

# **REGIONAL REVIEW NOTIFICATION**

Atlanta Regional Commission • 229 Peachtree Street NE | Suite 100 | Atlanta, Georgia 30303 • ph: 404.463.3100 fax: 404.463.3205 • atlantaregional.org

**DATE**: Dec. 17, 2020

#### ARC REVIEW CODE: R2012171

TO:Chairman Phillip BeardATTN TO:Kim Wolfe, City Clerk/PlannerFROM:Douglas R. Hooker, Executive DirectorRE:Development of Regional Impact Review

L R. Hok

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The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) has completed a preliminary regional review of the following Development of Regional Impact (DRI). ARC reviewed the DRI with regard to its relationship to regional plans, goals and policies – and impacts it may have on the activities, plans, goals and policies of other local jurisdictions as well as state, federal and other agencies. This preliminary report does not address whether the DRI is or is not in the best interest of the local government.

Name of Proposal: Kilburn-Gravel Springs Road (DRI #3213)Review Type: DRISubmitting Local Government: City of BufordDate Opened: Dec 17 2020Deadline for Comments: Jan. 1, 2021Date to Close: Jan. 4, 2021

**Description:** A Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review of a proposed project to build two warehouse/distribution buildings totaling 958,896 SF in the City of Buford. The 90-acre site is located off Gravel Springs Road (SR 324) north of I-85. Proposed access would be a new driveway on Gravel Springs Road and one on Brown Road. The local trigger is a proposed annexation from unincorporated Gwinnett County into the City of Buford. This project is seeking expedited review from GRTA for limited trip generation. Expected buildout is 2022.

<u>PRELIMINARY COMMENTS</u>: According to the ARC Unified Growth Policy Map (UGPM), part of The Atlanta Region's Plan, this DRI is in a Developing Suburbs area. ARC's Regional Development Guide (RDG) details recommended policies for areas and places on the UGPM. General RDG information and recommendations for Developing Suburban areas are listed at the bottom of these comments. In addition, we have listed recommendations for Regional Industrial & Logistics Areas.

This DRI manifests certain aspects of regional policy. It offers the potential for efficiencies and connectivity in intraregional, interregional and interstate freight movement given its accessibility to I–85, I–985, Buford Drive (US23/SR20), Gravel Springs Road (SR 324), and the future Sugarloaf Parkway Extension, which will pass directly to the south of the DRI site, although direct access is unlikely. US23/SR20 is also defined by ARC as a Strategic Truck Route. Although this location is not currently considered an Industrial & Logistics Area in The Atlanta Region's Plan, the growing number of distribution/warehouse facilities in the area requires considering these logistical issues.

The project can further support The Atlanta Region's Plan in general by incorporating other aspects of regional policy, including green infrastructure and/or low-impact design best practices throughout the site in general, in parking areas, on site driveways, in stormwater detention facilities, and as part of any improvements to site frontages. Additional comments from ARC's Natural Resources Group are attached. They note that portions of the site plan conflicting with the headwaters of the easternmost stream on the property may require a variance under the City's stream buffer ordinance and the state's Sediment and Erosion Control ordinance.

In addition, ARC encourages the applicant team to ensure that the development promotes a functional, safe, clearly marked and comfortable pedestrian experience on all proposed driveways, paths and parking areas on the site. During the Pre-Review meeting held on Dec. 7, 2020, ARC and GRTA staff advised that a sidewalk should be built on Brown Road from the project's eastern entrance to the next property line. This is contained in GRTA's conditions.

The DRI's site design should provide sufficient truck parking to prevent trucks from queuing or waiting on any adjacent or nearby roads. Trucks parking in and along public roadways – typically while waiting for an available dock at a nearby facility – is an identified issue in many areas of the region that negatively impacts roadway operations, safety and congestion. Signage and other measures to ensure drivers use the appropriate freight routes should be emphasized.

This project is located in a character area defined as "Office/Professional" in the Buford 2040 comprehensive plan, and described as "properties that accommodate businesses that do not provide a product directly to customers on the premises, or do not as a primary activity involve manufacturing, storage, or distribution." The "Industrial/Commercial" character area lies farther to the east in what is now unincorporated Gwinnett County around the future I-85 interchange at Gravel Springs Road. The following guidance is offered for Industrial/Commercial areas:

These areas should also be aesthetically pleasing with high-quality design elements such as superior building materials, landscaping, and buffering from residential and other less intensive land uses. Steps should be taken to ensure that new industrial development within the city is green and does not have negative impacts on Buford's environmental quality.

The underlying area for this location falls under the Developing Suburban category of the Unified Growth Policy Map. They are areas of residential development that were constructed from around 1995 to today and are projected to remain suburbs through 2040. Recommendations include:

- New development should connect to the existing road network and adjacent developments and use of cul-de-sacs or other means resulting in disconnected subdivisions should be discouraged
- Maximize the usefulness of existing recreational facilities in addition to providing new recreational opportunities
- Eliminate vacant or under-utilized parking areas through mechanisms such as out-parceling or conversion to community open space
- Use rain gardens, vegetated swales or other enhanced water filtration design to enhance the quality of stormwater run-off

• Identify other opportunities to foster a sense of community by developing town centers, village centers or other places of centralized location

These don't fully address the relevant issues with this DRI, so the following RDG recommendations are offered from the Regional Industrial & Logistics section, defined as areas that will see increased job growth in the form of industrial and logistics space. Strategies are needed to avoid residential and industrial conflicts while still allowing both uses in proximity to each other, without limiting the operations of industrial land users. Recommendations include:

- Protect Industrial and Logistics Areas by not allowing conflicting land uses in the vicinity
- Identify key areas to preserve for freight and industrial uses
- Continue to promote Industrial and Logistics Areas as a major resource in recruiting future economic development prospects to the region
- Ensure the continued efficiency of cargo and freight transport with easy connectivity to trucking and shipping routes through the region

#### THE FOLLOWING LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND AGENCIES RECEIVED NOTICE OF THIS REVIEW:

ARC COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ARC RESEARCH & ANALYTICS GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES CITY OF SUGAR HILL GEORGIA MOUNTAINS REGIONAL COMMISSION ARC TRANSPORTATION ACCESS & MOBILITY ARC AGING & HEALTH RESOURCES GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CITY OF SUWANEE ARC NATURAL RESOURCES GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS GWINNETT COUNTY HALL COUNTY

If you have any questions regarding this review, please contact Greg Giuffrida at (470) 378–1531 or <u>ggiuffrida@atlantaregional.org</u>. This finding will be published to the ARC review website located at <u>http://atlantaregional.org/plan-reviews</u>.



Individual Completing Form:

#### DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT REQUEST FOR COMMENTS

Instructions: The project described below has been submitted to this Regional Commission for review as a Development of Regional Impact (DRI). A DRI is a development of sufficient scale or importance that it is likely to generate impacts beyond the jurisdiction in which the project is located, for example in adjoining cities or neighboring counties. We would like to consider your comments on this proposed development in our DRI review process. Therefore, please review the information about the project included in this packet and offer your comments in the space provided. The completed form should be returned to ARC on or before the specified return deadline.

Preliminary Findings of the RDC: Kilburn-Gravel Springs Road (DRI #3213) See the Preliminary Report.

Comments from affected party (attach additional sheets as needed):

Local Government:	Comments must be emailed to: Greg Giuffrida
Department:	Atlanta Regional Commission <u>ggiuffrida@atlantaregional.org</u> Ph. (470) 378-1531
Telephone: ( )	Return Date: Jan. 1, 2021
Signature:	
Date:	

#### ARC STAFF NOTICE OF REGIONAL REVIEW AND COMMENT FORM

DATE: Dec. 17, 2020

#### ARC REVIEW CODE: R2012171

**TO:** ARC Group Managers **FROM:** Greg Giuffrida, 470-378-1531

# Reviewing staff by Jurisdiction: Community Development: Giuffrida, Greg Transportation Access and Mobility: Little, Aries Natural Resources: Santo, Jim Research and Analytics: Skinner, Jim Aging and Health Resources: Perumbeti, Katie Perumbeti, Katie

Name of Proposal: Kilburn-Gravel Springs Road (DRI #3213)

**<u>Review Type:</u>** Development of Regional Impact

**Description:** A Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review of a proposed project to build two warehouse/distribution buildings totaling 958,896 SF in the City of Buford. The 90-acre site is located off Gravel Springs Road (SR 324) north of I-85. Proposed access would be a new driveway on Gravel Springs Road and one on Brown Road. The local trigger is a proposed annexation from unincorporated Gwinnett County into the City of Buford. This project is seeking expedited review from GRTA for limited trip generation. Expected buildout is 2022.

Submitting Local Government: City of Buford

Date Opened: Dec. 17, 2020

Deadline for Comments: Jan. 1, 2021

Date to Close: Jan. 4, 2021

#### **Response:**

- 1)  $\Box$  Proposal is CONSISTENT with the following regional development guide listed in the comment section.
- 2) □ While neither specifically consistent nor inconsistent, the proposal relates to the following regional development guide listed in the comment section.

#### **COMMENTS:**

(Georgeorgeorgeorgeorgeorgeorgeorgeorgeorg	gia <sup>®</sup> Department of Affairs	
	Developments of Regional Impact	
DRI Home	<u>Tier Map Apply View Submissions Logout</u>	
DRI #3213 This form is to be completed by the cit the project appears to meet or exceed Thresholds for more information.	DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL IMPACT Initial DRI Information y or county government to provide basic project information that will allow the RDC to deterr applicable DRI thresholds. Refer to both the Rules for the DRI Process and the DRI Tiers	nine if and
	Local Government Information	
Submitting Local Government		
Individual completing form	770-945-6761	
	: kwolfe@cityofbuford.com	
project is to be located in more than or	tative completing this form is responsible for the accuracy of the information contained herei re jurisdiction and, in total, the project meets or exceeds a DRI threshold, the local governm is to be located is responsible for initiating the DRI review process.	
	Proposed Project Information	
	Kilburn/Gravel Springs Road	
Location (Street Address, GP Coordinates, or Legal Land Lc Description)		
Brief Description of Project	Proposed 2 building industrial development with a total of 958,896 sf of buildings on approximately 89 acres.	
Development Type: O(not selected) OOffice OCommercial OWholesale & Distribution OHospitals and Health Care Facilities OHousing @Industrial	OHotelsOWastewater Treatment FacilitiesOMixed UseOPetroleum Storage FacilitiesOAirportsOWater Supply Intakes/ReservoirsOAttractions & Recreational FacilitiesOIntermodal TerminalsOPost-Secondary SchoolsOTruck StopsOWaste Handling FacilitiesOAny other development typesOquarries, Asphalt & Cement Plants	
If other development type, describe:		
Project Size (# of units, floor area etc.)		
Developer	Kilburn Commercial Properties, LLC	
	3131 Piedmont Road	
Address 2	Cit Atlanta	
Telephone	City: Atlanta State: GA Zip: 30305	
Emai		
Is property owner different from developer/applicant		
	ACM Satilla LN V, LLC	
Is the proposed project entirely locate within your local government' jurisdiction	○(not selected)®Yes◯No	
If no, in what additional jurisdictions i the project located Is the current proposal a continuation or expansion of a previous DRI If yes, provide the following	C(not selected)⊖Yes®No	

information:	Project Name:
	Project ID:
The initial action being requested of the local government for this project:	Rezoning Variance Connect Sewer Connect Water Permit Other
Is this project a phase or part of a larger overall project?	⊖(not selected)⊖Yes®No
If yes, what percent of the overall project does this project/phase represent?	
Estimated Project Completion Dates:	This project/phase: July 2022 Overall project: July 2022
Save Updates to Submitted For	m Save without Submitting Cancel
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You are logged in to the DRI Website as ggiuffrida . | Change Password | Go to Applications Listing

GRTA DRI Page | ARC DRI Page | RC Links | DCA DRI Page

DRI Site Map | Contact



Is a water line extension required to serve this	ິ(not selected)ິYes®No
project? If yes, how much additional	line (in miles) will be required?
	Wastewater Disposal
Name of wastewater	Wastewater Disposa
treatment provider for this site:	Gwinnett County Department of Public Utilities
What is the estimated sewage flow to be generated by the project, measured in Millions of Gallons Per Day (MGD)?	.025 MGD
Is sufficient wastewater treatment capacity available to serve this proposed project?	ି(not selected)≋YesିNo
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing wastewater treatment capacity:
ls a sewer line extension required to serve this project?	ି(not selected)≋ YesିNo
	ne (in miles) will be required?Estimated at +/5 miles
	Land Transportation
How much traffic volume is	
expected to be generated by the proposed development, in peak hour vehicle trips per day? (If only an alternative measure of volume is available, please provide.)	143 in the PM Peak Hour (39 in, 104 out),1560 daily trips
Has a traffic study been performed to determine whether or not transportation or access improvements will be	⊂(not selected) Yes⊂No
needed to serve this project? Are transportation	
improvements needed to serve this project?	C (not selected)
	Improvements identified for are widening Brown Rd from the site driveway to SR 324, site frontage and a dedicated left turn lane.
	Solid Waste Disposal
How much solid waste is the	
project expected to generate annually (in tons)? Is sufficient landfill capacity	250 tons
available to serve this proposed project?	ິ(not selected)⊜YesິNo
If no, describe any plans to e	xpand existing landfill capacity:
Will any hazardous waste be generated by the development?	ິ(not selected)ິYes≋No
lf yes, please explain:	
	Stormwater Management
What percentage of the site is projected to be impervious surface once the proposed development has been constructed?	approximately 40%
	osed (such as buffers, detention or retention ponds, pervious parking areas) to mitigate the ter management: The project will be designed under the Georgia Blue book storm water ment of TSS.
	Environmental Quality
Is the development located w	vithin, or likely to affect any of the following:
1. Water supply	
watersheds?	○(not selected)○Yes●No

2. Significant groundwater recharge areas?	⊂(not selected)⊂Yes  No	
3. Wetlands?	ິ(not selected)◎ YesິNo	
4. Protected mountains?	◯(not selected)◯Yes®No	
5. Protected river corridors?	⊖(not selected)⊃Yes®No	
6. Floodplains?	◯(not selected)◯Yes No	
7. Historic resources?	(not selected) Yes No	
8. Other environmentally sensitive resources?	⊂(not selected) <sup>¬</sup> Yes®No	
	uestion above, describe how the identified resource(s) may be affected: impacted with offsite mitigation.	
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DRI Site Map | Contact

# N|V|5

November 24, 2019

Andrew Spiliotis State Road & Tollway Authority 245 Peachtree Center Avenue, Suite 2200, Atlanta, GA 30303 Telephone: 404-893-6171 Email: aspiliotis@srta.ga.gov

Re: Expedited Review Request for DRI #3213 Kilburn Commercial Development in Buford, GA

Dear Andrew,

An expedited DRI review is requested for the planned 958,896 square feet warehouse/distribution use in two (2) buildings will be located west of the Brown Rd and south of Gravel Springs Rd/SR 324 to be annexed into the City of Buford, Gwinnett County, Georgia. The new development will have two (2) driveways, one on SR 324 and one on Brown Rd. The project will be developed in a single phase by 2022.

According to GRTA's Procedures and Principles for DRI Review, the proposed DRI complies with the Expedited Review Criteria in Section 3-102, Part B – Limited Trip Generation, which states "...the land uses within the proposed DRI are such that the amount of trips generated by the development is likely to have minimal impact on the road network." Complying with:

2. More than one thousand (1,000) but no more than 3,000 gross daily trips generated by the DRI...

The proposed DRI is projected to generate 1,560 daily and 122 PM peak hour weekday trips...The data and methodology from the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation, 9th Edition determined the trip generation shown in the following table:

			Project Trips	
Warehouse Distribution Center (150 LUC)		Total	Inbound	Outbound
Personal Vehicles	Daily	1,138	569	569
	AM Peak Hour	122	101	21
	PM Peak Hour	143	27	95
Trucks	Daily	422	211	211
	AM Peak Hour	18	7	11
	PM Peak Hour	21	12	9
Total Trips Generated	Daily	1,560	780	780
	AM Peak Hour	140	108	32
	PM Peak Hour	143	39	104

Developer Applicant Contact: G. Scott Kilburn, Kilburn Commercial Properties, LLC (404-665-1010) Site Engineer: Daniel Wintermeyer, Urban Engineers (404.873.5874) Traffic Engineering Contact: Randall Parker/John Karnowski, NV5 (770.316.1452/678.795.3607)

Sincerely,

Candary Cofficke

Randall Parker PTP PTOE PE cc: John Karnowski, Naveed Jaffar, NV5

1255 Canton Street, Suite G | Roswell, GA 30075 | www.NV5.com | Office 678.795.3600 | Fax 678.461.3494 CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE - INFRASTRUCTURE - ENERGY - PROGRAM MANAGEMENT - ENVIRONMENTAL

#### KILBURN COMMERCIAL GRAVEL SPRINGS ROAD DRI City of Buford Natural Resources Group Comments December 15, 2020

While ARC and the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District have no regulatory or review authority over this project, the Natural Resources Group has identified County and State regulations that could apply to this property. Other regulations may also apply that we have not identified.

#### **Watershed Protection**

The proposed project is in the Suwanee Creek Watershed, which in turn is within Chattahoochee Corridor watershed. The project site is not within the Chattahoochee River Corridor and is not subject to Corridor Plan requirements. It is the water supply watershed portion of the Chattahoochee River watershed, which is also a large water supply watershed (over 100 square miles), as defined under the Part 5 Criteria of the 1989 Georgia Planning Act. For large water supply watersheds without a water supply reservoir, the only applicable Part 5 requirements are restrictions on hazardous waste handling, storage and disposal within seven miles upstream of a public water supply intake.

#### **Stream Buffers**

The USGS coverage for the project area does not show any blue line streams on or near the property. T project site plan shows three streams starting within the property and flowing towards the north and northwest. All three streams show 50-foot stream buffers and 75-foot impervious setbacks that appear to be consistent with the City of Buford's stream buffer ordinance, as well as the 25-foot State Sediment and Erosion Control buffer. The site plan shows a proposed driveway crossing the buffers at the headwaters of the easternmost stream and portions the entrance to truck bays, a parking lot and part of one building over a portion of one of the streams on the west side of the property. This construction may require a variance under the City's stream buffer ordinance and the State's Sediment and Erosion Control ordinance. Any unmapped streams on the property may be subject to the City's stream buffer ordinance, and all waters of the state on the property are subject to the State 25-foot Sediment and Erosion Control buffer.

#### **Stormwater/Water Quality**

The project should adequately address the impacts of the proposed development on stormwater runoff and downstream water quality.

During the planning phase, the stormwater management system (system) should meet the requirements of the local jurisdiction's post-construction (or post-development) stormwater management ordinance. The system should be designed to prevent increased flood damage, streambank channel erosion, habitat degradation and water quality degradation, and enhance and promote the public health, safety and general welfare. The system design should also be in accordance with the applicable sections of the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual (<u>www.georgiastormwater.com</u>) such as design standards, calculations, formulas, and methods. Where possible, the project should use stormwater better site design practices included in the Georgia Stormwater Management Manual, Volume 2, Section 2.3.

During construction, the project should conform to the relevant state and federal erosion and sedimentation control requirements.



regional impact + local relevance

### **Development of Regional Impact** Assessment of Consistency with the Regional Transportation Plan

#### **DRI INFORMATION**

DRI Number	#3213	
DRI Title	Kilburn Commercial Development	
County	Gwinnett County	
City (if applicable)	City of Buford	
Address / Location	Western quadrant of the intersection of gravel Springs Rd/SR 324 and Browns Rd in Gwinnett County	
Proposed Development Type: A Development of Regional Impact (DRI) review of a proposed project to build two warehouse/distribution buildings totaling 958,896 SF in the City of Buford. The 90-acc site is located off Gravel Springs Road (SR 324) north of I-85. Proposed access would be a new driveway on Gravel Springs Road and one on Brown Road. The local trigger is a proposed annexation from unincorporated Gwinnett County into the City of Buford. This project is seeking expedited review from GRTA for limited trip generation. Build Out : 2022		
<b>Review Process</b>	EXPEDITED	
	NON-EXPEDITED	
REVIEW INFORMATION		
Prepared by	ARC Transportation Access and Mobility Division	
Staff Lead	Aries Little	
Copied	Marquitrice Mangham	
Date	December 16, 2020	

#### TRAFFIC STUDY

Prepared by	Kilburn Commercial Properties
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#### **REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN PROJECTS**

01. Did the traffic analysis incorporate all projects contained in the current version of the fiscally constrained RTP which are within the study area or along major transportation corridors connecting the study area with adjacent jurisdictions?

YES (provide the regional plan referenced and the page number of the traffic study where relevant projects are identified)

NO (provide comments below)

There were no projects identified in the RTP within or near the proposed project site.

#### **REGIONAL NETWORKS**

#### 02. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Thoroughfares?

A Regional Thoroughfare is a major transportation corridor that serves multiple ways of traveling, including walking, bicycling, driving, and riding transit. It connects people and goods to important places in metropolitan Atlanta. A Regional Thoroughfare's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Thoroughfares serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Thoroughfare, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

NO

YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)

The proposed access points will be located at Brown Road and SR/324/Gravel Springs Road, which SR 324/Gravel Springs Road is identified as a regional thoroughfare.

Date

#### 03. Will the development site be directly served by any roadways identified as Regional Truck Routes?

A Regional Truck Route is a freeway, state route or other roadway which serves as a critical link for the movement of goods to, from and within the Region by connecting airports, intermodal/multimodal facilities, distribution and warehousing centers and manufacturing clusters with the rest of the state and nation. These facilities often serve a key mobility and access function for other users as well, including drivers, bicyclists, pedestrians and transit users. A Regional Truck Route's operations should be managed through application of special traffic control strategies and suitable land development guidelines in order to maintain travel efficiency, reliability, and safety for all users. In light of the special function that Regional Truck Routes serve in supporting cross-regional and interjurisdictional mobility and access, the network receives priority consideration for infrastructure investment in the Metro Atlanta region. Any access points between the development and a Regional Truck Route, combined with the development's on-site circulation patterns, must be designed with the goal of preserving the highest possible level of capacity and safety for all users of the roadway.

#### NO 🔀

#### YES (identify the roadways and existing/proposed access points)

Per the ASTRoMaP, SR 324/Gravel Springs Rd and Brown Rd are not identified as a regional truck route.

# 04. If the development site is within one mile of an existing rail service, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest station more than one mile away)

RAIL SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)
---

Operator / Rail Line

**Nearest Station** 

#### Click here to enter name of operator and rail line

Distance\* Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)

 0.10 to 0.50 mile

 0.50 to 1.00 mile

 Walking Access\*

 Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity

 Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete

	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity
	Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
	Route follows high volume and/or high speed streets
	Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Transit Connectivity	Fixed route transit agency bus service available to rail station
	Private shuttle or circulator available to rail station
	No services available to rail station
	Not applicable (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
	Click here to provide comments.

\* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

**05.** If there is currently no rail transit service within one mile of the development site, is nearby rail service planned in the fiscally constrained RTP?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and expansion plans are being considered in the general vicinity of the development site, the agency should give consideration to how the site can be best served during the evaluation of alignments and station locations. Proactive negotiations with the development team and local government(s) are encouraged to determine whether right-of-way within the site should be identified and protected for potential future service. If direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) are encouraged to ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and the future rail line. These improvements should be considered fundamental components of the overall transit expansion project, with improvements completed concurrent with or prior to the transit service being brought online.

- ] NOT APPLICABLE (rail service already exists)
- NOT APPLICABLE (accessing the site by transit is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
- NO (no plans exist to provide rail service in the general vicinity)
  - YES (provide additional information on the timeframe of the expansion project below)
    - CST planned within TIP period
    - CST planned within first portion of long range period
    - CST planned near end of plan horizon

Click here to provide comments.

06. If the development site is within one mile of fixed route bus services (including any privately operated shuttles or circulators open to the general public), provide information on walking and bicycling accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce congestion. If a transit service is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and the nearest station is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the connection a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.			
$\boxtimes$	NOT APPLICABLE (neare	st bus, shuttle or circulator stop more than one mile away)	
	SERVICE WITHIN ONE MILE (provide additional information below)		
Operator(s) Gwinnet County Transit		Gwinnet County Transit	
	Bus Route(s)	411, 413 and 414	
	Distance*	Within or adjacent to the development site (0.10 mile or less)	
		0.10 to 0.50 mile	
		🔀 0.50 to 1.00 mile	
	Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete	
		Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	
		Click here to provide comments.	
	Bicycling Access*	Dedicated paths, lanes or cycle tracks provide sufficient connectivity	
		Low volume and/or low speed streets provide sufficient connectivity	
		Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets	
		Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed)	

\* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

07. Does a transit agency which provides rail and/or fixed route bus service operate anywhere within the jurisdiction in which the development site is located?

Access between major developments and transit services provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If a transit agency operates within the jurisdiction and a comprehensive operations plan update is undertaken, the agency should give consideration to serving the site during the evaluation of future routes, bus stops and transfer facilities. If the nature of the development is amenable to access by transit, walking or bicycling, but direct service to the site is not feasible or cost effective, the transit agency and local government(s) should ensure good walking and bicycling access accessibility is provided between the development and any routes within a one mile radius. The applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make these connections a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NO

🖂 YES

Gwinnett County Bus Transit commuter express route (Route 101/Zone 2) park and ride is the closest to the proposed project area.

08. If the development site is within one mile of an existing multi-use path or trail, provide information on accessibility conditions.

Access between major developments and walking/bicycling facilities provide options for people who cannot or prefer not to drive, expand economic opportunities by better connecting people and jobs, and can help reduce traffic congestion. If connectivity with a regionally significant path or trail is available nearby, but walking or bicycling between the development site and those facilities is a challenge, the applicable local government(s) is encouraged to make the route a funding priority for future walking and bicycling infrastructure improvements.

NOT APPLICABLE (nearest path or trail more than one mile away)

YES (provide additional information below)

Name of facility	Click here to provide name of facility.
Distance	Within or adjacent to development site (0.10 mile or less)
	0.15 to 0.50 mile
	0.50 to 1.00 mile
Walking Access*	Sidewalks and crosswalks provide connectivity
	Sidewalk and crosswalk network is incomplete
	Not applicable (accessing the site by walking is not consistent with the type of development proposed)
Bicycling Access*	Dedicated lanes or cycle tracks provide connectivity

Low volume and/or low speed streets provide connectivity
Route uses high volume and/or high speed streets
Not applicable (accessing the site by bicycling is not consistent with the type of development proposed

\* Following the most direct feasible walking or bicycling route to the nearest point on the development site

#### **OTHER TRANSPORTATION DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS**

**09.** Does the site plan provide for the construction of publicly accessible local road or drive aisle connections with adjacent parcels?

The ability for drivers and bus routes to move between developments without using the adjacent arterial or collector roadway networks can save time and reduce congestion. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.

- YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
- YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
- NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
- OTHER ( Please explain)

## **10.** Does the site plan enable pedestrians and bicyclists to move between destinations within the development site safely and conveniently?

The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move within the site safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Development site plans should incorporate well designed and direct sidewalk connections between all key destinations. To the extent practical, bicycle lanes or multiuse paths are encouraged for large acreage sites and where high volumes of bicyclists and pedestrians are possible.

- YES (sidewalks provided on all key walking routes and both sides of roads whenever practical and bicyclists should have no major issues navigating the street network)
  - PARTIAL (some walking and bicycling facilities are provided, but connections are not comprehensive and/or direct)
- NO (walking and bicycling facilities within the site are limited or nonexistent)
- NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development does not lend itself to internal walking and bicycling trips)
  - OTHER ( Please explain)

**11.** Does the site plan provide the ability to construct publicly accessible bicycling and walking connections with adjacent parcels which may be redeveloped in the future?

The ability for walkers and bicyclists to move between developments safely and conveniently reduces reliance on vehicular trips, which has congestion reduction and health benefits. Such opportunities should be considered and proactively incorporated into development site plans whenever possible.

- YES (connections to adjacent parcels are planned as part of the development)
- YES (stub outs will make future connections possible when adjacent parcels redevelop)
- NO (the development site plan does not enable walking or bicycling to/from adjacent parcels)
- NO (the site plan precludes future connections with adjacent parcels when they redevelop)
- NOT APPLICABLE (adjacent parcels are not likely to develop or redevelop in the near future)
- NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development or adjacent parcels does not lend itself to interparcel walking and bicycling trips)
- 12. Does the site plan effectively manage truck movements and separate them, to the extent possible, from the flow of pedestrians, bicyclists and motorists both within the site and on the surrounding road network?

The ability for delivery and service vehicles to efficiently enter and exit major developments is often key to their economic success. So is the ability of visitors and customers being able to move around safely and pleasantly within the site. To the extent practical, truck movements should be segregated by minimizing the number of conflict points with publicly accessible internal roadways, sidewalks, paths and other facilities.

- YES (truck routes to serve destinations within the site are clearly delineated, provide ample space for queuing and turning around, and are separated from other users to the extent practical)
- PARTIAL (while one or more truck routes are also used by motorists and/or interface with primary walking and bicycling routes, the site plan mitigates the potential for conflict adequately)
- NO (one or more truck routes serving the site conflict directly with routes likely to be used heavily by pedestrians, bicyclists and/or motorists)
- NOT APPLICABLE (the nature of the development will not generate a wide variety of users and/or very low truck volumes, so the potential for conflict is negligible)

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

**13.** Do the transportation network recommendations outlined in the traffic study appear to be feasible from a constructability standpoint?

UNKNOWN (additional study is necessary)

YES (based on information made available through the review process; does not represent a thorough engineering / financial analysis)

NO (see comments below)

Click here to enter text.

14. Is ARC aware of any issues with the development proposal which may result in it being opposed by one or more local governments, agencies or stakeholder groups?

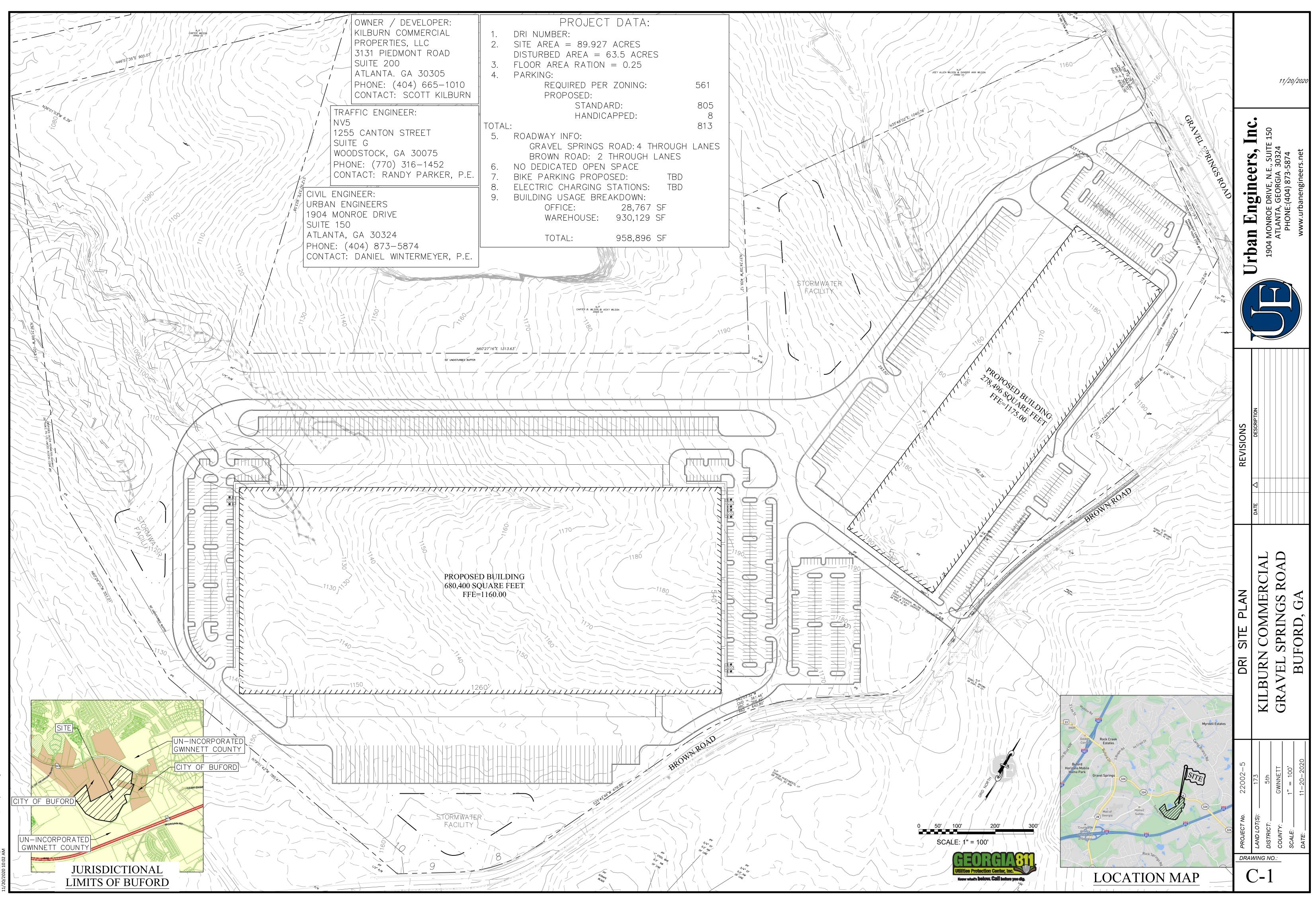
NO (based on information shared with ARC staff prior to or during the review process; does not reflect the outcome of an extensive stakeholder engagement process)

YES (see comments below)

Click here to enter text.

**15.** ARC offers the following additional comments for consideration by the development team and/or the applicable local government(s):

None



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