivity to trucking and shipping routes through the region

THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ARC COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
ARC RESEARCH & ANALYTICS
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
COBB COUNTY

ARC TRANSPORTATION ACCESS & MOBILITY ARC AGING & HEALTH RESOURCES GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DOUGLAS COUNTY

ARC NATURAL RESOURCES
GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
SRTA/GRTA

If you have any questions regarding this review, please contact Andrew Smith at (470) 378–1645 or asmith@atlantaregional.org. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews.





Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home Tier Map **Apply View Submissions** <u>Login</u>

DRI #3341

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to determine if the project appears to meet or exceed applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information.

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Cobb

Individual completing form: Jeannie Peyton

Telephone: 770-528-2022

E-mail: jeannie.peyton@cobbcounty.org

*Note: The local government representative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herein. If a project is to be located in more than one jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local government in which the largest portion of the project is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.

Proposed Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: White Road Site

Location (Street Address, Latitude: 33.761 Longitude: -84.577 GPS Coordinates, or Legal

Land Lot Description):

Brief Description of Project: The site is located east of Bob White Road in the vicinity of Village Drive. It is an industrial development on 41-acres of land, consisting of two Industrial warehouse buildings that total 569,160 SF.

information: Project ID:

	3	,	
Development Type:			
(not selected)		OHotels	OWastewater Treatment Facilities
Office		Mixed Use	OPetroleum Storage Facilities
Commercial		○Airports	OWater Supply Intakes/Reservoirs
OWholesale & Distribution		OAttractions & Recreational Facilities	OIntermodal Terminals
OHospitals and Health Care	Facilities	Post-Secondary Schools	○Truck Stops
OHousing		OWaste Handling Facilities	OAny other development types
•Industrial		Quarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, de	scribe:		
Project Size (# of units, floor area, etc.):	569,160	SF Warehouse	
Developer:	Strategio	Real Estate Partners (Kevin Casteel)	
Mailing Address:	3715 No	rthside Parkway	
Address 2:	Building	400, Suite 425	
	City:Atla	nta State: GA Zip:30327	
Telephone:	706-576	-1549	
Email:	kcasteel	@strategicpartners.com	
Is property owner different from developer/applicant?	(not se	lected)@YesONo	
If yes, property owner:	John Wil	liams, Mountain Reserve, LLC, and Ba	rry Wood
Is the proposed project entirely located within your local government's jurisdiction?	(not s	elected)®Yes©No	
If no, in what additional jurisdictions is the project located?			
Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI?	○(not se	elected) Yes No	
If yes, provide the following	Project N	Name:	

The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	□Sewer
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?	ℂ(not selected)ℂYes®No
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?	
	This project/phase: Project Overall project: 2022
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Developments of Regional Impact

DRI Home

Tier Map

Apply

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Thank you for submitting your application. The DRI Application Number is 3341. To view the application at any time, you can go to http://apps.dca.ga.gov/DRI/AppSummary.aspx?driid=3341. Please contact your RDC if you have any questions or need to change any of the information on this form.

DRI #3341

DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Additional DRI Information

This form is to be completed by the city or county government to provide information needed by the RDC for its review of the proposed DRI. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers and Thresholds for more information

Local Government Information

Submitting Local Government: Cobb

Individual completing form: Jeannie Peyton

Telephone: 770-528-2022

Email: jeannie.peyton@cobbcounty.org

Project Information

Name of Proposed Project: White Road Site

DRI ID Number: 3341

Developer/Applicant: Strategic Real Estate Partners (Kevin Casteel)

Telephone: 706-576-1549

Email(s): kcasteel@strategicpartners.com

Additional Information Requested

Has the RDC identified any additional information required in order to proceed
with the official regional (not selected) Yes No

review process? (If no, proceed to Economic Impacts.)

If yes, has that additional information been provided to your RDC and, if applicable,

(not selected) Yes No

If no, the official review process can not start until this additional information is provided.

Economic Development

Estimated Value at Build-

\$55,000,000

Estimated annual local tax

development:

revenues (i.e., property tax, sales tax) likely to be generated by the proposed

\$700,000

Is the regional work force sufficient to fill the demand

(not selected) Yes No

created by the proposed project?

Will this development displace any existing uses? (not selected) Yes No If yes, please describe (including number of units, square feet, etc):

Water Supply

Name of water supply provider for this site:

Cobb County

What is the estimated water supply demand to be generated by the project,

measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?

0.05 MGD

Is sufficient water supply capacity available to serve the proposed project?	○(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	expand the existing water supply capacity:
Is a water line extension required to serve this project?	○(not selected)○Yes No
If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?
	Wastewater Disposal
Name of wastewater treatment provider for this site:	Cobb County
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	0.04 MGD
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	◯(not selected)®Yes◯No
If no, describe any plans to e	expand existing wastewater treatment capacity:
Is a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	◯(not selected)⊚Yes ◯No
If yes, how much additional li	ine (in miles) will be required?0.32
	Land Transportation
How much traffic volume is expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	944 new daily trips (94 net AM trips, 96 net PM trips)
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be needed to serve this project?	◯(not selected)®Yes◯No
Are transportation improvements needed to serve this project?	○(not selected)®Yes○No
If yes, please describe below	r.To be determined in traffic impact study
	Solid Waste Disposal
How much solid waste is the project expected to generate annually (in tons)?	
Is sufficient landfill capacity available to serve this proposed project?	◯(not selected) Yes No
If no, describe any plans to e	expand existing landfill capacity:
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	◯(not selected)◯Yes⊚No
If yes, please explain:	
	Stormwater Management
What percentage of the site	
is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?	57.6
project's impacts on stormwa	osed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the ater management. One wet detention pond is being proposed to mitigate the development's perment. A proprietary device is also being proposed to meet local stormwater requirement of
	Environmental Quality

Is the development located within, or likely to affect any of the following:

Water supply watersheds?	◯(not selected)◯Yes⊚No		
Significant groundwater recharge areas?	◯(not selected)◯Yes⊚No		
3. Wetlands?	○(not selected) • Yes ○ No		
4. Protected mountains?	○(not selected) ○Yes No		
5. Protected river corridors?	O(not selected) Yes No		
6. Floodplains?	O(not selected) OYes ® No		
7. Historic resources?	O(not selected) OYes ® No		
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	(not selected) Yes No		
If you answered yes to any question above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: Proposed development will impact a stream, and associated wetlands on site. The proposed impacts have been submitted for individual permit and stream buffer variance			
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WHITE ROAD SITE DRI Cobb County

Natural Resources Group Review Comments May 25, 2021

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified City and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

Watershed Protection

The project property is located in the portion of the Chattahoochee River watershed drains into the Chattahoochee River Corridor, but it is not within the 2000-foot Chattahoochee River Corridor and is not subject to the requirements of the Metropolitan River Protection Act or the Chattahoochee Corridor Plan. This portion of the watershed drains into the Chattahoochee downstream of the existing public water supply intakes on the Chattahoochee. However, proposed intakes in South Fulton and Coweta County would include this portion of the Chattahoochee River watershed as a large water supply watershed (over 100 square miles), as defined under the Part 5 Criteria of the 1989 Georgia Planning Act. However, for large water supply watersheds without a water supply reservoir, the only applicable Part 5 requirements are restrictions on hazardous waste handling, storage and disposal within seven miles upstream of a public water supply intake. This property is more than seven miles upstream of the nearest proposed public water supply intake.

Stream Buffers

The USGS coverage for the project area no tributary streams on the property. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to the requirements of the Cobb County Stream Buffer Ordinance. Any unmapped waters of the State on the property may subject to the 25-foot State Erosion and Sedimentation Act buffers.

Stormwater/Water Quality

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (www.georgiastormwater.com) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

Development of Regional Impact

Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

DRI INFORMATION

DRI Number #3341

DRI Title White Road

County Cobb County

City (if applicable) N/A

Address / Location North of Village Drive along White Road

Proposed Development Type:

It is proposed to develop two distribution warehouses, which totals 569,160 square

feet of industrial space, on an industrial site approximately 41-acres.

Build Out: 2022

Review Process X EXPEDITED

NON-EXPEDITED

REVIEW INFORMATION

Prepared by ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division

Staff Lead Aries Little

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Date July 6, 2021

TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by Kimley-Horn

Date June 30, 2021

REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?
XES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)
On page 6 of the Methodology Package, a list of programmed projects was provided. The projects are not within the study area; however, the projects are on major transportation corridors surrounding the project area.
☐ NO (provide comments below)
REGIONAL NETWORKS
02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?
A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.
NO
The development site is not directly served by a Regional Thoroughfare. However, there are surrounding thoroughfares that could be used to access the development site. These thoroughfares are Riverside Parkway, Thornton Road, and I-20.
YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)

03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

⊠ NO	
Although the development site is not directly served by a Regional Truck Route, there are thr routes surrounding the site: SR 6, SR 70, and I-20.	·ee
YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)	

04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

\bowtie	NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)		
	RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
	Operator / Rail Line		
	Nearest Station	Click here to enter name of operator and rail line	

Distance*	Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)
	☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile
	0.50 to 1.00 mile
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

^{*} Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

05. If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

	NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
	NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
\boxtimes	NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
	YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
	CST planned within TIP period
	CST planned within first portion of long range period
	CST planned near end of plan horizon
Click	k here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)		
SERVICE WITHIN ONE M	ILE (provide additional information below)	
Operator(s)	Click here to enter name of operator(s).	
Bus Route(s)	Click here to enter bus route number(s).	
Distance*	☐ Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
	☐ 0.10 to 0.50 mile	
	0.50 to 1.00 mile	
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
	Click here to provide comments.	
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity	
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity	
	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
* Following the most d	irect feasible walking or hicycling route to the negrest point on the	

development site

		provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within development site is located?
or cal col sei na to en	prefer not to drive, expar n help reduce traffic cong mprehensive operations p rving the site during the e ture of the development of the site is not feasible or sure good walking and bi y routes within a one mile	clopments and transit services provide options for people who cannot and economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and destion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a colan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should cycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make a priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.
	NO YES	
MAI	RTA and CobbLinc operate	es within the jurisdiction and there is a SRTA Xpress route nearby.
	e development site is wi	thin one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information
Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.		
	·	st path or trail more than one mile away)
	YES (provide additional i	·
	Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.
	Distance	Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)
		0.15 to 0.50 mile
		0.50 to 1.00 mile
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Bicycling Access*	Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity

Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity

	Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed
	* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site
	Ithough there are no trails or sidewalks within a mile of the development, the site plans do illustrate 5ft. wide sidewalk along the property's frontage.
OTHER T	RANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
	oes the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle onnections with adjacent parcels?
	The ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent arterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.
Γ	YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
	YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
	NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
	OTHER (Please explain)
	oes the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the evelopment site safely and conveniently?
	The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site plans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key destinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large acreage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.
	YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
	PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
	NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
	NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
	OTHER (Please explain)

There are no proposed bicycle improvements. The internal proposed sidewalks will be adjacent to the buildings only.

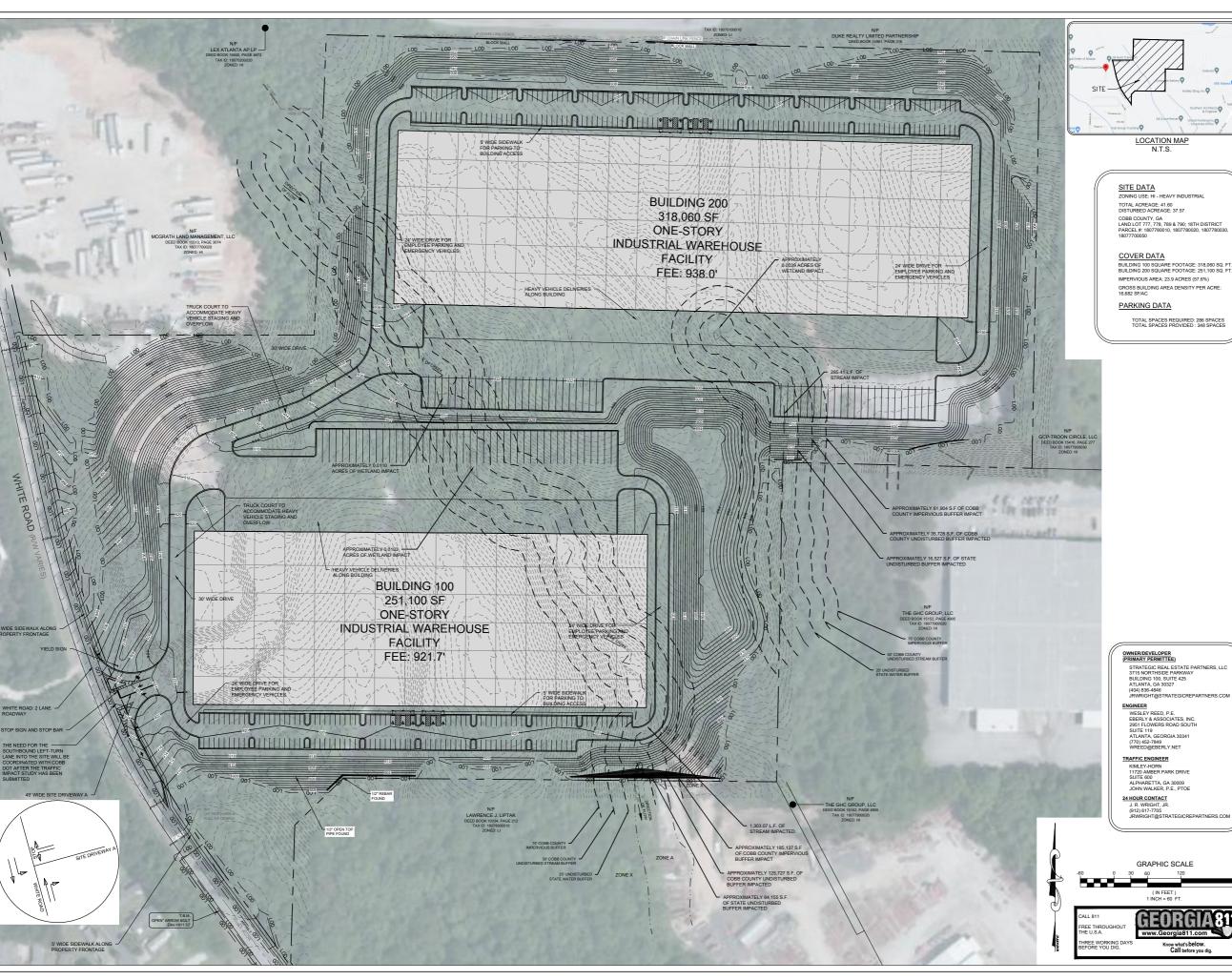
11.	Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking
	connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?

	rec	The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.					
		YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)					
		YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)					
_		NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)					
		NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)					
	NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)						
		NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)					
12.	 Does the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, from the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding road network? The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be 						
	1	gregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, dewalks, paths and other facilities.					
	\boxtimes	YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)					
		PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)					
		NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)					
		NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)					

Although there is a proposed truck court to accommodate heavy vehicle staging and overflow, it appears that one of truck courts could potentially impact the site's driveway.

RECOMMENDATIONS

13. Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible from a constructability standpoint?							
UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)							
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)							
☐ NO (see comments below)							
Click here to enter text.							
14. Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?							
$oxed{oxed}$ NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)							
YES (see comments below)							
Click here to enter text.							
15. ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):							





TEL770.452.7849 FAX770.452.0086 2951 FLOWERS ROAD SOUTH, STE ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30341 WWW.EBERLY.NET

LAND PLANNING

CIVIL ENGINEERING

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE



TOTAL SPACES REQUIRED: 286 SPACES TOTAL SPACES PROVIDED: 348 SPACES

SCT: DRI NUMBER: 33
STRATEGIC WEST
LOGISTICS CENTER

LAND LOT 778, 789 & 790 - 18TH DIS COBB COUNTY, GEORGIA

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GRADING PLAN

PROJECT NO.

20-075

SHEET NO.

C4.0